The New-York Times.

VOL. XIII—NO 3957.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MAY 30, 1864.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

GRANT'S MARCH.

A New Base.

A NEARER VIEW OF RICHMOND.

THE LAST FLANK MOVEMENT.

Secresy, Precision and Success.

Details from Our Special Correspondent.

FURTHER FROM THE ARMY IN GEORGIA.

Gen. Sherman Making Steady Progress.

[OFFICIAL.]

WASHINGTON, Saturday, May 28—9:50 P. M.

Major-Gen. Dix:

An official dispatch from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, at Mongohick Church, ten miles from Hanovertown, dated yesterday afternoon, 5 P. M., has just been received. It states that our army was withdrawn to the north side of the North Anna, Thursday night, and moved toward Hanovertown, the place designated for crossing the Pamunky. At 9 o'clock Friday morning, Sheridan, with the First and Second Divisions of cavalry, took possession of Hanover Ferry and Hanovertown, finding there only a rebel vedette. The First Division of the Sixth Corps arrived at 10 A. M., and now hold the place with sufficient force of cavalry, infantry and artillery to resist any attack likely to be made upon him. The remainder of the corps is pressing forward with rapidity. Weather fine.

A later dispatch, dated at 7 o'clock this morning, (28th,) from headquarters, Mongohick Church, has also been received. It reports that everything goes on finely; weather clear and cool; the troops came up rapidly, and in great spirits; and that the army will be beyond the Pamunky by noon. Breckinridge is at Hanover Court-house, with a force variously reported at from three thousand to ten thousand. Wickham's and Lomax's brigades of cavalry are also there. The dispatch further states, that after seizing Hanover Ferry, yesterday, Gen. Torbert captured seventy-five cavalry, including six officers; that the rebel cavalry is exceedingly demoralized, and flees before ours on every occasion.

A dispatch from Gen. Sherman, May 28, 6 A. M., near Dallas, reports that the enemy, discovering his move to turn Altoona, moved to meet our forces at Dallas. Our columns met the enemy about one mile east of the Pumpkinvine Creek, and we pushed them back about three miles, to the point where the roads fork to Atlanta and Marietta. Here Johnston has chosen a strong line, and made hasty but strong parapets of timber and earth. Gen. Sherman's right is at Dallas; the centre about three miles north. The country is densely wooded and broken; no roads of any consequence. We have had many sharp encounters, but nothing decisive.

No dispatches from any other field of operations have been received to-day.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

[Mongohick Church, which Secretary Stanton mentions, is at the Cross roads on Mehixen Creek, in King William County, and is ten miles north of Hanovertown, on the Pamunky. It is on Grant's line of march eastward from the North Anna to the Pamunky.]

DETAILS OF THE LATEST FLANK MOVEMENT.

From our Special Correspondent.

NEAR THE PAMUNKY RIVER,
Friday, May 27—3 A. M.

Last night the Army of the Potomac recrossed the North Anna and began another flanking movement, now in progress, and destined to oust the rebels from another stronghold. After effecting the passage of the river on Monday and Friday, of which I gave you the full details in my letter of Wednesday, the army was pushed forward across the Virginia Central Railroad for the purpose of feeling the position and strength of the enemy. The reconnoissance of Wednesday, continued yesterday, determined that Lee was in full force and holding a powerful position in our immediate front, somewhat in advance of Little River. It happened, too, that not only was the nature of the ground very favorable to him, but he had gained a position tactically of the greatest advantage. As you already know, the point at which Hancock crossed the river at the railroad bridge, is separated by an interval of about four miles from the point at which the corps of Warren and Wright made the passage at Jericho Ford. The enemy had thrown his centre forward so as to form a line of battle in the shape of the letter V, the apex abutting on the river. Minor reconnoissances developed that the right flank of Lee's army rested on a swamp, its left on Little River, which covered a good portion of his line. This position the rebels have passed every hour since they arrived here in fortifying, and if driven from this they had the elaborately prepared line of the South Anna to fall back upon.

In this state of facts the Commanding-General determined on a repetition of the same strategy by which he had forced Lee from the lines of Spottsylvania.

Gen. Grant has as little idea as you can imagine of butting his head against prepared works, consequently he resolved to repass the North Anna, swing round to the left over the Pamunky and leave Lee to enjoy all the benefit of his prepared line in which he would be glad *to* have him stay as long as possible. Accordingly, yesterday afternoon, preparations were made to carry this design into execution.

To call off the attention of the enemy, a demonstration was made on our extreme right. The cavalry corps having returned from its great raid, Wilson's division was sent up on the enemy's left, while Wilcox, with Cohorn mortars, opened from the north bank, and at dark the withdrawal of this army was begun—the Sixth Corps leading, followed by the other corps—a strong skirmish line meanwhile being left. Hancock, who had the advance in the forward movement, now brings up the rear. It was designed to make the withdrawal secret, and it seems to have been a success, as not even a picket shot was fired during the night, and nothing met the ear in the midnight air save the low rumble of the wagons across the bridges and the muffled tread of moving columns.

The onward march continues at this hour, and the head of the column will probably soon reach the Pamunky, crossing the river at Hanover town, not the Court-house, you will observe. To-day's work will, it is hoped, plant this army on the direct road to Richmond, and fifteen miles from the long desired spot. But what the military developments of the day may be, and how they will affect the immediate and ultimate upshot of things, it is impossible, and would be vain, for me to attempt to anticipate.

SWINTON.

Further Reports of the Flank Movement.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 29.

A *Republican* extra of this afternoon contains the following: "Details of advices from the field of operations in Virginia down to Friday have been received. Lee occupied one of his strongest positions on the north bank of the Little River; his guns within reach of the North Anna. In consequence of the natural law of the land which he occupied, he was clearly master of the situation, but evidently didn't know it. On Thursday Warren made a bold attack upon Lee's left, while Wright with the Sixth Corps completely destroyed the railroad to Gordonsville for ten miles, burning the sleepers and heating and twisting the rails. Hancock, who was on Gen. Wright's right, made a feint movement to join ——, under Wright, on the left of the enemy, but instead of doing so, he suddenly wheeled to the right, threw his whole corps to the north side of the North Anna, followed by Warren, Wright and others, Burnside guarding the fords. The army moved down to a point on the Pamunky, as described by the Secretary of War in his bulletin, occupying a position on Saturday morning at least twenty-five miles nearer Richmond than on Friday, entirely flanking Lee.

This is one of the boldest and most splendid achievements made by Grant during the war. He never had a doubt that he could have assaulted and carried Lee's works on Little River; but it would have cost a great sacrifice of human life. He chose a more strategic and humane mode of defeating Lee."

It appears from the rolls of the Medical Director that twenty-eight thousand men have been sent to hospitals from battle-fields in the present campaign. About two thousand of the number are not wounded, but sick. A considerable number are rebel wounded. As there was but little artillery used in the engagement between Grant and Lee, the proportion of serious cases is unusually small, and a large number of the wounded will be able to return to the field in a few weeks.

THE NINTH ARMY CORPS.

Crossing the North Anna River by Gen. Crittenden's Division—The Repulse of Gen. Ledlie's Brigade.

From Our Own Correspondent.

OXFORD FORD, NORTH ANNA RIVER,
Wednesday, May 25, 1864.

Just here, two miles west of the railway bridge across the North Anna, the river is seventy-five yards wide and three or four feet deep at the ford, with a rocky bottom. A steep descent of twenty-five or thirty feet leads down to the ford, across which the southern bank rises precipitously about two hundred feet. This bank is heavily wooded, and has been intrenched by the rebels. It is a strong position, and, as Gen. Wilcox told me, will prove a slaughter pen to our men if we attempt to cross directly in front. We shall, therefore, probably flank the position, and compel the rebels to evacuate it.

Between 1 and 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 24th, Gen. Crittenden, with the first division of the Ninth Corps, advanced to the river half a mile above the ford. Descending to the bed of the river through the woods, his troops waded across with difficulty over the rocks and through the swift-running water. Their passage was scarcely opposed, as the skirmishers of the Fifth Corps, which had crossed the day before at an upper ford, were in partial possession of the southern bank. The First Brigade, Brig.-Gen. Ledlie, led the advance, the Tenth Regulars being in the van, followed by the Thirty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, Fifty-seventh and Fifty-ninth Massachusetts, and the Fourth Regulars. The Thirty-fifth immediately deployed as skirmishers, and were supported by the Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh in line of battle. The remaining regiments formed the second supporting line. Four or five hundred yards from the river the brigade met the enemy's skirmishers. These were slowly but steadily driven back up the steep southern bank and through the woods to the edge of the open field. Then, with loud cheers, which I heard at the log cabin where I was staying, half a mile distant from the river, our troops charged into the field. But immediately, from a concealed battery of four or six guns, the rebels opened a terrible fire of grape and canister. It was too fierce to be resisted, and the brigade took refuge in the wood at the side of the field, and in a ravine close by. Here they halted nearly a hour, sheltered from the battery, but exposed to the musketry fire of the enemy. Then, in the height of a thunder shower, the rebels in their turn charged upon us and drove us back toward the river—meeting there the other brigade of the division, which had just crossed. Four hundred and fifty of the brigade are killed, wounded or missing. Among the latter are three of Gen. Ledlie's Aids, Choate, Cross and Crecy. The brave Lieut.-Col. Chandler, of the Fifty-Seventh Massachusetts, had his arm shot off, and fell into the hands of the rebels. Lieut. Atchison, of the Fourth Regulars, was shot through the left fore-arm. Capt. Monroe, Fifty-ninth Massachusetts, had a narrow escape from death. A bullet struck him on the top of the head, but glanced, inflicting a slight wound in the scalp. Lieut. Swords, of the same regiment, was also wounded. Lieut. Burrall was killed. I do not know whether the fault of this movement rests with Gen. Crittenden or Gen. Ledlie, but fault there is somewhere. Toward the close of the day the rebels fired missiles of various sorts, as if their shot were nearly expended. I saw to-day, in the hospital, a soldier who had been shot through the leg with the point of a bayonet, four inches long. It had remained in the wound, and he had with his own hands pulled it out. Another was shot with a ramrod, others with iron slugs.

During the night the Provisional Brigade attached to this division, and especially the Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, performed an enormous amount of labor. They worked until daybreak, by which time they had built a corduroy bridge across the North Anna, just below an old dam, and had raised a strong breastwork of pine logs to protect the crossing. They had also began a road, over which the artillery of the division could be drawn. "By George," said a stout fellow to me, resting on his spade, "this sort of work beats haying all hollow."

The Third Division of the Corps under Gen. Wilcox, has made no attempt to cross the North Anna. The ford is easily passable, but the height beyond could be carried, if carried at all, only by great and useless sacrifices of our men. Half a mile from the river, however, the batteries of the Seventh Maine, Capt. Twitchell, and of the Thirty-fourth New-York, Capt. Romer, have been posted, twelve guns in all, and distant not more than 1,000 yards from the enemy's works on the opposing heights. The rebels have used but little artillery. While I was in the battery of Capt. Twitchell, they fired but two shots, one passing within a few yards of the place where I stood with Gen. Wilcox. The flame and smoke from the two guns from which these shots were fired, were plainly seen by us all, and upon the spot our battery instantly concentrated its fire with superb accuracy.

In the middle of the river is a small island, of which our sharpshooters have taken possession. The crack of their and the enemy's rifles is incessant; yet it seems to be generally confessed that the aim of the rebel sharpshooters is better than our own. The poor whites of the South maintain themselves in part by hunting, and have acquired not only accuracy of aim, but great skill in protecting their bodies and in circumventing their opponents. But to-day our pickets are in great glee over the capture of four rebel sharpshooters. These had shot a cow on our side of the river, and with matchless impudence, at a favorable moment, swam across the river to get their prize. They were, however, seen and taken prisoners, and were marched up to headquarters in their shirts and drawers.

The loss of this division has, of course, been trifling in numbers. But I have to record the death of Lieut. Fletcher, Twentieth Michigan, Aid to Gen. Wilcox. It was his last day of service, and while carrying orders along the skirmish line, was shot through the heart. He was a brave, efficient, and noble soldier.

The Second Division, Gen. Potter, crossed the river yesterday, with but slight opposition. To-day the lines are quiet, except the firing of the skirmishers along our lines.

The sum of our present position is this: The Army of the Potomac has crossed the North Anna, and established themselves on its southern bank. But our chief difficulties are to come. The enemy's position is a strong one—like their position at Spottsylvania Court-house. A few days will determine whether we are to repeat the bloody and indecisive battle of the 12th, or again flank the enemy and push on toward Richmond.

H. B.

The March of the Ninth Army Corps from Spottsylvania to the North Anna.

RAILWAY CROSSING, NORTH ANNA RIVER,
NINTH CORPS, Tuesday, May 24, 1864.

At 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon of the 21st the train of the Ninth Corps left headquarters, Gen. Burnside and his Staff being immediately in front of the column. Soon after we came to a halt, and while we were waiting for further orders, the boom of cannonading and the roll of musketry, sharp and near, filled the air. At speed Gen. Burnside passed me, riding back to ascertain the cause of the firing. It was an attack of the rebels, chiefly on the Sixth Corps, as it retired from its intrenchments. They were quickly repulsed by our men, with but little loss to us.

After waiting an hour the train moved on. But it did not cross the Po. Gen. Potter, who had the advance with his division, found the rebels in force beyond the river. At the telegraph road between Fredericksburgh and Richmond, we turned due north, crossed the Ny, and at 11 o'clock turned east.

We were plainly in for a march through the whole of the night. After 12 o'clock the usual effects of a night march showed themselves. In the dark and deep hollows on the road, wagons were stuck in the mud, and the tired horses would scarcely make an effort to extricate themselves. By the woods at the edge of the road, and even in the road, I saw hundreds of soldiers lying asleep. The soldiers who were marching stumble wearily along like drunken men. Only the handful of men which compose the Eighth Infantry in the regular army marched steadily along without straggling and without apparent fatigue.

At 3:30, the welcome lanterns of the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, swung across the road high above our heads, came in sight. A little distance further on we found the headquarters of the Ninth Corps. I threw my blanket down under a tree in a field and slept the sweet sleep of the tired until 6 o'clock.

At 10½ o'clock, the Ninth Corps again moved, the First Division, under Gen. Crittenden, the Second Division, under Gen. Potter, in the front. At 1½ we crossed the Mattapony, and at 4, the train halted at Bethel Church, four miles west of Bowling Green. The cause of our halting so early in the afternoon was that the rebels were reported in strong force in our front. But after our tents had been pitched, the teams unharnessed, and the cavalry picketed, the report was found to be false.

The headquarter-camps of our army are usually pitched on picturesque spots, but this camp of ours, at Bethel Church, was the most picturesque of any I have yet seen. It was in a noble forest of oaks and large pines. The ground was free from underbrush, and was covered with last year's leaves, through which, in a few places, the herbage had pierced. At night, a hundred fires illumined the forest, and revealed the groups of men sitting and lying about, the tents of the officers, and the tethered horses greedily eating their scanty supper. Just outside of the camp and across the road, was Bethel Church, a neat brick chapel, surrounded by trees which Northern utilitarian axes would never have spared.

The next morning, the 23d, at daybreak, the camp was astir. As soon as the headquarters' guard could get their breakfast and strike the tents, we resumed our march. The order of Gen. Grant was that we should leave the main road and take to the plantation road. Through wornout and abandoned fields, on which sassafras and scrub ferns were scantily growing; through a few corn fields and wheat fields, past many farm houses, and two or three noble mansions, across unbridged streams and muddy hollows, with frequent halts, we reached, at ten o'clock, the banks of the North Anna. Warren, at our right, had already crossed it; Hancock, at our left, and the Ninth Corps will this afternoon make the attempt.

H. B.

Disposition of Distinguished Rebel Captives.

BOSTON, Sunday, May 29.

Edward A. Pollard, late editor of the Richmond *Examiner*, who was taken prisoner of war on board the blockade runner *Greyhound*, some days since, and who has been on his parole of honor at one of our best hotels, was to-day sent to Fort Warren, in accordance with orders received from Washington.

"Belle Boyd," another captured passenger on the same vessel, has been released also, in obedience to orders from Washington.

FROM SHERMAN'S ARMY.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 29.

Dispatches from our army in Georgia are of the most cheering character, and are down to yesterday morning. Sherman had driven the enemy back at Dallas, and officers expected to reach Atlanta before the close of the month of May. The opinion prevails widely that Johnston has been sending troops to Virginia, to take part in the all-important struggle for the rebel Capital.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

CHATTANOOGA, Sunday, May 22, 1864.

The situation at the front presents features of unabated interest. Our army, after a day or two's rest, six or seven miles south of Kingston, Georgia, resumed the march this morning, moving very light, and without knapsacks, which were the only incumbrances not heretofore discarded. The men now carry all the ammunition and hard-tack they can comfortably find room for, and, as the irrepressible Newcomb would say, have but two changes of clothing—off and on. On taking up the line of march at 3 A. M., to-day, we were within forty-seven miles of Atlanta. Kingston is seventy-nine miles from Chattanooga and fifty-four from Atlanta. There will be heavy fighting within two or three days, if the enemy have no objections; many, indeed, look for an opening fight to-day. Our army is compact, well in hand, and possesses more of the elements of mobility than any I have yet seen.

The capture of Kingston gave us two or three hundred prisoners without severe fighting. It is a pretty railroad village, though the rebels, before leaving, burned several of the larger buildings. Three hotels remain to give it the gastronomic air that pertain to railway junctions everywhere. We also realized there a goodly number of small arms and accoutrements.

The old story is afloat that the rebels are retreating in confusion, &c. Every sensible man believes that their retreat from Dalton was premeditated, in event of certain contingencies, one of which came to pass at Resaca.

Prisoners report that Johnston purposes to stand ten miles south of Kingston, and it seems plausible. They have there the most defensible position between Dalton and Atlanta. The line of the Altoona Mountains, to which I refer, offers these advantages, though perhaps they, too, will be nothing before the combinations of pure brute force which Sherman has the good luck to direct and fulminate. The immediate approaches to Atlanta are heavily fortified, and Johnston, perhaps, will not halt until he occupies the works around the Southern Smoky City.

I hear that, in the the capture of Rome, we secured several hundred prisoners and large quantities of stores. Between three and four hundred prisoners reached here to-day, making in all, since the advance commenced, about 2,000, including those taken at Resaca. Your correspondent stated, in his report of the recent battles, that Johnston burned his supply trains. This is an error. The bulk of the rebel trains were sent to the rear several days previous to the evacuation of Dalton; the balance were easily carried off.

Trains are running to Kingston and Rome. The rebels did not attempt to injure the railroads. The wagon roads are excellent, weather warm and bright, and the army is on full rations.

SHERMAN'S GREAT FORWARD MOVEMENT.

The Possibilities of the Campaign.

Special Correspondence of the Chicago Evening Journal.

NASHVILLE, Wednesday, May 25, 1864.

I am under the impression that Gen. Sherman resumed his forward movement from Kingston, Ga., last Monday morning; but up to this time, I have seen no official confirmation of the fact. If he did advance then, you will doubtless have heard of a battle or a foot race ere this reaches you. Altoona, on the Etowah River, is nineteen miles beyond Sherman's front on Sunday last, and the only possible place for a stand north of Atlanta. Johnston must either fight there, or fall back to the latter place, which is much weaker. Therefore, why should he retreat?

Polk's army, and all the Mobile garrison, except two or three companies of heavy artillery, are with Johnston; he has as many men now as he could have a week or a month hence. Altoona is among mountain fastnesses; Atlanta is on a broad plain; and the question now is, if he does not fight at the former place, will he at the latter?

After all, I have one query to ask the reader to reflect upon, and it is this: is not Johnston too weak to fight Sherman? and is he not falling back to make the distance between Grant and Sherman greater, by railroad, while that between Johnston and Lee, by the same method of travel, is constantly diminishing? and is Johnston not gradually reinforcing Lee? and when overtaken, will there be any of his army left? I am not prepared to solve this problem; perhaps its solution may come before this letter reaches you, though I think not that soon.

Suppose brigade after brigade were transferred to Beauregard, at Petersburgh, thus making his army sufficiently strong to annihilate Butler, or compel him to retreat; what then? I hope and believe both Grant and Sherman are providing against such a possible contingency. The result of such a concentration of the rebel forces, would be to enable us to defeat them easier than at present, *provided we could concentrate as readily as they*; but if we failed to do this, then disaster would follow. A junction between Beauregard, Lee and Johnston, would leave but a single force to fight and follow; but suppose they were to unite before those of Butler, Grant and Sherman?

I never saw more delightful weather. Vegetation springs up as if by magic. Green peas and ripe strawberries are luxuries in which our people can indulge, to their heart's content.

LATEST.

Since the above was written, I have learned positively, from official dispatches, that Sherman moved on Tuesday morning by way of Dallas, completely flanking Altoona. He has with him thirty days' provisions of all kinds, and finds plenty of green pasture for his cavalry horses. Other supplies are being sent forward to Kingston without delay, as the railroad is completely repaired to that place. The rebels retreat in such haste that they do little damage to the bridges.

Supplies for Sherman.

From the Chattanooga Gazette, May 25.

We congratulate our brave troops and the distinguished General at their head on the very important fact, that not for one hour since the opening of the present campaign, has there been the least lack of supplies in any portion of the command under Gen. Sherman. When we consider the vast extent of the field of operations over which a great army acting on the offensive has to be moved in obedience to military exigency, and when we consider next the topographical character of that field, where nature as well as a formidable foe—formidable in numbers as well as in pluck, skill and desperation—has to be met and conquered, we think that the ubiquity which meets at every turn and presents a satisfactory answer to the claims of so many stomachs is a strategic achievement in itself of no mean magnitude. It is a literal fact which made the welkin ring with the joy and shouts of thousands—that our advance at Kingston had hardly rested from a march of 80 miles when the whistle of our locomotives was heard at that distant point, notwithstanding the burning of the railroad bridge over the Oostenaula at Resaca!

THE CLEVELAND CONVENTION.

Tame Aspect of Affairs—Feeble Representation So Far—Gen. Fremont's Staff on the Ground—A Hall Wanted—Public Feeling in Cleveland.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CLEVELAND, Sunday, May 29.

There are but slight indications that the convention which is expected to meet here on Tuesday next will be very largely attended. Only a half dozen men whose names would be known in New-York have yet arrived. These are Zagonyi, of Gen. Fremont's staff; Felix McClusky, who is a kind of financial agent of the Government; Gen. Cochrane, the Attorney-General of New-York, with the projectors of the convention.

The German Radicals meet to-morrow to determine what they will do.

The managers of the convention are troubled to find a hall in which to meet, as the only large room is engaged by the opera troupe.

Thomas B. Carroll, who is or was a Canal Appraiser; Geo. Laugheran, who had some notoriety early in the war as a cattle contractor, are here.

There is no coöperation of the citizens of Cleveland.

Hon. P. H. Watson, Assistant Secretary of War, was here to-day, en route to Chicago.

GEN. BUTLER'S ARMY.

A Reconnoissance of the Enemy's Position—The Rebels Not Gone, but There in Force—The Passion for Skirmishing—Curious Incident.

From Our Special Correspondent.

GEN. BUTLER'S ARMY, IN CAMP,
BERMUDA HUNDRED, Va., Friday, May 27, 1864.

The opinion which has been freely expressed for some days, that the enemy had withdrawn the greater part of his force from before Gen. Butler, seems to be erroneous. A reconnoissance was made yesterday, developing the rebels in full force behind their intrenchments. Gen. Martindale, commanding the Second Division of the Eighteenth Corps, left camp about 4 o'clock A. M., taking with him about 300 men of the One Hundred and Forty-eighth New-York Regiment, being the reserve of the regiment, the other portion of which was employed in picket duty. This force pushed forward from our left, passing wearily through the woods, then across a clearing, and up to the mouth of Bakehouse Creek—a point about half a mile from our lines, a little beyond Port Walthall, on the Appomattox. Here the rebel pickets were encountered and driven in upon the main body. Closer examination developed the enemy, strongly posted. Holding the ground thus obtained with the picket reserve, Gen. Martindale returned to camp, and was ordered by Maj.-Gen. Smith to take the Second Brigade of his division, (Gen. Deven,) and push them up to the picket line. This was done. Belger's battery accompanied the reinforcement, but was unable to advance to the extreme front, owing to the impracticable nature of the ground, and, therefore, was favorably posted in a position commanding an ugly gap in our lines.

Deven moved his brigade carefully forward on the line of Bakehouse Creek—the One Hundred and Forty-eighth New-York and Twelfth New-Hampshire Regiments, respectively, having the right and left of the brigade. This force had not gone far before a brisk skirmish fire announced that the enemy intended to make a stand. Our skirmishers drove the rebel pickets back, and reported rifle-pits close at hand, and intrenchments some distance beyond. Gen. Smith, meanwhile, had come upon the ground, and, learning from Gen. Martindale the condition of affairs, a retreat was ordered, there being no desire at this time to bring on an engagement. Deven then slowly withdrew under cover of the woods.

Our casualties in the skirmishing amounted to three killed, and about a dozen wounded. These were all brought off the ground. Among the wounded I regret to say is Col. Dutton, of the Twenty-first Connecticut Regiment, but who has for some time been detached from his regimental command, and serving on the Staff of Gen. Smith. He was on the skirmish line when the bullet of a rebel sharpshooter entered his left cheek and passed out of his neck, breaking his jaw, and cutting two important blood-vessels. Surgeons think that the chances of his recovery or death are about equal. He was removed to the hospital of the Eighteenth Corps, where he was lying last night not so weak from hemorrhage as to be unable to express on paper his wishes. Of course the injury makes it impossible for him to utter a word. Col. Dutton belongs to the Engineer Corps of the regular army. He is highly regarded as an officer of ability whose loss to the service, temporary though it is hoped to be, will be severely felt.

The exciting character of skirmishing makes such duty a passion with some of the men. I have heard of them dodging from tree to tree for cover, with gun cocked and finger on trigger, hunting men to shoot, as a sportsman does squirrels. Lieut. Baker, of Gen. Martindale's Staff, told me an incident of this sort, that happened yesterday. A man named Parker, of the One Hundred and Forty-eighth New-York Regiment, who was afflicted with this singular mania, got many yards in advance of the other skirmishers, when he saw a grayback, whose enthusiasm in the same gentle direction must have been equal to his own. Grayback saw Parker also. They simultaneously raised their pieces and fired, and both fell dead, shot in the forehead. Parker's body was brought away.

H. J. W.

Damaging Repulse of Rebel Cavalry—Behavior of the Colored Troops.

IN CAMP, BERMUDA HUNDRED, Va., May 26, 1864.

The chivalry of FITZHUGH LEE and his cavalry division was badly worsted in the contest last Tuesday with negro troops, composing the garrison at Wilson's Landing. Chivalry made a gallant fight, however. The battle began at 12½ P. M. and ended at 6 o'clock, when Chivalry retired disgusted and defeated. Lee's men dismounted far in the rear and fought as infantry. They drove in the pickets and skirmishers to the intrenchments, and several times made valiant charges upon our works. To make an assault it was necessary to come across an "open" in front of our position up to the very edge of a deep and impassable ravine. The rebels, with deafening yells, made furious onsets, but the negroes did not flinch, and the mad assailants turned to cover with shrunken ranks, discomfited. The rebel fighting was very wicked. It showed that Lee's heart was bent on taking the negroes at any cost. Assaults on the centre having failed, the rebels tried first the left and then the right flank, with no greater success. When the battle was over our loss footed up one man killed outright, twenty wounded and two missing. Nineteen rebels were prisoners in our hands. Lee's losses must have been very heavy. The proof thereof was left on the ground—25 rebel bodies lay in the woods unburied, and pools of blood unmistakably told of other victims taken away. The estimate, from all the evidence carefully considered, puts the enemy's casualties at 200. Among the corpses Lee left on the field was that of Major Breckinridge, of the Second Virginia Cavalry.

There is no hesitation here in acknowledging the soldierly qualities which the colored men engaged in this fight have exhibited. Even the officers who have hitherto felt no confidence in them are compelled to express themselves mistaken. Gen. Wilde, commanding the post, says that the troops stood up to their work like veterans.

I saw yesterday a copy of the note which Lee sent to Wilde before the fight, demanding the surrender of the garrison. It was very deceptively worded, but Wilde saw through it at once. Instead of saying that the garrison, in case of surrender without fighting, *should be* treated as prisoners of war, Lee said that they should be handed over to the authorities of Richmond *as prisoners of war*. That "as" is a neat little subterfuge. It is looked upon as the loop-hole out of which the aforesaid Richmond authorities would have crawled if Wilde had been foolish enough to have accepted the proposition.

Guerrilla Operations at Fredericksburgh—The Wounded at North Anna.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, May 28.

Parties who reached here from Fredericksburgh, to-day, report that guerrillas continue to hover around the town in considerable numbers. Many of them are also to be seen along the banks of the Rappahannock.

On Thursday evening the guerrillas, supposing that Fredericksburgh had been evacuated, made a dash up to where some of our troops were in the river bathing and fired upon them, killing one and wounding two. They soon discovered our forces held the town and they immediately retired.

A detachment of our cavalry were sent in pursuit, but they were unable to overtake the marauders.

The steamer *City of Albany* arrived at Alexandria to-day, from Port Royal, with seven hundred wounded on board.

These men were wounded on Tuesday and Wednesday last, in the fighting on the North Anna River.

To facilitate the transmission of medical supplies to points developed by emergencies, and to secure the proper distribution and presence of medical officers and their assistants where their services are most required, and to provide comfortable, abundant and available hospital accommodation for the sick and wounded of the West and Southwest, the office of the Assistant Surgeon General has been established at Louisville.

Our Wounded all Removed to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, May 28.

The steamers *Keyport* and *Lizzie Baker* arrived here this morning with five hundred wounded, being all that were at Fredericksburgh. The wounded brought up on these boats are the most serious cases that have reached here, nearly all of them having lost limbs. Some of these were found to be so dangerous that it was impossible to remove the unfortunate men from the litters on which they were brought up in the boat, and as they could not bear the jostling of the ambulances, detachments of the Reserve Corps were engaged for several hours in carrying them from the wharf to the hospitals. Six died on board of the *Keyport*, on the upward trip, as did also quite a number on the *Lizzie Baker*. Five died on the wharf while waiting their turns to be removed, and others breathed their last while being conveyed from the wharf to the hospitals.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Friday, May 27,
Via BALTIMORE, Saturday, May 28.

The steamer *United States*, from New-York for Washington, went ashore on the Wolf Trap, in the Chesapeake, at 1 o'clock this morning. Assistance has been sent to her, and she will probably be got off at the next high tide.

The steamer *Thomas Powell*, from Bermuda Hundreds, has arrived here. She brings twenty-five rebel prisoners captured during the recent skirmish, and reports indications of active movements on the part of Gen. Butler.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 29—11:30 P. M.

GEN. CANBY.

An order has been issued by the War Department assigning Gen. Canby to command of all the forces west of the Mississippi and in the Gulf Department, thus superseding Gen. Banks, who returns to New-Orleans.

CONFIRMED.

Lieut.-Col. Bailey, of the Fourth Wisconsin Cavalry, who constructed a dam on Red River, thereby saving our gunboat fleet, was unanimously confirmed yesterday by the Senate as a Brigadier-General. Col. Hayes was also confirmed as Brigadier-General, for meritorious and gallant conduct in the Wilderness battles. He is now here severely wounded.

COL. M'GILVERY.

Col. Freeman McGilvery, since the dismemberment of the Artillery Reserve Corps, has been in charge of the ammunition department of Gen. Grant's army.

WOUNDED OFFICERS.

The following officers, wounded in the late engagement in Virginia, on Saturday reported to the Medical Director here: Lieuts. Morrison, 11th New-Hampshire Volunteers; H. R. Whiting, 24th Michigan Volunteers; John E. Meddough, 57th New-York Volunteers; Capt. E. C. Ware, 10th New-Jersey Volunteers; Major J. C. Richart, 6th Ohio Cavalry; Lieuts. Henry Thompson, 64th New-York Volunteers; Alfred Newbalt, 15th New-York Artillery; A. B. Allen, 22d New-York Cavalry; C. W. Hough, 9th New-York Heavy Artillery; Albert S. Andrews, 14th Indiana Volunteers; Major D. F. Parker, 10th Massachusetts Volunteers; Capt. W. M. Camp, 4th Ohio Volunteers; Lieut. Pat. S. Elly, 13th Pennsylvania Cavalry.

DIED IN HOSPITAL.

The following New-York soldiers have died in hospital since Friday last: John Saunders, Company A, 125th New-York; George Hutton, Company H, 6th New-York Heavy Artillery; George H. Lowney, Company C, 95th New-York; Michael Gallay, Company G, 9th New-York; Charles Coats, Company L, 24th New-York Cavalry; James R. Steele, Company L, 12th New-York Cavalry; Martin Van Brunt, Company K, 14th New-York Militia; S. Adams, Company F, 109th New-York; Robert Bailey, Company F, 10th New-York; Jared Goodrich, 19th New-York Battery; John Carter, Company F, 52 New-York; Wm. H. Chambers, Company H, 14th New-York Artillery; Walter Sharkey, Company F, 109th New-York; Martin Karr, Company H, 1st New York Dragoons; Sam'l Harper, Company A, 121st New-York; Charles McKinney, Company B, 70th New-York.

HOSPITAL CHAPLAINS.

Such has been the rush of applications to the Surgeon General for nominations to this office that already every post is filled, and there are one hundred recommended in advance of any vacancy. Of these the President has appointed four, (one of them specially recommended by Gen. Grant himself,) who wait the first vacancy which may occur.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 29.

NATIONAL LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurers at New-York, Philadelphia and Boston to receive five per cent. legal tenders with undetached coupons at the full amount of the face and June coupons in payment for the ten-forties. The subscriptions to the popular loan continue to flow in at the rate of a million a day; and if the new internal revenue and tariff acts were in full operation the revenue from the sources, would, it is thought, pay the entire expenses of the Government. To provide in the meantime for the pay of the army and for the expenses of the great military movements now in progress, bonds of the loan of 1881, to the amount of fifty or seventy-five millions, shall probably be offered through the Assistant Treasurers and National Banks to the highest bidders.

DR. CHEEVER IN WASHINGTON.

Rev. Dr. Cheever, of New-York, preached in the hall of the House of Representatives, on the right of representation without regard to race or color, as indispensable to a republican form of government, as a matter of justice to the colored race, and as a question determining our destiny as a nation. The hall was so crowded that many persons were unable to gain admittance. The speaker was applauded at the conclusion of his address. Dr. Cheever, and twelve or fifteen delegates to the Cleveland Convention, will leave here for Cleveland to-morrow.

MILITARY PROMOTIONS.

By the recent confirmation of the Senate Bill, Gen. Woodbury has been promoted to be a Lieutenant-Colonel, and Gen. Quincy A. Gillmore, to be a Major in the Regular Army Corps of Engineers.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The subscriptions to the Ten-Forty Loan, reported to the Treasury Department yesterday, amount to nearly a million dollars.

SWISS CONSUL-GENERAL.

The President has recognized John Hitz, as Consul-General of the Swiss Confederation, to reside at Washington.

IMMIGRATION AND ITS ENCOURAGEMENT.

Effect of Immigration on the Increase of Population—Jealousy of the Catholics—The Catholic Church Loses by Immigration—Effect of Immigration on New-York—Want of it in the South—Waste of Men and Need of Supply.

THE BEECHES, Tuesday, May 3, 1864.

Immigration is and has been a great element in American growth. It has made the whole difference between 26 per cent. decennially and 34 per cent. The fact is seldom estimated, either in Europe or America. It has been taken for granted that 34 per cent. decennially, is the rate of the growth of *this country*, which it is not. It is the growth of the existent population of the country with eight per cent. addition by immigration. Mr. SADLER, a British member of Parliament, in a work entitled the *Law of Population*—written in reply to MALTHUS—is almost the only one who has considered properly the immense effect of immigration, even to a moderate extent, in multiplying population. But since that time, particularly since 1850, we have had the illustration on a grand scale. The immigration to this country commencing about 1847, and going on to 1860, was greater than was ever exhibited in a movement by water, and fell but little short of the movement by barbarous tribes on the ancient empires. Against this movement there arose naturally a feeling of jealousy, which was more or less felt by nine-tenths of our people. It is useless to deny that this feeling was much increased by the anti-Catholic sentiment aroused by seeing that nearly all the Irish and many of the Germans were Catholics, and that Roman churches were fast rising where they were before never heard of. A calmer observation, a greater acquaintance with facts, has, however, greatly diminished this feeling of religious jealousy. We cannot help seeing that the Catholics of this country are not in the same abject submission to Popes and Priests as in Europe—that many of the children of Catholics become Protestant—that they become Americanized, and that, in fine, the Catholic Church exists here in a modified form. Again, those who look beyond the surface of things, and observe and compare the great *facts* of the country, know that there are *much fewer Catholics here* than there would have been, *if all the descendants of Catholic immigrants had remained Catholics.* I venture to say that the Catholic Church in this country has lost from one to two millions of people by this process of Americanizing. And this process will continue to go on in spite of the many safeguards, as they suppose, which the Priesthood has attempted to throw around their children. Their system of Parish schools was adopted for this end—and, also, the building-up of Catholic institutions. They are not to be blamed for this. On the contrary, their people are probably more moral and responsible than they would be without them. It is, notwithstanding, true, that in spite of all these safeguards, thousands of Catholic children become Protestants. The Catholic Church has planted many churches here, but, numerically, she is a loser by the exodus to America. I say, then, that as these great facts are seen, the jealousy against foreigners is diminishing. It is diminished, too, by the loyalty and love of freedom which has been manifested by foreign-born persons in this great war. It is most honorable to them and useful to the country. We can look, therefore, just as well with calm consideration on the question of encouraging immigration. Let us look at the effects heretofore on the country.

The State of New-York is a very fair illustration of the effects of immigration. The *nativities* of population in New-York present the following results:

	1850.	1860.
Whole Population	3,097,094	3,880,735
Foreign Born	655,224	998,640
Born in New-York	2,092,076	2,602,460
Went from N. Y. to other States.	—	867,032
Went from other States to N. Y.	296,754	279,635

We find here some curious facts: 1. New-York *gained* in the whole population 783,600. 2. She gained, in *foreign born*, 343,400; and of born *in the State*, 510,000. 3. She *lost*, in the account current with other States, 587,000. This last, however, is not confined to this ten years, but runs through the whole period of emigration. It will appear from the above data that she lost short of 100,000 by immigration to other States in the last ten years. We discover in this statement two leading facts of great importance to the State of New-York. *First*—New-York is subject to a great and increasing *drain* of her people to other States, and this must go on. *Second*—That to supply this drain the substitutes are more than *one-third* foreigners. To this I may add what the census tables will show, that the increase of population in New-York is almost wholly in the cities and towns. Of this increase the Irish make up a large part.

If we were to suppose the cessation of all foreign immigration to New-York, the result would soon be a diminution instead of an increase of population. I believe the people of New-York have not arrived at the profound, and certainly, in some respects, admirable philosophy of the Virginia planters, expressed by a very intelligent gentleman some years ago. "Sir, we don't want any more population. We have got too many. Improvements, Sir! What do we want with them, when we are contented with what we have? We want to be let alone, Sir." *Laissez le faire* has been preached and practiced in the South till it has ruined them. Yet, within themselves, the Southern people have been exceedingly migratory. Their great loss was that *Slavery cut them off from the benefits of foreign immigration.* Had they received the same ratio of immigration which came to the Northwest, the war would probably not have come on, or if it did, they would have been a match for us.

But let us consider the necessities of the country. We are destroying, beyond the ordinary mortality, nearly 100,000 men per year, either killed or disabled. The sources of recruiting for this waste are two: 1, the excess of birth or natural increase, and, 2, the immigration of foreign-born. The excess of births in 24,000,000 of loyal people gives us 600,000 increase each year, and as that number comes to a given age (say 18) each year, gives us 120,000 able-bodied men; and the present rate of immigration gives us about 50,000 from that source. Thus, if there were no losses, we should increase the number of able-bodied men 170,000. But, according to my estimate, (which is a large one,) we lose or disable 100,000, and consequently in one year gain but 70,000 able-bodied men—equivalent to 350,000 population. This is a gain, but is a gain with a fearful diminution.

The conclusion from these facts is, that in the present state of the country, the more immigrants we get the better. If they come—as many of them are reported—to join the army, so much the better. They will supply the place of Americans, who can labor to more advantage at home.

We have seen that there has ceased to be any real danger of foreign influence on our religion or institutions. Hence we should consider solely the question of expediency in regard to the mode of immigration. Since 1790, *six millions* of foreign born have come to this country, and of these, about four millions three hundred thousand now remain. The residue have either died or removed. Including all the native American Catholics, who are now quite numerous, the whole Catholic population of the country (including the South) does not exceed three millions. I base this statement on an estimate of their Bishops, made several years since, and an allowance for increase since. Our nationality is, therefore, (as I illustrated in a former letter,) not impaired by the great number of immigrants come to this country at different times. The English, Scotch and Germans are substantially homogeneous with ourselves, and the Irish are much modified, as climate, education and institutions come to act upon them.

I know not that we should encourage immigration in any other way than by agents and publications in Europe. But these are very powerful instruments, and to my positive knowledge have, in some cases, produced great effect. Perfect religious freedom they have. Political privileges we have granted more than enough. But a little pains to set forth in England, Germany, Switzerland and Holland, the great material advantages which this country affords, would produce as large a migration as can be useful or improving. In spite of all that the envious abroad, or the fearful at home may say, we are a nation substantially homogeneous in religion, language and laws. As such we are under the necessity of our own peculiar development, begun and continued by the providence of God.

A VETERAN OBSERVER.

The Florida.

Correspondence of the Manchester Examiner.

PLYMOUTH, Wednesday, May 11.

The Plymouth branch pilot-boat *Whisper*, Mr. JOHN HOPKINS, Pilot, has just landed here Capt. HOWES, wife and two children, three officers, the steward, and the crew of the ship *Avon*, of Boston, United States, 151 tons register, burnt on the 30th of March, in lat. 14° 40′ N., lon. 33° W., by the Confederate steamer *Florida*, Capt. MORRIS. The ship was laden with guano, from Holland Island, in the Pacific, and was bound to Queenstown for orders. On the afternoon of the 29th of March, she observed the *Florida*, which, after approaching, sent a boat to the *Avon* to convey her officers and crew to the steamer. Capt. MORRIS then secured all the ship's provisions, and on the afternoon of the 30th fired at her a number of shells, only one of which struck, and having failed to sink her, he set her on fire at 3 o'clock, and by 6 the three masts went by the board. Capt. HOWES continued in the *Florida* until April 4, when he and those landed here were transferred to the bark *Frances Milley*, Capt. EYNON, from the Mauritius, with sugar for London, which passed up Channel this afternoon. Ten of the ship's crew have joined the *Florida*; five remain to leave the first opportunity. Capt. HOWES was well treated by Capt. MORRIS, who seems determined to destroy other American ships in the same vicinity. The *Avon* was three years old, and was classed A 1 at LLOYD'S.

The Death of Mr. Giddings.

From the Montreal Gazette.

We regret to hear of the sudden death of Mr. JOSHUA REED GIDDINGS, the United States Consul-General in Canada. He died in the billiard-room of the St. Lawrence Hotel, last night, at a quarter to ten o'clock. He had played one game of billiards, and was playing another, in good spirits, at the moment he was stricken down by a disease, (an affection of the nerves, operating on the heart, we believe,) to which he had long been subject. A bystander reports to us that in the midst of his game he sat down and leaned forward, apparently in an insensible state. The bystanders raised him and carried him to a sofa at the side of the room, and thinking that he labored under a fit of some kind, they applied water plentifully to his face—in fact, doused his face with it. They again raised him up, and for a moment he seemed to rally and recover consciousness, but soon fell forward again insensible, and expired in about eight minutes from the time of the first attack. His medical attendant, (Dr. SUTHERLAND,) we understand, was immediately sent for, but Mr. GIDDINGS had ceased to live before he arrived. We hear that about a year ago he was severely attacked with this same disease. And it is a fact that in May, 1856, he suddenly fell down on the floor in Congress while in the act of making a speech. In January, 1858, he fell down in the same way, and was for some time supposed to be dead.

Obituary.

Sir EDWARD GRAHAM, of Esk, County Cumberland, England, whose death in this city is noticed elsewhere, was the ninth Baronet, and succeeded his father, Sir ROBERT GRAHAM, in January, 1852. The first Baronet was created in 1629 by King JAMES I., but the family claim descent from the renowned GRAEME, who, *anno* 404, commanded the army of FERGUS II., and was Governor of Scotland in the minority of his grandchild, EUGENE second. From the time of this eminent man, the GRAEMES are to be found in the record of Scotland, enjoying the very highest influence. There are at present three baronetcies in the family—the GRAHAMS of Eskr; the GRAHAMS of Morton Conyers, County of York; the GRAHAMS of Netherby, County Cumberland. The eighth baronet of Esk, father of the baronet just deceased, was one of the claimants to the earldom of Annandale and Hartfill, as descendants of Sir JOHN GRAHAM (second Bart) and Lady MARY JOHNSTON. The title descends to ROBERT JAMES STUART, eldest son of deceased, now Sir ROBERT GRAHAM, tenth baronet, who was born in 1845.—*Montreal Gazette.*

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Adjourned for the Term. *Part II.*—Nos 84, 392, 473, 366, 1584, 1536, 1522, 626, 762, 681, 1166, 888, 1172, 94, 95, 936, 1340, 1422, 1418, 1420.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—MAY 28, 1864.

$2,000 U.S.6s,5-20s...R	107	200 N. Y. Cen. R	133¾
5,000 U. S.6s.5-20s...C	107⅛	12,800 Hud. R.R.Scrip	95
10,500 do	107	200 Harlem R	281
5,000 Treas. N. 7 3-10 Oct & Apl	110⅝	20 Sixth-av. R	120
5,000 U.S.6s,1 yr.Cer.	98⅛	200 Reading R	143⅜
10,000 do	98⅜	200 do	143¾
7,000 Mo. State 6s	70	1500 do	144
2,000 M. 6s iss. to H.& St. J. R	92	100 Mich. Cen. R	145¾
4,000 Mo. 6s. issued to Pac. R	76¼	150 do	146
55,000 Ohio & Miss. C.	55	1200 M. S. & N. I. R	99
4,000 Erie 3d M. B	119	100 do b10	99⅛
10,000 C. & N.W.1st M.	95	200 Ill. Cen. R.S.	130
4,000 P.,Ft.W.&C.1st	118⅛	100 do b15	130
4,000 Cl. & Pitts. 4th	91⅛	400 do	129⅜
4,000 Miss. & Mo. L.G.	65	100 do s10	129⅜
1,206 Amer. Gold	186	1200 Cleve. & Pitts. R	115
40 FourthNation'l B.	100	100 do	115⅛
30 do	100⅛	50 Cle., Col. & Cin. R	167⅛
200 Cum. Coal Prf s30	75	200 Gal. & Chi. R	137⅝
200 do	75¾	300 do	138
850 Quick. Min. Co.	75	300 do	139
200 do b10	75⅛	100 do b30	139⅜
1000 do s10	75	100 do	139⅜
100 do b30	76⅛	500 do	140
200 do b10	75	500 do s10	139⅜
50 do	74⅝	800 do b15	140
200 do s30	74⅛	100 Chi. & R. I. R	116
100 Wyom. Vl.C'lCo	70	450 do	115⅜
300 do	68	200 do	115⅛
26 Del. & H. C. Co	235	35 Chi., B. & Q. R	127
300 Mariposa M. Co	45	500 Mil. & Pr. Du C.R.	70
200 do	44⅛	140 Del., L. & W. R	240
100 do	44⅛	100 do	240⅜
300 do	44	100 do	241
50 Canada Cop. Co	4⅛	400 Tol.& Wab. R	71
1500 Erie R	114	100 do	71⅛
400 do	114⅛	400 Pitts., F. W. & C.	116
200 do s30	114⅛	100 do	116⅛
10 Erie Pref	109	100 do	116⅛
50 do	108⅛	200 Al. & T. H. Pref	81
12 do	108⅛	500 Chic. & N. W	62
100 Hud. R. R	145⅛	100 do	62⅛
100 do	146	200 do	62⅛
100 do	146¼	100 do b10	62⅜
100 do	146⅛	100 do s30	62
400 do	146⅜	100 do s3	62
100 do	146⅜	100 do b10	62
		100 do s30	61⅛
		50 Chic. & N.W.Pref	87

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

700 Erie R	114	100 Mich. Cen. R	146
1000 do b3	114⅛	100 Gal. & Chi. R	139⅜
100 do b5	114	300 do c	139⅜
500 do	114	100 Cle. & Tol. R	150⅜
200 do s5	114	100 Chi. & R. I s3	114⅜
200 do	114⅜	100 do	114⅜
400 do b3	114⅜	500 do	114⅜
400 do	114	100 do	114⅜
100 do s10	113⅞	100 do c	114
200 Hud. R. R	145	100 do	114
400 do	145⅜	300 Chi. & N. W	61
200 do s3	145⅜	300 do c	61
100 do	145⅜	1300 do	61⅜
100 do	145⅜	200 do	61⅜
400 Reading R c	143	200 do b3	61⅜
200 do b3	143⅜	100 do b3	61⅜
400 do	143⅜	100 do	61⅜
200 do	143⅛	400 Pitts., Ft. W. & C.	115⅜
400 do	143	100 do	115⅜
100 M. S. & N. I c	98⅛	100 Tol. & Wab. R	71⅛
500 do s3	98	10,000 O. & Miss. C. c	54⅛
300 do	98	100 do	54⅜
100 do c	98	100 Cum. Coal	75
100 do	97⅞	500 Quick. M. Co. s10	75⅛
100 do	98	100 do	76
100 M.S.& N.I.G.S.	143⅛	100 do	75⅛
100 Ill. Cen. R	128⅞	100 do	75⅛
300 do	129	100 do s10	75⅜
100 Ill. Cen. Full Paid	130	100 Mariposa Min	43⅛
200 Clev. & Pitts	114⅜	100 do	43
200 do b3	114⅛	100 do c	43
200 do	114⅛		
100 do s3	114⅛		

EVENING EXCHANGE.

$15,000 Am. Gold	189⅞	200 Rock Island	114⅞
20,000 do s3	189⅛	100 do b3	115
200 Erie R	114⅜	200 do	115
300 do b3	114⅛	100 Chic. & N.W.R	61⅜
100 Hud. River R	146⅜	300 do	61⅞
100 do	146⅛	100 do b3	62
200 Reading R	143⅜	50 do	61⅜
500 do s3	143⅛	100 do	62
100 M. S. & N. I. R	98⅜	300 P., F. W. & C. s3	116⅜
100 do	98⅜	130 do	116⅜
200 P., Ft. W. & C. s3	114⅜	100 do	117
200 Gal. & Chic. R	139½	10,000 Ohio & Miss. C.	54⅛
400 Cle. & Tol. R b5	149½	100 Mar. Min. Co	46

MONDAY, May 30—A. M.

The Foreign Trade of the past week was again very active in the line of Imports, particularly in General Foreign merchandise. The principal item of the list is Coffee, to the value of $1,072,000. A large share of the entries pass into Bond, to wait the readjustment of the Tariff, and a more active market later in the season. The Customs of the week are a little over a million of dollars. The Exports of Produce are to a good average. Of Gold the clearances are light, owing, in part, to the sales of Bills on London by the Government early in the week. The Export of Grain is partially on the increase since the renewal of Canal receipts. Exporters also continue to compete with the Domestic mills for Cotton, and the price is now over a dollar the pound.

There was less excitement on the Stock Exchange than the week before, and most of the Railways show a decline since Saturday week. There is some speculation for the rise (or rather for the control of the Road) in Galena, and Chicago, and also in Almaden Quicksilver and Mariposa Gold shares. The shares of the Pacific Mail have also advanced 7 ₩ cent.

The market for Money is comparatively quiet, and the supply equal to the diminished wants of the Stock Exchange to carry on speculation. The rates are 6@7 ₩ cent. At the close of the week there was some appearance of uneasiness as to the course of the market after the 1st June, and the policy of the Secretary of the Treasury in regard to his temporary or Currency loans. Connected with this was a rumor that the Secretary himself is about to visit New-York on the business of his Department.

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

American Gold Coin	182⅞@188¾
U. S. 6 ₩ cents., 5-20 years	106⅞@107⅛@106⅞
New-York Central	135@133¾
New-York and Erie	116⅞@114⅜
Erie Preferred Shares	108⅞@108⅜
Rock Island	118¾@114
Michigan Guaranteed	142⅜@142
Michigan Southern	100@97⅞
Michigan Central	146⅛@145¾
Toledo	152⅜@149⅜
Illinois Central	133@129
Pacific Mail	232@239
Hudson River	158@146⅜
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	117@114⅜
Fort Wayne and Chicago	117@115⅜
Chicago and North Western	65@61¾
Almaden Quicksilver	75@83@75⅜
Mariposa Gold	36⅜@48@46
Cumberland	77⅜@75

The Stock market was unusually quiet on Saturday, and prices after the morning Board (the only session on Saturday) were generally heavy. At the same time the speculation in the Gold Room took an upward turn, and from 185½@186 early in the day, ran up to 189½@189¾, returning soon after to 188@188½ ₩ cent. Various rumors of an unfavorable military nature were in private circulation by way of accounting for this movement, but they were not sufficiently relied upon on the Stock Exchange to have the Railway speculatives sympathize with Gold. The export demand for Gold for the steamer of the day was only $399,279, making for the whole week $580,621.

The sales of the Ten-forty Loan reported by the First National Bank for the day amount to $203,950.

At 3 o'clock the following prices for the Railway and other Stocks were quoted on the Street—general market dull:

	Frid.	Sat.		Frid.	Sac.
U. S. 6s, 1861	115	114⅜	Mich. Central	145	145⅜
U. S. 5-20's ex. c.	107⅛	107	Mich. Southern	98⅜	97⅞
N. Y. Central	133⅜	133⅜	Mich. Guarant'd	142	142
Erie	113⅞	114⅛	Illinois Cen	129⅜	129
Erie Preferred	108⅛	108⅜	Pittsburgh	114⅜	114⅜
Hudson	144⅜	145⅜	Fort Wayne	115⅜	115⅜
Pacific Mail	238	238⅜	Rock Island	115	114
Canton	43⅜	43	Galena	136⅛	139⅜
Treas. Cer., new	98⅜	98⅜	Reading	142⅞	143
Toledo	149⅜	149⅜	Quicksilver	75	75⅜
Northwest	62	61⅛	Cum'land Coal	75	75
Ohio & M. Certfs	54⅜	54⅜	Mariposa	44⅜	43⅜

The following bids were made on Saturday for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	115	Bank of the Rep	104
Merchants'	114⅛	Bank of N. America	111
America	136	Hanover	107
Butchers' & Drovers'	125	People's	108
Merchants' Exchange	101⅛	Grocers'	112
Commerce	114	Corn Exchange	110
Ocean	99	Continental	103
American Exchange	118	Commonwealth	106
Chatham	105	Park	135

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	111	Chi. & N. W. 1sts	99⅜
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87	110	Chi. & N. W. 2ds	100
N. Y. Cen. Real Estate	104	Han. & St. Jo. 1sts	100
N. Y. C. subscription	104	Han. & St. Jo. 2ds	100
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '64	103	Tol. & Wab. 1sts	103
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	118	Mil. & P. du Chien 1sts	115
N. Y. Cen. Con., '76	132	Gal. & Chi. 2ds	110⅜
Erie 3ds. '83	118	Chi. & R. I. firsts	109
Erie 4ths. '80	116	Clev. & Tol. S. F	116
Buff., N.Y.&E. 1sts '77	111	N. J. C. 1sts	103
Hud. R. 1sts. '69	114	N. J. C. 2ds	110
Hud. R. 2ds. s. f. '85	129	Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 1sts	118⅜
Hud. R. Bonds	105	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	113⅜
Mich. C. '69 & '72	127	Pitts. Ft. W & C. 3ds	96
Mich. C. new 1sts, '82	130	Clev. & Pitts. 3ds	110
Chi. B. & Quincy	126	Cleve. & Pitts. 4ths	90
N. Ind. Goshen L	102	Mis. & M. L. G	66
M. S. & N. Ind. S. F	112	Chi. & Alt	94
Ill. Central, '75	118⅛	Atlantic & G. W	99

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer is as follows: Total receipts, $1,318,822 93, for Customs, $165,000; Payments, $1,817,609 24; Balance, $21,331,468 92; Ten-forties, $30,800.

The Import Entries of the past week amount to $5,567,888, against $3,874,132 same week last season. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $3,736,032, against $3,036,412 same week in 1863. The Export of Specie is $581,000, against $280,000 same week last year. The Customs for the week are $1,003,000.

The Commercial Tables of the Foreign Trade at New-York, which we published a few weeks ago for nine months of the current Fiscal Year, give a total Import of Foreign Merchandise, (exclusive of Specie,) from 1st July, 1863, to 31st

March, 1864, of	$154,113,000
Add nine weeks since April 1	47,223,041
Total to date	$201,336,041
Against same time last year	169,243,901
Increased Import since July 1	$32,092,140

The same tables make the Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reëxported, from

July 1, 1863, to March 31, 1864	$122,960,000
Add nine weeks since April 1	29,145,712
Total to date	$152,105,712
Against same time 1863	171,399,795
Decreased Exports since July	$19,294,083

The Specie Export from New-York, from

July 1 to March 31, amounts to	$39,396,000
Add since April 1	11,872,000
Total to date	$51,268,000
Against same time 1863	160,608,000
Increased Specie Exports since July 1	$660,000

The Chicago and Northwestern road earned in

Third week, May 1864	$40,934
Same week, 1863	25,561
Increase	$15,373

The Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York will open for business at No. 650 Broadway, on Wednesday, June 1, E. C. ROBINSON, President, and CHARLES HUDSON, Cashier. The Bank will receive subscriptions to the 10-40 Loan on the usual terms.

An elegant Exchange Club has been fitted up at a cost of over $100,000, by private enterprise, at No. 164 Fifth-avenue, two doors above the Union Club, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets. The membership is fixed at $100 per year. The establishment will be formally opened on Tuesday (to-morrow) evening, at 8 o'clock.

The attention of the holders of the mortgages of the Cincinnati and Zanesville Road is directed to the advertisement of Mr. CHAS. MORAN, No. 10 Wall-street.

The Illinois Central Company, at their annual meeting, authorized the conversion of the cancelled Bond Scrip into the Scrip Shares of the company, and the process is now going on at the office in this City.

At the organization of the Buffalo extension of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company held in New-York, May 15, the following gentlemen were elected as Directors: T. W. Kennard, New-York; Chas. Day, New-York; Gaylord Church, Meadville; S. Wann, New-York; Henry Martin, Buffalo; Pascall P. Pratt, Buffalo; W. G. Hamilton, New-York; S. L. M. Barlow, New-York; Jeremiah Larocque, New-York; W. A. Thomson, Buffalo; G. R. Babcock, Buffalo; James A. Patteson, New-York; C. E. E. Blakesly, New-York. The officers were: T. W. Kennard, President, Engineer and Chief; Chas. Day, Vice-President; G. R. Babcock, Solicitor; S. Wann, Treasurer; C. E. E. Blakesley, Secretary.

The Notes of *all* the National Banks, far and near, are *at par* in this City, and have, at no time since the introduction of the system, been bought or sold here at a discount. We should not deem it necessary to repeat a fact so notorious, but for the misrepresentations made by one of the Opposition papers, by way of apologizing for the ugly conduct of the officers of one or more of the old City Banks, in putting their own depositors to inconvenience.

The National Currency.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

You state this morning that a "select few" of our City banks refuse to receive on deposit the notes of the new National Banks. It strikes me that the proper discipline to be applied to these refractory institutions is that served so plentifully upon the omnibus companies by the public a short time ago—let them severely alone. Let depositors transfer their accounts to more patriotic and accommodating banks, or to the National Banks themselves, and let us have done, once for all, with this contemptible "select few," which we all know and all despise.

E. D. W.

Sales of Real Estate—MAY 28.

By E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers.

One lot east side Broadway, 106.5 north of 49th-st., at $3,000.

One lot east side Broadway, 101.2 north of 49th-st., at $3,500.

One lot east side Broadway, 25.5 north of 49th-st., at $4,050.

One lot west side 7th-av., 100.5 north of 49th-st., at $2,950.

One lot west side 7th-av., 25.2 north of 49th-st., at $3,400.

Two lots southwest corner 3d-av., and 127th st., at $1,550 each.

Stocks Sold at Auction—MAY 28 1864.

BY E. H. LUDLOW & CO.

$24,000 Bonds of the Trevorton Coal Co., at	$305 a bond.
$19,000 Bonds of the Trevorton Coal Co., at	$455 a bond.
1 $500 Bond of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. for	$450
50 shares of the Columbian Marine Insurance Co.	$127

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK,

Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st.

NEW-YORK, May 25, 1864.

This bank has received, and has now on hand for immediate delivery, a supply of U. S. 10-40 bonds of all sizes, with coupons from March 1. Bankable money or certified checks received in payment.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.

D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK.

NEW-YORK, May 29, 1864.

This Bank has now on hand, for immediate delivery, an ample supply of U. S. 10.40 Bonds, with Coupons from March 1. Payment may be made in any funds current in this City. SAMUEL C. THOMPSON, President.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, May 28, 1864—6 P. M.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 91 bbls. Ashes, 14,205 bbls. Flour, 44 bbls. and 1,963 bags Corn Meal, 109,195 bushels Wheat, 15,000 bushels Corn, 104,512 bushels Oats, 35,165 bushels Malt, 5,471 packages Provisions, and 1,762 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales 60 bbls. at $9 75 for Pots and $12@$12 50 nominally, for Pearls, ₩ 100 ℔s. Stock, 463 bbls.

COAL—Is quiet but held firmly. In Philadelphia, according to the *Inquirer*, "the demand for the article has fallen off, and most of the shipments are on Government account. A few cargoes of Schuylkill White and Red Ash were disposed of at $8@$8 25 ₩ ton, free on board." The *Ledger* says: "The Coal trade continues active and prices are firm. The tonnage of the season already exceeds 3,000,000 tons, and shows an excess of tonnage over that of corresponding time last year from the same source of supply, of 161,855 tons. All our full reports show an increased production except that from the Pennsylvania Coal Company, and the small decline in this may perhaps be accounted for by the shipment of 32,602 tons credited to the Consolidated Coal Company of Pennsylvania, a concern not in operation last year."

COFFEE—Has been in very moderate demand at irregular prices. We quote Java at 49c.@50c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo at 41c.@43c.; Rio at 42c.@44c.; St. Domingo at 36½c.@37c. ₩ ℔.

COTTON—Is in demand at buoyant prices; Middlings, $1 03@$1 05 ₩ ℔. Sales and resales since our last, 1,650 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active, to-day, but quoted a shade firmer. Sales since our last, 12,300 bbls., including Superfine State and Western, at $7 15@$7 35; poor to choice Extra State at $7 32½@$7 85, chiefly at $7 40@$7 60; round-hoop Extra Ohio, very inferior to good shipping brands, at $7 65@$8, chiefly at $7 75@$7 90 ₩ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$7 15	@$7 35
Extra State	7 32½	@ 7 85
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 45	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping bds.	7 65	@ 8 00
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 00	@ 9 25
Extra Genesee	7 90	@ 9 25
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	7 90	@11 00

Southern Flour is in fair demand and advancing; sales since our last 1,850 bbls. at $7 70@$8 20 for poor to good; $8 25@$11 for fancy to choice extra brands ₩ bbl. Canadian Flour continues in good demand at rising prices; sales 700 bbls. Extra at $7 45@$8 50 ₩ bbl. Rye Flour continues in fair demand at $5 50@$7 ₩ bbl.; sales 300 bbls. Corn is in active request at $6 75@$6 85 for Jersey, $7 25 for Atlantic Mills, and $7 25@$7 30 for Brandywine ₩ bbl. Total sales, 1,150 bbls.

GRAIN.—Wheat has been in good request, and prices of desirable lots, especially of Spring, have been quoted a shade firmer. Sales have been made since our last of 164,000 bushels, chiefly to arrive, including Amber Western at $1 76@$1 78; Red Western at $1 70@$1 76; Amber Iowa, Wisconsin and Green Bay at $1 66@$1 68; Milwaukee Club at $1 63½@$1 67; Chicago Spring at $1 60@$1 66; Red State at $1 75. Corn is in less demand, owing to the high prices asked. Sales since our last, 27,000 bushels, at $1 51@$1 55 and (reported) $1 58 for Mixed Western, $1 55 for White do., and Yellow do. at $1 50@$1 55 ₩ bushel. Rye is in demand. Sales, 4,500 bushels. Oats have been in fair demand, at full prices. We quote Canada at 86c.@87½c., Western at 88c.@89c., afloat, State at 87c.@88½c., cash, ₩ bushel. Barley continues quiet at former rates. Barley Malt is in request at $1 58@$1 60 ₩ bushel. Sales, 1,000 bushels. Sales were also made of 7,000 bushels Canada Peas at $1 25 ₩ bushel.

HIDES—Week's receipts have been 93,259 Hides and 30 bales do.; sales, only 10,660 hides, including, according to Messrs. WETIZEL & WEIDEMEYER, 8,500 Buenos Ayres, 21½ ℔s., 31c., cash, usual selection; 560 Matamoras, 24 ℔s., 25c., cash, as they run: 1,000 Wet Salted Rio Grande, 48 ℔s., on private terms; 600 City Slaughter, 75 ℔s., 13c., cash, rejecting bad hides. Stock in importers' and speculators' hands, 542,500 Dry Hides, 12,300 Wet Salted do., and 550 bales East India Hides. The stock includes 284,000 Buenos Ayres, Motevideo, &c., 91,000 Rio Grande, 60,000 California, &c., 39,500 Orinoco, 9,000 Porto Cabello, &c., 600 Maracaibo, 16,000 Aspinwall and San Juan, 2,000 Honduras, 2,500 Vera Cruz and Mexican, 4,500 Tampico and Matamoras, 3,300 Savanilla, &c., 9,600 Maranham and Para., 7,000 Bahia and Pernambuco, 1,000 West Indies, &c., 1,500 East Indies, &c., 10,000 African Kips, 7,000 Wet Salted California, 3,800 Wet Salted Buenos Ayres, 1,500 Wet Salted Rio Grande, 560 bales Calcutta Cow and Buffalo.

IRON—Is held more firmly, but in request, here. The Philadelphia *North American*, of this morning, says: "There is not much offering, most makers being sold up, but the demand is less active, and the market is rather dull at $52@$58, cash, for the three numbers of Anthracite Pig Metal, at which rates there are more sellers than buyers; the only transaction is 500 tons Forge on terms kept private. Of Scotch Pig we hear of no sales. Manufactured Iron is steady and firm, the mills generally being full of orders for some time to come."

LEATHER—The week's business in this line Messrs. H. D. Hull & Co. review thus: "For Hemlock Sole the market remains unchanged in its principal features. The demand continues moderate, but is from most sections, and sufficient to prevent any accumulation of stock in the Swamp. Prices are without quotable change, though at the close of the week the trade generally manifest more firmness, in view of the continued upward movement in Gold, and the meagre supply. The receipts from the tan-yards are still very moderate. Oak Tanned Sole and Upper in the rough are unaltered, prices being firm at the annexed figures. We quote Sole: Oak Slaughter and Salted, good light, 49c.@52c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good middle, 50c.@53c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good heavy, 50c.@52c.; Oak Slaughter, light cropped, 55c.@68c.; Oak Slaughter, middle cropped, 57c.@59c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good light, 34½c.@35c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c, good middle, 36c.@36½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good heavy, 35c.@36c.; Hemlock, California, good light, 34c.@35c.; Hemlock, California, good middle, 35½c.@36½c.; Hemlock, California, good heavy, 35c.@36c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good light, 33c.@34c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good middle, 34c.@35c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good heavy, 33c.@34½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 30c.@32c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 25c.@27c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 38c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, 47c.@51c., cash, ₩ ℔. Week's receipts of Sole, 57,000 sides.

NAVAL STORES—Have been lightly dealt in, including Spirits Turpentine, at $3@$3 10 ₩ gallon; Tar, $14@$16 ₩ bbl.; Resin, $30@$40 ₩ 280 ℔s.

OILS—Have been quiet to-day, at about previous prices. We quote Crude Whale, at $1 15@$1 17½; Crude Sperm at $1 75; Bleached Winter Whale at $1 27@$1 30; Unbleached Sperm at $1 90@$1 95; Linseed at $1 63@$1 64; No. 1 Lard at $1 15@$1 18; Red Oil at 90c.; Crude Petroleum at 39c.; Refined Petroleum at 67c.@70c., free, and 61c.@63c., in bond, ₩ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less freely dealt in at less buoyant prices. Sales since our last, 10,600 bbls., at $30 50@$30 87½ for New Mess; $31@$31 25 for June; $32@$32 25 for July, and $32 75 for August delivery, buyer's option; $28 25@$29 for Old Mess; $29 50@$30 for Prime Mess; $29 25@29 75 for Thin Mess; and $24@$25 75 for Old and New Prime ₩ bbl. Cut Meats are inactive at 14½c.@15½c. for Hams, and 11½c.@12c. for Shoulders ₩ ℔.; sales, 150 pkgs. Bacon is in limited demand at 12½c.@14½c., according to quality, ₩ ℔. Lard is improving; sales since our last, 3,600 tcs. and bbls. for immediate and future delivery, at 13½c.@14½c. ₩ ℔. Beef continues in good request and buoyant; sales 600 bbls. at $19@$21 for Extra Mess; $15@$18 50 for plain Mess ₩ bbl.; Beef Hams $25 50@$26 50; sales 65 bbls. Butter is in less demand, at 34c.@40c. for poor to prime, and 41c.@42c. for very choice State; 28c.@36c. for Western, ₩ ℔. Cheese continues inactive at 12c.@16c. ₩ ℔. Fresh Eggs 22c.@23c. ₩ dozen.

SKINS—Goat have arrived more freely of late, adding considerably to the available supply, but the extreme rates demanded by importers prevent sales. There is a fair inquiry from manufacturers at about quoted rates, which holders, for the present, refuse to sell. Buyers, in view of the dullness in the market for the manufactured article, the high cost of tanning materials and labor, and the prospect of an increased Government tax, manifest great firmness in their determination to contract their business rather than pay the advanced rates demanded by holders for desirable stock. For Deer the market is very quiet under a limited demand, and the disparity in the views of buyers and sellers.

SUGARS—Are in fair request at rising prices. Sales since our last 1,100 hhds., including Porto Rico at 18c.@19c.; Cuba at 16½c.@18¼c., and Clarified at 20c.; and 430 boxes Havana at 17c.@18¾c. ₩ ℔. Refined Sugars are in fair demand at 18¼c.@24c. ₩ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales since our last 165,000 ℔s., at 13½c.@14c. ₩ ℔.

WHISKY—Has been in good demand to-day, at rather firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 3,500 bbls., in lots, at $1 28@$1 29 for State, and $1 30 for Western ₩ gallon.

WOOL—Has been in more request during the week, chiefly for manufacturing purposes, at full and buoyant prices. The week's sales include 185,000 ℔s. Domestic Fleece as 75c.@85c., and small lots of very choice at 87½c.; 200 bales Domestic Pulled at 75c.@85c., and small lots of very superior at 87½c.@88c.; 55,000 ℔s. California, part at 47½c.@55c.; 160,000 ℔s. Valparaiso on private terms; 220 bales East India at 40c.@60c.; 130 bales Cordova at 62½c.; 236 bales Donskoi on private terms; 650 bales Cape at from 45c.@55c.; 225 bales Mestiza at 42c.@43c.; 250 bales African at 36c.; 100 bales Provence at 42½c.; 100 bales Smyrna, inferior, at 22c., and 326 bales Rio Grande, Entre Rios, Crimea and other foreign Wools, on private terms. Also, by auction, 36 bales scoured Russian at $1 08@1 14½; 50 bales Russian Merino, greased, 27½c.@33c., and 4 bales Montevideo at 9½c., all badly damaged.... In Boston, according to the *Commercial Bulletin*, sales were made of 300,000 ℔s. Domestic, at about the previous range of 70c.@87½c. for Fleece, 75c.@90c. for Super and Extra Pulled; 27,000 ℔s. Canada Combing at 80c., and 14,000 do. pulled at 66c., and of other foreign 500 bales of all descriptions, including 380 do. Cape, at 45c.@50c., and lots of Mestiza at 36c.@42c. Most manufacturers who are working on a small capital are obliged to come into the market from week to week for supplies; and this they can do the more readily as their goods do not linger on their hands any longer than the time required to send them to market. Hence trade is in a healthy condition, and the prospect is that wool will be sold close up before the receipt of the new clip. With this prospect before them, added to the high rates of gold, the presumption of augmented tariff rates, and the increasing scarcity and cost of cotton, dealers are of course firm and do not care to press sales. Now and then, perhaps, a weak holder outside the regular trade, may desire to realize, and be willing to concede a trifle for that purpose; but these are exceptions to the general rule.... In Philadelphia, sales have been made of 100,000 ℔s domestic fleece, at from 80c.@83c. cash ₩ ℔.

FREIGHTS—Have been very quiet, to-day, with 668 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool, the engagements included 7,000 bushels Wheat, at 6¼d.; 7,000 bushels Peas, at 6½d., with 100 boxes Bacon and 100 tcs. Lard, at 22s. 6d., and a British brig from Philadelphia, with 1,750 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s. For Glasgow, 21,000 bushels Wheat, by steamer, at 7¾d.@8d. For London, 2,000 bbls. Flour, at 2s.@2s. 1½d. For Cork and orders, a foreign brig with Wheat, at 6s. 9d., or if to a direct port (excluding the west coast of Ireland,) 6s. 3d. For Antwerp, 200 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s.; 50 tcs. Lard at 25s. For Amsterdam, an Italian bark from Philadelphia, with 2,500 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s. 6d.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

Persia	June 1	New-York	Liverpool
Glasgow	June 4	New-York	Liverpool
America	June 4	New-York	Southampton
Caledonia	June 5	New-York	Liverpool
Asia	June 8	Boston	Liverpool
London	June 8	New-York	Liverpool
Teutonia	June 11	New-York	Southampton
City of Baltimore	June 11	New-York	Liverpool
Australasian	June 15	New-York	Liverpool
Bremen	June 18	New-York	Southampton
Saxonia	June 25	New-York	Southampton
Hansa	July 2	New-York	Southampton
Borussia	July 9	New-York	Southampton
Germania	July 23	New-York	Southampton

FROM EUROPE.

City of Limerick	May 14	Liverpool	New-York
Asia	May 14	Liverpool	New-York
Kedar	May 17	Liverpool	New-York
Teutonia	May 17	Southampton	New-York
Australasian	May 21	Liverpool	New-York
Virginia	May 24	Liverpool	New-York
Bremen	May 25	Southampton	New-York
Europa	May 28	Liverpool	Boston
Saxonia	May 31	Southampton	New-York
Scotia	June 4	Liverpool	New-York
Hansa	June 8	Southampton	New-York
Borussia	June 14	Southampton	New-York
America	June 22	Southampton	New-York
Germania	June 28	Southampton	New-York

For New-Orleans.

Locust Point	June 4	New-York	New-Orleans.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

North Mails close at	5 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.
South Mails close at	5 A. M., 4:30 and 10 P. M.
Western Mails, (via Erie Railroad)	5 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.
Eastern Mails at	5 A. M., 1:30 and 6:30 P. M.

Mails for California, Oregon, Washington and the Sandwich Islands close daily at the New-York Post-office at 5:30 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

On Sunday all Mails close at 1:30 P. M.

DRY GOODS.

R. H. MACY.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
LINEN GOODS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
RIBBONS AND STRAW GOODS.
FRENCH FLOWERS AND FANCY GOODS.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
CORSETS AND YANKEE NOTIONS.
MACY'S CELEBRATED
FRENCH KID GLOVES.
NO. 204 and 206 SIXTH-AVENUE,
TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
REAL THREAD LACE POINTES,
ROTONDES,
POINT APPLIQUE COLLARS AND SETS,
BARBES,
COIFFURES,
VAILS,
EMBROIDERED JACKETS,
INFANTS' ROBES,
FRENCH EMBROIDERED BREAKFAST SETS,
EMBROIDERED ALPACCA WAISTS, CORSAGES, &c.
THE LATEST PARIS NOVELTIES,
JUST RECEIVED.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

BLACK MANTILLA SILKS.
DRAP DE'LYON,
DRAP DE'FRANCE,
TAFFETA PARISIENNE,
and FAILE,
Without lustre. Just received.
A. T. STEWART, & CO.,
Broadway and Tenth-st.

DRY GOODS.

RIBBONS,
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
STRAW GOODS,
AT RETAIL.
A MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.
J. BLUXOME,
No. 1,117 Broadway, corner of 25th-st.

THE POPULAR STOCKS
OF FANCY DRESS SILKS
At $1, $1 25 and $1 50 per yard; value $1 50 to $2.
FOULARD SILKS,
$1 per yard; value $1 50.
Very rich FOULARD SILKS, $1 50 per yard; value $2.
ORGANDIES, very elegant at 50c. per yard; value $1.
Have been largely replenished.
BAREGES, NEW STYLES.
MOHAIR TRAVELING DRESS GOODS.
MOZAMBIQUES, FLANNEL SACKINGS, &c.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

GREAT REDUCTION IN CLOAKS.
On and after Monday, May 30, our entire stock of
FASHIONABLE CLOAKS,
including every novelty for Spring and Summer wear
will be offered
AT RETAIL,
at greatly reduced prices.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway, (corner Grand-st.)
Also, at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1864.
A NEW AND GREAT INVENTION IN HOOP SKIRTS.
THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) STEEL SPRING.
J. I. & J. O. WEST, NO. 97 CHAMBERS-ST., NEW YORK,
Are the owners of the patent and exclusive manufacturers of this,
J. W. BRADLEY'S
PATENTED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC STEEL SPRING SKIRTS.

This invention consists of Duplex (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most elastic, flexible and durable spring ever used, enabling the wearer, in consequence of its great elasticity and flexibleness, to place and fold the skirt when in use as easily and with the same convenience as a silk or muslin dress. It entirely obviates and silences the only objections to hoop skirts, viz.: the annoyance to the wearer as well as the public, especially in crowded assemblies, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, or in any crowded place from the difficulty of contracting them to occupying a small space. This entirely removes the difficulty, while giving the skirt the usual full and symmetrical form, and is the lightest and most stylish and graceful appearance for the street, opera, promenade or house dress. A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterward willingly dispense with the use of them. They are the best quality in every part, and by far the lightest, most durable, comfortable and economical skirt made. Merchants will be supplied as above, and ladies in most first-class retail stores in this City and throughout the different States.

Inquire for the
DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRTS.

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SPRING SKIRT.
THE MOST POPULAR
AND FLEXIBLE IN USE.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and Tenth-st.

BRADLEY'S DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT
Very flexible, folded easily when in use to occupy a small space, making the most agreeable skirt worn.
For sale by.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway
Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,
Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT.
Combining elegance, lightness, comfort and economy, and unquestionably the most desirable article made.
For sale by
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Corner Canal and Mercer sts.

NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,
IMPROVED SHAPES,
Made expressly for
GAYNOR,
No. 765 Broadway, between 8th and 9th sts.

THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT
FOR LIGHTNESS, ELASTICITY,
ELEGANCE, DURABILITY, AND COMFORT,
is superior to all others.
LE BOUTILLIER BROS.,
Canal-st. and Broadway.

THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT
will be found the most
PLIABLE, GRACEFUL AND
COMFORTABLE SKIRT EVER WORN.
At retail by
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
No. 355 Broadway.

CHARLOTTE G. SMITH
Has received from Paris,
An elegant assortment of SUMMER MANTILLAS and SCARFS, in SILK, BERAGE and GRENADINE.
No. 1,142 Broadway, one door above 26th-st.

GREAT BARGAINS
in CLOTH and
SILK SACQUES, BASQUES,
CLOAKS, MANTILLAS, &c.
FROM $9 AND UPWARDS,
less than the cost of the Materials.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway,
Have on hand a fine assortment of
WINE AND FRUIT
Cloths, Fruit Doylies, Piano and Table Covers, &c., &c., which they are offering at reasonable prices.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the City to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn on Island, N.Y.

GEO. C. PARKER & BRO.,
No. 251 Washington, corner Murray-st.,
Wholesale dealers in
Extra Sugar-Cured Hams, Shoulders and Beef.
Extra fine Cheese and Butter.
Extra pure Leaf Lard.
Extra Clear, Mess, Thin Mess, Butt and Rump Pork.
Extra large No. 1 and No. 2 Mackerel.
Codfish, Cusk, Haddock and Salmon.
Shad, Herring and Salt.
Rose-scented Maccoboy and Scotch Snuffs.
WHICH WE OFFER LOW FOR CASH.

WEDDING CARDS.
French Note Papers, Seals and Presses, Silver Plates, etc., at
J. Everdell's, 302 Broadway, cor. Duane St.
For Specimens by mail, send 25 cents.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE IN the City to purchase cheap and well-finished mantels is at A KLABER'S Mantel Manufactory, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO FAMILIES CAN obtain agreeable, airy rooms, with good board, in a pleasant country house, in the town of Rye, Westchester County, N. Y., say one mile from the New-Haven Railroad depot, and about the same distance from the beach on the East River. For particulars inquire at No. 89 Maiden-lane, New-York.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—CAN BE HAD FOR a single gentleman, within half a mile of Wall-st. Ferry, in a private family, with large room, closet, bath, gas, &c. Address C. Box No. 1,455 New-York Post-office, with real name and place of business.

BOARDING.—FURNISHED ROOM, OPPOSITE St. John's Park. Handsomely furnished room, second story, front, to let to a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, with board. Apply at No. 22 Beach-st.

DESIRABLE SUMMER ROOMS, WITH or without board, single or en suite, can be obtained at the corner of Broadway and 25th-st., entrance No. 7 West 25th-st.

ROOMS AND BOARD.—VERY HANDSOME, airy front rooms, or if desired, a whole floor, with or without full or partial board, may be had at No. 28 University-place.

AT NO. 72 EAST 14TH-ST., NEXT TO the corner of 4th-av., neatly furnished rooms for gentlemen, without board.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—WITH partial board. Apply at No. 176 East 14th st. Location good. References exchanged.

DRY GOODS.

CARPETS AND FURNITURE COVERINGS
AUBUSSON, AXMINSTER,
WILTON, VELVET, BRUSSELS,
THREE-PLY and SUPERFINE
INGRAIN CARPETS,
in one piece and by the yard.
SATIN DAMASKS, BROCATEL,
DELAINES, REPS, CHINTZES, &c.,
for Curtains and Furniture Coverings.
RUGS, MATS, DRUGGETS,
CANTON MATTINGS,
of the most celebrated brands.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.
MAKE YOUR PURCHASES OF
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
NO. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND-ST., NEW-YORK.
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT.

Having completed our orders and contracts previous to the late important advance, we still continue to offer our entire stock of NEW SPRING STYLES at less than importers' and manufacturers' present prices.
Call early if you want choice styles at a bargain.

MANTILLAS! MANTILLAS!!
AT GREAT BARGAINS.
ALL THE LATEST PARIS STYLES MANUFACTURED.
RICH GROS GRAIN SILK
CIRCULARS, SACQUES,
AND BASQUINES,
HEAVY LYONS TAFFETA SILK,
ROTONDES, BASQUES,
AND CIRCULARS.
MAGNIFICENT BRILLIANT-LUSTRE GROS DE RHINE.
CIRCULARS, SACQUES AND BASQUES.
HEAVY MOURNING SILK MANTLES,
ALSO,
THE CHEAPEST STOCK OF MANTILLA SILKS TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY, HAVING PURCHASED THEM SOME MONTHS AGO.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
No. 274 Bowery.

DRESS GOODS FROM AUCTION.
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
ENGLISH BAREGES at 10c. and 1s. a yard.
CHECKED and STRIPED LENOS at 20c. and 22c. yard.
PLAID VALENCIAS at 25c. and 28c. a yard.
New Styles CREEPE DE PARIS at 35c. to 50c. a yard.
MOZAMBIQUES (double widths) at 50c. and 60c. a yard.
SILK STRIPE GRENADINES at 45c. to 50c. a yard.
Broche-Figured GRENADINES at 55c. to 60c. a yard.
Black and White GRENADINES, double fold, at 50c.
Mourning Hernanis, from 30c. a yard and upward.
Also,
All Widths and Qualities of BLACK, WHITE, and COLORED BAREGES, TAMARTINES, CRAPE D'ESPAGNE, and HERNANIS.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON,
No. 274 Bowery, near Houston-st.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
READY MONDAY MORNING,
500 cases of fine Fashionable BLOOMERS, comprising every desirable shape.
Full Lines of WATERFALLS, IMPERIALS, ORIOLES, ARIZONAS, JOSEPHINES, EUGENIES, EMPRESS, SPANIOLAS, &c., Splits, Pedal, Milan, Leghorn, Dunstable, Cactes, Hair, Canton, and other braids, without advance on last year's prices.
Also, LADIES' BONNETS of every grade, from 1c. to $20.
Infants', Misses' and Boys' HATS, TURBANS, CAPS, &c., in variety.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND and 66 ALLEN STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
FROM AUCTION,
NEW EMBROIDERIES,
MILLINERY SILKS,
MILLINERY LACES,
Lace, Thread and Gauze Vails,
Kid Gloves, Hosiery, &c.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND and 66 ALLEN STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
FROM AUCTION,
Magnificent Line of
BONNET-RIBBONS,
Under last week's prices.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND and 66 ALLEN STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW FRENCH FLOWERS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
ENDLESS VARIETY OF STRAW ORNAMENTS AND TRIMMINGS.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND and 66 ALLEN STS.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.
AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
Examine STRAW GOODS!
Examine BONNET SILKS!
Examine RIBBONS, RIBBONS!
Examine MILLINERY LACES and TRIMMINGS!
Examine our STRAW and FANCY ORNAMENTS!
Examine our FLOWERS!
We cut lengths cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces. Call,
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 311 and 311½ GRAND, and 66 ALLEN-ST.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

BLACK LACE MANTILLAS.
LACE MANTILLAS, POINTS AND SHAWLS
From Auction.
AT AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE.
500 Lace Mantillas at $5, worth $10.
500 Lace Mantillas at $6, worth $12.
500 Lace Mantillas at $8, worth $16.
500 Lace Mantillas at $10, worth $20.
500 Lace Mantillas at $12, worth $25.
Black Pusher Lace Flouncings at less than half price.
Just Opened:
1,000 pieces black Guipure and Thread Laces.
1,250 Thread Lace Vails.
Valenciennes and Point Laces.
Point and Valenciennes Lace Collars and Sets.
Lace and Embroidered Handkerchiefs.
Together with a splendid selection of every article connected with our trade.
All of which we offer at much below regular prices.
E. WILLIAMS & CO., No. 429 Broadway.

HOUSE DECORATIONS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
LATE
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
INPORTERS OF PAPER HANGINGS,
Have just received in store a
MAGNIFICENT VARIETY OF
FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS,
and are prepared to execute orders in the best manner by
SKILLFUL AND EXPERIENCED WORKMEN.

NEW CURTAIN GOODS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
LATE
SOLOMON & HART,
Have now ready a large supply of all kinds of the above goods (which they offer to parties furnishing houses), consisting of
SATIN, BROCATEL and DAMASK for CURTAINS,
LACE CURTAINS,
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS,
MUSLIN CURTAINS.
Also, CORNICES and TRIMMINGS.
WINDOW SHADES of all descriptions, put up in the best manner.

FURNITURE COVERINGS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
LATE
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway.
Have just imported a fine stock
BROCATELS, SATINS,
PLUSHES, LASTINGS,
REPS, DAMASKS,
and every variety of COVERINGS of the LATEST STYLES and NEWEST DESIGNS.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
ALL THE MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES.
JUST RECEIVED FROM AUCTION.
AT A REDUCTION of 25 TO 40 PER CENT.
BROCHE SHAWLS, GRENADINE SHAWLS,
THIBET SHAWLS, LLAMA SHAWLS,
BAREGE SHAWLS, CHALLY SHAWLS.
PEYTON & JOHNSTON, No. 274 Bowery.

SUMMER BLANKETS.
QUILTS,
WINDOW SHADES,
LACE CURTAINS,
CORNICES,
PIANO COVERS,
TABLE COVERS,
CHINTZES.
At retail.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

MOSQUITO LACES,
All widths, from 90 to 108 inches wide.
MOSQUITO BARS,
of different colors. Patent Mosquito Nets and Frames, at retail.
PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY, all kinds of children's cloaks and suits, dresses, blankets, sacques, corsets, chemises, infants' waists, aprons, bibs, baskets, &c., &c.; ladies' embroidered chemises and nightgowns, yokes; ladies' ready-made under-garments, fluted handkerchiefs, &c.; initials and coats of arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table linen and bed-clothes; braiding, cotton and silk embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries and braiding executed perfectly.

AT GEORGE KEYS, NO. 343 8TH-AV., 50 pieces best make heavy black silks, 30 pieces plain colored silks—all new shades; 150 pieces Alpaccas—beautiful colors and very fine goods; several cases new dress goods; also, new shawls and mantles, and 3,000 silk sun umbrellas, from $1 25 and upwards—all at lowest price.

DRY GOODS.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS! AT OLD PRICES!
SILK CLOTH CLOAKS FROM $10 TO $100,
CLOTH DO. FROM $5 TO $20.
CHILDREN'S CLOAKS FROM $3 TO $15.
BLACK SILKS (OIL BOILED) FROM $1 25 TO $6.
NOS. 269 GRAND AND 214 BOWERY, ARE
THE ONLY ONE-PRICE CLOAK STORES
THIS SIDE THE CITY;
THEREFORE THE INEXPERIENCED
AND STRANGERS HAVE A
DOUBLE ADVANTAGE,
BUYING AT OLD PRICES, AND AS
CHEAP AS THE MOST EXPERT SHOPPER.
NO URGING TO PURCHASE.
STRICTLY ONE PRICE.
O. & J. MOWBRAY, NO. 214 BOWERY,
BETWEEN SPRING AND PRINCE,
NO. 269 GRAND, CORNER FORSYTH.

GREAT BARGAINS.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
WILL OFFER
ON MONDAY, MAY 30,
6,000 FANCY BAREGE
AND GRENADINE SHAWLS,
FROM $2 75 TO $8 EACH.
CANAL-STREET, CORNER OF MERCER.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
HAVE NOW READY
A VERY SUPERIOR STOCK
OF
CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,
IN CLOTH, SILK AND OTHER MATERIALS,
SUITABLE FOR THIS SEASON,
To which they invite special attention.
THESE GOODS,
NOW IN STOCK,
WILL BE SOLD AT PRICES MUCH LESS THAN THE SAME CAN BE DUPLICATED.
CANAL-STREET, CORNER OF MERCER.

DRY GOODS AT OLD PRICES.
NOTWITHSTANDING THE RECENT
LARGE ADVANCE IN DUTIES AND GOLD,
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
WILL
CONTINUE TO OFFER AT RETAIL THE BALANCE
OF THEIR
SPRING IMPORTATION
OF
FANCY SILKS,
GRENADINES,
BAREGES,
GAZE CHAMBRAIS,
GAZE DE SOIES,
ORGANDIES,
JACONETS,
LAWNS,
FOULARDS,
SILK AND WOOL TAFFETAS,
FRENCH POPLINS,
ALPACCAS,
FRENCH MOHAIRS,
MOZAMBIQUES,
&c., &c., &c.
CANAL-STREET, CORNER OF MERCER.

GREAT BARGAINS.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
WILL OFFER ON
MONDAY, MAY 30,
A LARGE INVOICE OF
FRENCH ORGANDIES,
EMBROIDERED IN WHITE COLORS,
NEW AND CHOICE DESIGNS.
TUCKED SACHARRILLA
AND
SHIRRED NAINSOOKS,
FOR
WAISTS, &c.
INDIA MULLS,
PLAID AND STRIPED FRENCH MULLS,
ORGANDIE
AND
REAL SWISS MUSLINS, &c., &c.,
AT 25 PER CENT. LESS THAN PRESENT
IMPORTATION PRICES.
CANAL-STREET, CORNER OF MERCER.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
A very splendid stock; many new designs and styles, beaded and plain; very handsome.
W. JACKSON, Importer,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

AT KINZEY'S
EIGHTH-AVENUE
CHEAP STORE.
BARGAINS FROM LAST WEEK'S
AUCTION SALES.
STRAW GOODS BELOW
LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
28,000 BONNETS, BLOOMERS AND TURBANS,
ALL THE NEW SHAPES AND COLORS.
2,000 STRAW BONNETS, 6c., 10c., 15c.
1,500 BONNETS, NEW SHAPES, 25c., 37c., 50c.
2,000 NEAPOLITAN BONNETS, 50c., 75c., $1.
1,500 SPLIT STRAWS, 25c., 37c., 50c., 75c.
CACTUS BRAIDS, NEAPOLITANS,
PEDAL BRAIDS, DUNSTABLES,
CHINA PEARLS, LEGHORNS,
SPLIT STRAWS, TUSCANS,
SATIN BRAIDS, MILANS, AND
FANCY BRAIDS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
12,000 FINE BONNETS, 75c. to $5.
HATS AND BLOOMERS.
BLOOMERS, at 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c., 31c., 37c.
1,500 PEDAL BRAIDS, at 15c., 25c., 50c.
2,000 LEGHORN BLOOMERS, 50c., 63c., 75c., up.
1,500 FANCY BRAIDS, 37c., 50c., 63c., up.
2,000 TRIMMED BLOOMERS, 37c., 50c., 75c.
3,500 FINE BLOOMERS AND TURBANS, 75c. to $4.
5,000 BOYS' STRAW HATS, ALL STYLES.
4,500 MEN'S STRAW HATS, ALL STYLES.
5,000 SHAKER HOODS, 20c., 25c.
RIBBON DEPARTMENT.
THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
OVER 200,000 YARDS, OF EVERY WIDTH, EVERY COLOR, EVERY STYLE.
COMMENCING IN BONNET-RIBBONS AT 6c. UP.
FLOWER DEPARTMENT.
EVERYTHING IN FLOWERS, 280 DIFFERENT STYLES OF FINE FLOWERS, 3c. SPRAY to $2.
MILLINERS
SUPPLIED AT LESS
THAN JOBBERS' PRICES.
BONNET-SILKS, LACES, ILLUSIONS,
CRAPES, TARLETONS, CAPE NETS, &c., &c.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
BUGLE TRIMMINGS AND ORNAMENTS.
BARGAINS TO BE FOUND IN THE LACE, EMBROIDERY AND HANDKERCHIEF DEPARTMENT.
GLOVE AND HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.
FULL STOCK, ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES.
LOTS OF CHEAP GOODS
FROM AUCTION EVERY DAY.
The cars from the Astor House and Canal-st., and stages from South Ferry, pass the door. Along Broadway, take 23d-st. stages. From Fulton Ferry, take 7th-av. stage to 22d-st.
WM. KINZEY,
NOS. 221 AND 223 EIGHTH-AVENUE,
BETWEEN TWENTY-FIRST AND
TWENTY-SECOND STREETS.

AT NO. 181 EIGHTH-AVENUE.
Just received from Auction,
Rich Plain, Figured and Striped
GRENADINES, TAMARTINES,
LYONAISE CLOTH,
AND MOZAMBIQUES,
Below importers' prices.
Also, a large assortment of Black and Colored
CREPE MARETZ, BAREGES,
BAREGE ANGLAIS, QUEEN'S CLOTH,
ALPACCAS, &c.,
Much below market prices,
At M. ROBERTS, Jr.,
No. 181 8th-av.

CLOAKS,
SACQUES AND MANTILLAS,
The largest and cheapest up town.
SHAWLS,
in all the new styles of the season, at
OLD PRICES.
Rich, plain-colored Silks,
Plaid Silks,
Brocade Silks, Foulard Silks,
Rich Black Taffeta and Armure Silks,
AT OLD PRICES.
Sun Umbrellas and Parasols,
Rich plain and beaded Parasols,
AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
M. ROBERTS, Jr.,
No. 181 8th-av.

R. H. MACY.
NOW OPEN
OUR SPRING IMPORTATION OF KID GLOVES,
ELEGANT SHADES.
BEST QUALITY,
AT LOW PRICES.
Nos. 204 and 206 SIXTH-AVENUE,
TWO DOORS BELOW FOURTEENTH-ST.

CORSETS AND SKIRTS.—MRS. ELGER HAS the best and cheapest assortment in the City. Nice fitting Corsets from $1; new shape skirts, best steels, our own make from 60c. Also, Werley's Paris made patent Corsets. Misses' corsets, pads, steels, busts, &c., &c. N. B.—Crochet and needlework edgings, frillings, rufflings, real and imitation laces, for dress trimmings and under-garments. Ladies' and Children's plain hem stitched and embroidered handkerchiefs very cheap. Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A FARM, FROM 100 TO 200 ACRES, convenient to the City; New-Jersey preferred; the land must be rich and adapted to stock-raising. Apply by letter stating all particulars and price to A. SARGENT, "New-York Club."

WANTED TO HIRE—A PLACE IN THE COUNTRY, with 3 or 4 acres of land, and a house suitable for a gentleman's family of five persons, within one hours' ride of New-York; terms must be moderate. Address E. J. SPINK, No. 5 Beekman-st.

AUCTION SALES.

ADJOURNED SALE
in consequence of the inclement weather.
JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st.
FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON TUESDAY, MAY 31, 1864,
At 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises, in the town of
SCARSDALE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY,
THE HERDSDALE TRACT,
CONTAINING ABOUT
440 ACRES OF CHOICE LAND,
In parcels of from 10 to 50 acres each, on some of which are farm-houses and out-buildings.

This tract was selected by the subscriber with reference to its desirability for villa sites as well as for its productiveness as a farm, and on which he has made improvements and arranged the plots in such divisions as will give to each parcel a commanding view without interfering with the others. The situation is on a ridge of table-land from three to four hundred feet above the level of tide-water, commanding extensive views of Long Island Sound, with glimpses of the Palisades, distant about one and a quarter miles east of the Scarsdale station on the Harlem Railroad. The whole tract is valued at the minimum price of $250 per acre, and each parcel will be put up at an upset price corresponding with its relative value, compared with the whole and sold on bids above such sums. Fifty per cent of the purchase money to remain on bond and mortgage for five years at six per cent. In case the purchasers do not wish to build or improve the first year, the subscriber will allow six per cent. on two hundred dollars per acre for agricultural purposes, for all parcels sold above the average price. Conveyances will be at the Scarsdale station on the day of sale, to meet the 8¼ and 10½ A. M. trains from 26th-st., (arriving at 9¾ and 11:45 A. M.,) to convey persons to the premises, which will afford ample time to examine the property and partake of a luncheon at 12 M., before the sale, and afterward return to the City by the 4:26 or 6:04 P. M. train.
L. G. MORRIS.

For maps and explanations apply to the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st., or to A. FINDLAY, No. 31 Pine-st.
Persons desirous of viewing the premises previous to the day of sale, will find a conveyance at the Scarsdale station, on the arrival of the 8¼ and 10½ A. M. trains from 26th-st.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
By BURDETT, JONES & CO.
UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.
By virtue of orders of sale to me directed by the Honorable District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell at
PUBLIC AUCTION,
FROM STORE NO. 58 WATER-ST.,
ON TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1864,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,
CARGO PRIZE SCHOONER OSCAR,
CONSISTING OF
EIGHTY BALES UPLAND COTTON.
Catalogues and samples of cotton at the office of BENNER & BROWN, No. 113 Wall-st., three days before sale.
JAMES C. CLAPP,
United States Marshal,
Southern District of Florida.

SCRANTON COAL AT AUCTION.
OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD CO., NEW-YORK, May 17, 1864.
This company will hold their Sixteenth Regular Monthly Auction on TUESDAY, the 31st day of May, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of the company, No. 35 William-st., at which time they will offer, by SIMEON DRAPER, Auctioneer,
TWENTY THOUSAND TONS FRESH MINED
SCRANTON COAL,
embracing all the usual sizes, and deliverable at their depot, Elizabethport, N. J., during the month of June next.
The sale will be positive. Each lot put up will be sold to the highest bidder; no bids, in any form whatever, being made for account of, or on behalf of the company.
The terms and conditions will be the same as heretofore, and will be fully made known, at time and place of sale.
Interruptions in transportation compels the company reluctantly to limit the quantity to be offered at this sale to 20,000 tons. JOHN BRISBIN, President.

SALE OF CONDEMNED STORES.
ORDNANCE OFFICE, WATERVLIET ARSENAL,
WEST TROY, N. Y., May 20, 1864.
By direction of Chief of Ordnance, the following-named articles will be sold at public auction, at the Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y., on the first day of June, 1864:
1 Lathe,
1 Ball Press,
1 pair Cylinder Boilers, in good order,
A lot of empty barrels, oil, flour and cement,
About 2,000 lbs. of scrap paper.
About 150 cords of wood, scrap.
About 50,000 lbs. of cast iron, scrap.
About 40,000 lbs. of shells, condemned.
About 280,000 packing-boxes, tin and wood, for percussion caps, different sizes.
Sale will commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Purchasers will be required to pay for and remove the articles purchased without delay. Payments to be made in U. S. Notes.
P. V. HAGNER,
Lieut.-Col. of Ordnance, Com. Arsenal.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.
Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
SALE OF A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF STATUARY, CARRARA MARBLE FIGURES AND BUSTS, MARBLE PEDESTALS, GARDEN VASES, MOSAIC INLAID TABLES, ALABASTER GROUPS AND FIGURES, &c., recently received from Italy. MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction TUESDAY, May 31, and WEDNESDAY, June 1, at 11 o'clock each day, at their salesroom, 37 Nassau-st., the above collection, in which will be found twenty-five figures and busts of statuary, Carrara marble, executed in Florence and other parts of Italy, round and square columns and pedestals for the same; about fifty pieces of alabaster groups and figures, many of them entirely new historical subjects from the best studios of Italy; carved marble and alabaster vases, suitable for either parlor, library or dining-room, of the Roman, Egyptian, Florentine, Gothic and other antique styles, varying in size from one to seven feet in height; tazzas, card receivers, groups of animals, and many other objects of new and beautiful designs—the whole forming one of the largest and finest collections of statuary offered at public auction in this City for many years. The above will be on exhibition MONDAY, 30th inst., and particularly worthy of attention. Goods purchased for shipment can be packed in our store, by the importers, in the original Italian cases, at a small expense.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
THE VALUABLE PRIVATE COLLECTION of PICTURES belonging to the late William Woodville, Esq. HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell at auction, on the EVENINGS of TUESDAY, May 31, and WEDNESDAY, June 1, at 7½ o'clock each evening, at the Old Dusseldorf Gallery, No. 548 Broadway, the valuable private collection of pictures belonging to the late late Wm. Woodville, Esq., of Baltimore, selected by his son, R. C. Woodville, one of the first American artists of his day. The pictures were all obtained from the Studios of the artists in Dusseldorf, and elsewhere, and embrace such splendid works of art as "The Fishing Boats at Sunset," by A. Achenback; Carl Hubner, Breyer, Camphausen, Lachinwitz, the Landseer of Germany; Hasencliver, Bergenthal, Meyer, Von Bremen, Hange, M. Mulder, and others.
Also, a very valuable collection of the first American and European artists, full particulars of which will be found in the Catalogue. They will be on exhibition as above.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
EXECUTORS' SALE OF CENTRAL PARK LOTS.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 31, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of J. Condie and Hugh Gardner, Esqs., executors of Samuel Westbrook, deceased, the following described lots:
8TH-AV.—One lot on west side, 50 feet 5 inches north of 98th-st, 25 feet 3 inches in width by 100 feet in depth. This lot is one of the most desirable on the west side of the Central Park.
100TH-ST.—One lot, south side, 325 feet west of 8th-av., 25 by 100 feet 11 inches.
9TH-AV.—One lot on the southeast corner of the 9th-av. and 100th-st, 23 feet 11 inches in width by 100 feet in depth.
Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York.

GEORGE A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—BIBLIOTHECA AMERICANA—Catalogue of the entire library of Andrew Wight, of Philadelphia, specially rich in rare books relating to America, comprising general, State and local histories, State papers, &c.; a very select series of large paper and early printed books, including over two hundred by Benjamin Franklin and other early American printers; also a superb collection of books in general literature, bibliography and the fine arts, mostly in the finest possible condition, many uncut, the whole of which will be sold by auction at the trade sale rooms, No. 498 Broadway, New-York, by J. E. COOLEY, on MONDAY, June 6, 1864, and following days, commencing each day at 4 o'clock P. M. The books will be on view on Tuesday, May 31, and gentlemen unable to attend the sale can have their orders attended to by the auctioneer. For particulars see catalogues, now ready, price 50 cents.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.
SUPREME COURT SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON STONE AND THOMPSON STS., UNDER THE DIRECTION OF PHILO T. RUGGLES, ESQ., REFEREE.—A. J. BLEECKER SON & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 31, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the valuable warehouse and lot No. 31 Stone-st., size 18 and 17.2x93 and 94.6, running through to South William-st.
ALSO,
the premises No. 66 Thompson-st., near Broome, on the east side, size 34x94.
For particulars, apply to the auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE IN ADMIRALTY.—By virtue of a writ of sale, issued out of the United States District Court for the Southern District of Illinois, in admiralty, will be sold, at public sale, to the highest and best bidder for cash, at Cairo, in said District, on the 8th day of June, A. D., 1864, the following described property, to wit: 3,213 bales and 191 sacks of cotton, a large lot of bagging, &c., &c., the same having been ordered by the Court to be sold for the benefit of whom it may concern.
D. S. PHILLIPS, U. S. Marshal.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 23, 1864.

R. F. KEWIN, Auctioneer.
LARGE SALE OF FASHIONABLE READY-MADE CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.—MOMDAY, May 30, 1864, at 10 A. M., in salesroom No. 23 Bowery, by JULIUS G. SALHINGER, the stock of a dealer declining business, comprising a general assortment of ready-made clothing, cloths, cassimeres, dry goods, boots, shoes, &c., to which the attention of the trade is invited, as the stock will be sold without reserve.
☞ Consignments solicited.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer.
Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
UNITED STATES QUARTERMASTER SALE OF CONDEMNED GOODS.—MINER & SOMERVILLE, will sell at auction on TUESDAY, 31st May, at 12 o'clock M., at No. 40 Vesey-st.: Condemned clothing, woolen and rubber blankets, knapsacks, canteens, haversacks, tents, boots, tin ware, &c., by command of Maj.-Gen. DIX.
T. P. MCELRAITH, Assistant Quartermaster.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.
ON THURSDAY, JUNE 2D, AT 11 o'clock, at their new salesrooms No. 93 Liberty-st., receiver's sale of Railroad and Gas Co.'s Stocks, personal effects and contents of private wine cellar, sold by order of Hon. John B. Haskin, Receiver appointed by the Court. For full particulars see *World* and *Post*.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction, on TUESDAY, May 31, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 137 West 42d-st.:
ELEGANT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ALL NEARLY NEW and very handsome, consisting of rich velvet and Brussels carpets, rosewood parlor suites, covered with silk brocatel, curtains and lace curtains, richly carved centre-tables, fancy chairs, etagere, clock and mantel ornaments, pier and mantel glasses, chandeliers, gas fixtures, dining-room in carved oak, chairs to match, extension-table, &c. Bedrooms, oak suites on second floor, bedsteads, bureaus, chairs, &c., black walnut suite, enameled cottage suite, and other fine furniture. The above is all of the first quality and but little used.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL at auction, on TUESDAY, May 31, at 12 o'clock, in front of our store, No. 93 Liberty-st., a very fine pair of dark bay horses, 15½ hands high, are perfectly gentle and kind in all harness; are reliable and healthy; warranted in all respects; and sold only on account of the owner having no further use for them.

FOR SALE.

PEREMPTORY SALE
at auction, TUESDAY, June 7, at 3 o'clock P. M., on the premises at Passaic, New-Jersey, 10 elegant building sites, of 2 to 10 acres each; beautiful shade-trees and an ever-living stream of cold spring water; half a mile from Erie Railway station at Passaic Bridge; 23 trains daily; 33 minutes to New-York.
For particulars, see D. CROCHERON, auctioneer, No. 52 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF GOSHEN, Orange County, New-York, a house and lot, a few minutes' walk from the depot of the New-York and Erie Railroad. The location is one of the most desirable in the village, and is especially desirable for any one wishing to do business in the City, and to reside in the country. It is on high ground and commands a fine view of the village and the surrounding country. Apply to
Rev. D. WELLS, Goshen, New-York.

VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.
One lot on Franklin-st., west of and near Broadway.
One lot on White-st., west of and near Broadway.
One lot on Lispenard-st., west of and near Broadway.
Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM
FOR SALE ON THE WEST BANK OF
THE HUDSON, OPPOSITE HYDE-PARK.
For sale, on the west bank of the Hudson, opposite Hyde Park, one of the best and most sightly places on the river; fitted up by a gentleman with great care for his own residence. The dwelling is large, outbuildings capacious and numerous, fruit and shades in great variety and abundance; views overlooking the country seats of the east bank of the river for many miles, and most of Dutchess County, Catskill Mountains, &c. Location and atmosphere dry and healthy; water excellent and brought into the house. The property is offered for sale in consequence of the family breaking up and removing. The plot contains 130 acres, including lawn, &c. For further particulars apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT NORTH NEW-YORK.
For sale, houses and lots at various prices; to persons who will build at once great inducements offered; no assessments and taxation light; in every respect the most desirable property ever offered for sale in these suburbs; sandy subsoil, high ground, streets and avenues all graded, being a continuation of New-York proper, and nearer Central Park than 28th-st. Cross 3d-av. Harlem River bridge to 138th-st., and inquire at the Land-office. T. RAE, Agent. Horse railroad along the westerly side of the property; also, gas.

COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM FOR SALE.—One of the most pleasant residences and one of the best farms in the State of New-Jersey, on the banks of the Raritan, directly opposite the City of New-Brunswick. The house is 50x40 feet, two stories, attic and basement, with wings; hall 12 feet wide and fine large piazzas front and rear. The farm contains about 140 acres of very superior land, in a high state of cultivation; good farm-house, carriage-house, ice-house, barns, fowl-house, and all necessary outbuildings; fine garden, fruit, &c., and everything to make the place desirable as a gentleman's residence and profitable farm; cars to and from New-York 12 times a day; several trains stop within five minutes' walk of the house; it is considered one of the most healthy locations within the same distance of New-York; the farm generally yields from 100 to 120 tons of hay a year; the average crop of wheat from 25 to 30 bushels to the acre, and of corn from 100 to 120 in the ear; in the City of New-Brunswick are a college, schools, churches and all the conveniences of a City. The present owner has owned and occupied the place for the last 21 years. All the crops this year promise well. Price, including all the stock, farming implements of every kind, $45,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT STATEN ISLAND FOR SALE—Situated about one mile from the Port Richmond and Factoryville Landings. The grounds, consisting of twelve acres, are tastefully laid out; choicest kinds of evergreens, deciduous trees and shrubs well grown. Large kitchen garden and orchards in full bearing. The lands have a long front on Clove Road; fine stream of water bounds them on the other side. House suitable for a large family, containing about 25 rooms, and has every convenience—gas, hot and cold water, &c. Fine kitchen, laundry, pantry, &c. Fine spring of water for table use; excellent furnace. Drainage has been thoroughly attended to. The place is unsurpassed for healthfulness and beauty; suitable for a gentleman's residence. For further particulars, apply to HENRY PARISH, No. 1 West 19th-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—20,000 ACRES IOWA LANDS OF THE Dubuque and Pacific grant, lying between Fort Dodge and the Mississippi River. A premium was paid for the privilege of selecting these lands. They are of the best quality, and adjacent to the Dubuque and Pacific Road. To farmers or others wishing to emigrate West, they will be sold for approved securities, on very favorable terms and on long time, or will be exchanged for first-class property near New York.
W. L. BARNES, Agent, No. 362 Broadway.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND MANUFACTURERS, DESIROUS OF CHANGING LOCATION OR STARTING ANEW.—Your attention is called to Elizabethport, New-Jersey, as being the best point near New-York, on account of the low cost of coal, iron and lumber, low taxes, and offering all the advantages of the City. Please examine the place before locating elsewhere. Lots for sale on very favorable terms. For particulars apply to COOLEY & HEIDRITTER, Agents, Elizabethport, or E. R. KELLOGG, 139 Pearl-st., N.Y.

FOR SALE—THE SPLENDID MANSION AND farm of George Bradish, on Little Neck Bay, near Flushing, 100 acres of first-class land; pear orchard of 800 trees; fruit of all kinds, of first quality. The Bay is famous for shell and other fish in season; boat and bath houses at foot of lawn; two dwelling houses; the new one a first-class residence, complete in every particular; buildings on premises could not be replaced for $60,000. Views over Bay and Sound unsurpassed. Inquire of
R. C. EMBREE, No. 54 William-st. Room No. 22.
GEORGE BRADISH, No. 27 Cortlandt-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., A handsome country residence, with eight acres of ground, 1¼ miles from railroad depot. On the premises are a double house, with kitchen wing attached, furnished with hot-air furnace, bath-room, range, &c.; a large barn, with cellar, hen-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings, all nearly new and in good order; fine garden, fruit and shade trees, evergreens and shrubbery, grounds bounded by water on one side. Apply on the premises, to J. N. IRELAND, or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT Flatbush, Long Island. Gothic house, with all the modern improvements, together with fourteen acres of land, ornamental and fruit trees, grapery, greenhouse, &c. The above-named property is very desirable, being only 3½ miles from Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn City railroad cars passing the premises, also having a front on the new City Park. For particulars inquire of
JOHN LEFFERTS, Flatbush.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY HOUSE NEAR THE City, only five miles from Fulton Ferry, a beautiful cottage containing 11 rooms in perfect condition, with three acres of garden, full of the choicest fruits, shrubs and flowers, and outbuildings consisting of gardener's house, stables, well, &c., located in a positively healthy neighborhood. Inquire of HENRY JOHNSON, No. 27 Beekman-st., between 10 and 12 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M.

FOR SALE AT NEW-HAVEN, CONN.—A beautiful country seat, with four acres of land, one and a half miles from the centre of the City. The house is new, and contains all modern conveniences; size 48x50, with an addition 45x17, with stable, ice-house, &c. It is delightfully situated on high land, west of Whitney-av., and commands a fine view. Terms reasonable. Apply to ELI WHITNEY.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—near New-Haven, Conn. House contains 14 rooms, is heated with a furnace, is surrounded by beautiful ornamental and shade trees; the place contains 10 acres of ground and a great variety of fruit trees and grape vines in full bearing. A full description of the place will be given by addressing Box 1,079, Post-office, New-Haven, Connecticut.

THIRD-AV. LOTS FOR SALE.—TWO FULL lots on the east side of 3d-av., 50 feet north of 53d-st.; on both sides are four-story brick buildings; a fine business location; also, 4 full lots on the north side of 55th-st., 100 feet west of 2d-av.; three-fourths may remain on mortgage for a term of years. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE PLACE OF SEVEN ACRES of excellent land, large stone house in first rate condition, containing 14 good rooms; garden excellent; abundance of fruit of all kinds; well watered location, very healthy and desirable, in New-Jersey, 20 minutes from New-York, and two minutes' walk from the depot.
W. F. WALKER, No. 49 Dey-st.

FOR SALE AT TARRYTOWN—A FARM OF about 100 acres; it is under good cultivation, well fenced, pleasantly situated, in a good neighborhood, with good river and inland views; is well calculated for subdivision, and will be sold altogether or in parts. Price, $300 per acre. Terms favorable. For further particulars apply at No. 134 6th-av., on or after Monday, 30th inst.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS NO. 83 Marion-st., or the Lying-in-Asylum, near Prince-st. The plot of ground is 75 feet front, 58 feet rear, and about 84 feet deep; large brick building, four stories in height, well adapted for a manufactory or any business requiring much space and light, and near to Broadway. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN TWENTY-THIRD-STREET, near 9th-av., an elegant brown-stone four-story house in fine order. House 24x55 feet. Will be sold with or without furniture. Price $20,000 or $25,000. Possession at once. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY, HIGH STOOP, brown-stone house in 34th-st., near 7th-av.; all modern improvements, in good order; possession immediately. S. F. IRELAND, No. 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 11.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—SIX TENEMENT houses, nearly new, and well let; will be sold in one parcel or separately for cash, or in exchange for good vacant lots. Apply to W. H. RAYNOR, 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.

$6,000.—FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS fruit and garden farm, 15 acres; neat house, 10 rooms, good outbuildings, fine location, near village and depot, 15 miles from City, Northern New-Jersey Railroad. More land if desired.
W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

MARLBORO—FARM OF TEN ACRES, LATELY owned by Mrs. Drake; a very desirable spot, one mile south of the village and one mile west of steamboat landing. Dwelling and barn. Price $3,000. For sale or exchange for Williamsburgh property.
S. COCKCROFT, No. 165 Broadway.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

A BARGAIN—A GOOD INVESTMENT—173 acre farm on the Hudson River Railroad, quarter of a mile from Crugar's Station. For particulars apply to G. W. DITCHETT, Westchester land office, No. 2 New-Chambers-st., second floor.

FOR SALE—AT LAKE MOHICAN, FOUR MILES from Peekskill, a beautiful Swiss mansion, with 75 acres of land, all in fine order, with plenty of fruit and vegetables; well shaded; location very good. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF FAMILY BEREAVEMENT, a fine water-front country residence, for $9,500, (costing, before the war, $16,000,) if sold immediately; 20 acres; 30 miles distant. Apply at Mechanic's and Traders' Insurance Office, No. 48 Wall-st.

TO LET.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT FOR the season, situated upon the banks of the Hudson, twenty miles north of Saratoga. Stages up and down each day. Ten miles south of Lake George. Beautiful mountain scenery, and hunting and fishing; charming lake within five minutes' walk; ample rooms for a family of ten persons, large garden and grounds—one acre. Terms $250 to $300 for season to 1st November. Address ARTHUR B. MALLESON, Luzerne, Warren County, N. Y. Inquire as to locality of WM. F. MOTT, Jr., Esq., William-st., New-York.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE AT NEWBURGH—A furnished house in complete order and four acres of land within walking distance of the ferry and depot. The house is brick, 42 by 44 feet; has all the modern improvements; suitable for a gentleman's residence. Rent $200 per month. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET—SUITE OF ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD on the first floor, elegantly furnished, consisting of double parlor and bedroom, with all modern conveniences; also, suite of rooms on second floor, beautifully furnished, consisting of parlor and bedrooms, or the rooms on second floor will be let single. Any party wishing first-class apartments only, apply at No. 86 9th-st., between 5th-av. and University-place.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—A NEW house, never occupied, now ready, delightfully situated, in an inclosure of 40 acres, with two other dwellings, beautifully finished, and walks and drives of a mile on the premises; sea water bathing, boating and fishing connected with the property; house has 14 large rooms; is distant one hour from the city by New-Haven Railroad. Rent $800. Address K. Box No. 4,616 New-York P. O.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—AT Morristown, N. J., consisting of a large modern house, partly furnished, gas, water, &c.; 9 acres of land, laid out with avenues and walks, and shaded with choice ornamental trees; a great abundance of fruit, garden made, and ice-house filled; location near depot.
S. EDDY, No. 8 Pine-st.

A FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY BROWN-stone house, in 47th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., with carpets, oil-cloths and window shades, can be hired from June 1 to Dec. 1, at a reasonable rent, by applying immediately to JOHN KAVANAGH, northeast corner of 42d-st. and 6th-av.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE FOR THE Summer; is near the Hudson, convenient to railroad station; healthful, supplied with water. Price $400. A farm for sale on easy terms. Inquire at No. 8 Beaver st., or No. 37 Park-row, Room No. 16.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FINELY-LOCATED country seat at Flushing, on Whitestone-av., of three acres; fine garden, abundance of fruit. Also, one at Tarrytown; four acres, stable, and possession immediately. S. F. IRELAND, 5½ Pine-st., Room No. 11.

BUILDINGS AND LOTS TO RENT—SUITABLE for manufacturing purposes, convenient to Hamilton-av. Ferry, Brooklyn. Inquire of C. KELSEY, office on Sedgwick-st. or at his residence, 19 Strong-place.

TO LET—A NEATLY FURNISHED, DELIGHTFUL Summer house, in Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Mass.; stable on the premises. Rent for the season, $500. W. STANLEY, No. 16 Wall st.

TO LET—FOR THE SEASON, AT SARATOGA, A nice dwelling, well furnished; location central and pleasant. S. P. BRIGGS, No. 168 Broadway, Saratoga Springs.

TO LET—A SMALL COTTAGE ON THE BANKS of the Hudson, at Catskill, at a low rent. May 21, 1864. JOHN VAN VLECK, No. 10 Wall-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.—LADIES IN BROOKLYN and the country and proprietors of Summer hotels, will find the largest and most superior selection of servants for every capacity, Protestant and Catholic, at CHRISTOPHER'S Select Agency, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn. Being 16 years established, it is the resort of nearly all first-class servants, and is patronized by the most distinguished families, and its entire business conducted on principles of strict honor.
CHRISTOPHER'S, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS, chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and seamstress, by a Protestant young woman, well recommended. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GERMAN WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid; no objection to the country for the Summer; the best of City reference given from her last place. Can be seen at No. 402 6th-av. Ring the door-bell.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, as chambermaid or to do the work of a small family; has no objections to the country. Good City reference. Apply at No. 412 3d-av., between 30th and 31st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young woman, as infant's nurse and seamstress; has six years of the best City reference; country preferred. Can be seen at No. 125 4th-av., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO COOK, WASH and iron, or do general housework, by a young woman, well recommended. Apply at No. 7 West 11th-st., between Broadway and University-place.

WANTED—A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN A situation for a young woman as chambermaid and waitress. Call for two days at No. 57 5th-av., between the hours of 9 and 12.

WANTED—BY A CAPABLE GIRL, A SITUATION as laundress or chambermaid and laundress; has the best of City references; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as first-class cook, in a private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country; has good City reference. Apply at No. 125 West 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN Protestant girl as chambermaid and to assist in waiting; the best of City reference can be given. To be seen, for two days, at No. 251 7th-av., near 26th-st.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION by a very respectable young widow lady; family of a widower or for single gentlemen preferred; highest references given. Address W. R., Box No. 108 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WOMAN, WITH a small family, a private house to take charge of for the season; no objection to a genteel tenant house; reference if required. Apply at No. 176 East 17th-st., Room No. 7, in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman a situation in a private family as cook; has the best of City reference; no objections to country for the Summer months. Can be seen at 83 East 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman, as cook; no objection to go a short distance in the country; has the best of City references. Can be seen at No. 329 4th-av., near 26th-st.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT COOKS, chambermaids, waitresses, laundresses, seamstresses, nurses, houseworkers, girls lately landed, &c., are immediately suited at the large Employment House, corner 6th-av. and 11th-st. Also male help.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED COOK, with excellent City reference, a situation as cook in all its branches; or as thorough laundress; does fluting and shirt ironing; wages $10. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A SITUATION; understands soups, meats, game and pastry; City reference. Call at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN, with first-class City reference, as chambermaid and waitress; will assist with washing. Call at No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—BY A TIDY GIRL, A SITUATION AS chambermaid and nurse; is quick at the needle; can wait on table; City or country; wages $7. Call at, or address, No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITUATION as nurse and seamstress in a private family; good City reference can be given. Call at No. 212 East 14th-st., Room No. 10.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED ENGLISH WOMAN a house to take care of for the Summer. Can be seen at or address M. J., No. 10, Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PROTESTANT woman, as first-class cook; no objection to the country; City reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av., near 23d-st., 2d floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, by a respectable young girl, as laundress or chambermaid, has the best of City references. Apply for two days at No. 110 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman to do general housework. Best of City reference given. Call at No. 165 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., rear.

ALL RESPECTABLE FAMILIES, BOARDING-houses and hotels can be supplied with good servants from all nations, Protestant and Catholic, at Mrs. YORKSTON'S office, marble building, No. 34 4th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO COOK, WASH and iron, by a young woman, with first-class City reference; understands her work thoroughly. Call at No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—SITUATIONS IN BROOKLYN AND the country for several most thoroughly efficient first-class servants, cooks, washers and ironers, experienced waitresses, nurses, seamstresses and servants of all work, whose references are to our first Brooklyn families, at MANNING'S "Select" Agency, No. 15 Court-st., (Hamilton Building,) Brooklyn. Established under the most distinguished patronage.

ALL EMPLOYERS WANTING FIRST-CLASS servants for the City or country, and all well recommended servants suited in good situations, English, Irish, Scotch, German, American, &c., at RAYMOND'S, 61 Bleecker st., removed from 149 Grand-st.

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WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, having a general knowledge of mercantile business, where by industry he may be able to earn a respectable compensation; writes a good hand, and is quick at figures; stock commission house preferred. Address E. GRIFFITHS, General Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom by an Englishman who knows the City well and understands his business in every respect; is willing and obliging, and can give the best of City reference; age 35. Address E. B., Mr. Smith's seedstore, No. 65 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS VALET, BY A young man, or as servant to an officer in the army or navy; understands cooking and has good references. Call at No 125 4th-av., near 12th-st., in the office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A young man who is a good driver and has experience and good City references, may apply at No. 120 9th-st., between the hours 12 and 2.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man, who is a first-class waiter; can produce the best of City and country references. Call on or address BUTLER, No. 900 Broadway, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS USEFUL MAN, BY a respectable man, lately landed, in City or country; is an excellent hand over horses; a good groom and careful driver; is willing and obliging. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN, a situation as waiter in a private family; understands his business thoroughly; good references given; country preferred. Call at No. 125 4th-av., in the office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman and gardener; willing to make himself generally useful; City or country; good references. Call at No. 61 Bleecker-st.

WANTED—BY A SOBER, SINGLE MAN, A situation as groom, with the best of City reference. Call at No. 2 West 30th-st., stable, for two days.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A FIRST-RATE MAN AND WIFE; the man must understand his business in all its branches, and the woman must understand the care of milk and butter making, and also the proper management of poultry; their recommendations must be satisfactory. Call at No. 66 Front-st., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS, IN A private family, in the country; half an hour from Thirtieth-st. Station of the Hudson River Railroad; one cook and laundress, the other chambermaid and nurse. Inquire on MONDAY, from 10 to 1 o'clock, at the store of C. B. RICHARDSON, No. 596 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SALESMAN IN A country produce commission house, where an opportunity would offer to become a partner, should both parties deem it to be to their interest. Best of reference as to character and capacity. Address Salesman, Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

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WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG MAN of steady habits, as coachman and groom; the best of reference for honesty and sobriety from his last employer. Address P. McG., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, 16 TO 20 YEARS of age; he must be a good penman and of correct habits. Apply at the Land Office, Long Island City, late Hunter's Point.

WANTED—A SMART, ACTIVE BOY, 16 TO 17 years of age to run errands. Address WILLIAMS, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

WOOL SORTERS WANTED—AT CATSKILL Woolen Mill, Leeds, N. Y. Apply at Mill or to SAML. HANNA, No. 143 Chambers-st., New-York.

WANTED—A FEW AGENTS OF THE RIGHT kind, with moderate capital, to sell the Brocksieper Gas Regulator. Office of the company, No. 446 Broadway.

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THE GOLD PEN—THE BEST OF ALL PENS,
MORTON'S GOLD PENS,
THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

On receipt of any of the following sums in Cash, the subscriber will send by return mail, or otherwise, as directed, a Gold Pen or Pens—*selecting the same according to description*, viz.:

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For 25 cents, the Magic Pen; for 38 cents, the Lucky Pen; for 50 cents, the Always-Ready Pen; for 75 cents, the Elegant Pen; and for $1, the Excelsior Pen. These Pens are not numbered, but correspond in sizes to Numbers 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively.

THE SAME PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES, WITH PENCILS.
For 50 cents, the Magic Pen; for 75 cents, the Lucky Pen; for $1, the Always-Ready Pen; for $1 25, the Elegant Pen, and for $1 50, the Excelsior Pen.
These are Well-Finished, Good-Writing Gold Pens, with Iridosmin Points, the average wear of every one of which will far outlast a gross of the best Steel Pens, *although they are unwarranted, and, therefore, not exchangeable.*

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The name "A. Morton," "Number" and "Quality," are stamped on the following Pens, and the points are warranted for six months, except against accident.
The numbers indicate size *only*; No. 1 being the smallest, No. 6 the largest, adapted for the pocket; No. 4 the smallest, and No. 10 the largest Mammoth Gold Pen, for the desk.
Long and medium Nibs of all sizes and qualities. Short Nibs of Numbers 4, 5, 6 and 7, and made only of first quality.
The Long and Short Nibs are fine pointed; the Medium Nibs are broad, coarse business points. The engravings are fac-similes of the sizes and styles.

GOLD PENS WITHOUT CASES.
For $0 75 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 25 a No. 3 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 75 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $2 25 a No. 6 Pen; $2 75 a No. 7 Pen; $3 25 a No. 8 Pen; $4 a No. 9 Pen; $5 a No. 10 Pen; all 1st quality.

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For $1 50 a No. 1 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 3d quality.
For $1 75 a No. 2 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 3 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 a No. 3 Pen 1st quality; or a No. 4 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 3d quality.
For $2 50 a No. 4 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 5 Pen, 2d quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 3d quality.
For $3 a No. 5 Pen, 1st quality; or a No. 6 Pen, 2d quality.
For $3 50 a No. 6 Pen, 1st quality.

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For $2 00 a No. 4 Pen; for $2 25 a No. 5 Pen; for $2 75 a No. 6 Pen; for $3 50 a No. 7 Pen.
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The "1st Quality" are pointed with the very best Iridosmin Points, carefully selected, and none of this quality are sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.
The "2d Quality" are superior to any Pens made by him previous to the year 1860.
The "3d Quality" he intends shall equal in respect to Durability, Elasticity and Good Writing Qualities (the only true considerations) any Gold Pens made elsewhere.
In regard to the Cheap Gold Pens, he begs leave to say that, previous to operating his New and Patented Machines, he could not have made as Good Writing and Durable Pens for the price, had the Gold been furnished gratuitously.
Parties ordering must in all instances specify the "Name" or the "Number" and "Quality" of the Pens wanted, and be particular to describe the kind they prefer—whether stiff or limber, coarse or fine.
All remittances sent by mail in registered letters are at my risk; and to all who send twenty cents (charge of registering,) in addition to the price of goods ordered, will guarantee their safe delivery.
Parties sending Gold or Silver will be allowed the full premium on the day received.
TO CLUBS—A discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed on sums of $12, of 15 per cent. on $24, and of 20 per cent. on $40, if sent to one address at one time.
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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MAY 30, 1864.

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WINTER GARDEN—THRICE MARRIED—FRA DIAVOLO.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—PET OF THE PETTICOATS—EASY SHAVING.

BROADWAY THEATRE—OUR AMERICAN COUSIN AT HOME.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—BEL DEMONIO, A LOVE STORY.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT ARABIAN GIANT, FRENCH GIANT, GIANT GIRL, GIANT BOY, TWO DWARFS, MOVING WAX FIGURES, INFANT DRUMMER, &c., at all hours; JANET PRIDE; HARRISON, COMIC SINGER AND TYROLEAN WHISTLER, AT 3 AND 7½ P. M.

IRVING HALL—SEREOPTICON.

DODWORTH'S HALL—MR. AND MRS. G. VANDENHOFF—READINGS.

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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The dispatch from Secretary STANTON, dated Washington, half-past 9 on Saturday night, is the latest official report of the brilliant army movement by which GRANT has again outflanked the army of LEE, and taken up the march to Richmond by a new line.

We have information of certain movements Gen. GRANT is making with reference to his future base; but, as he may possibly be delayed in the execution of his plans, we withhold our information, and hope that our cotemporaries will not be forward in furnishing it to the enemy.

Our special correspondent, writing from near the Pamunky River, on the morning of Friday last, supplies a brief but perfectly clear statement of the immediate causes which led to the new flanking movement ordered by Gen. GRANT on the rebel right, of which we published the official announcement yesterday. A reconnoissance on Wednesday last disclosed the fact that the rebels were in strong force in our immediate front, a short distance north of Little River. The natural character of the ground was favorable to LEE. The latter, too, had completed the disposition of his forces before the main body of the National army had taken up its position for attack south of the North Anna River. The rebel General, besides, had extemporized defensive works of considerable strength; and Gen. GRANT, having carefully informed himself on all these points, determined to repeat the strategy which had driven LEE from his intrenchments at Spottsylvania. The movement was executed with admirable precision and secresy, and the National army took up its march for the Pamunky River; HANCOCK this time being left to bring up the rear. Friday's work, it was believed, would place the army on the direct highway to Richmond, and within fifteen miles of the rebel capital.

Reports from Fredericksburgh state that guerrillas continue to hover round the town in considerable numbers, and many of them are seen all along the banks of the Rappahannock. On Thursday last, a number of the national troops were attacked while bathing in the river. On Saturday, the steamer *City of Albany* arrived at Alexandria from Port Royal, with 700 wounded on board. The last of the wounded that had been in the temporary hospitals at Fredericksburgh arrived at Washington on Saturday. These included many of the most serious cases, nearly all of them having lost limbs.

Gen. SHERMAN has been particularly fortunate with his supply trains; not for one hour since the the opening of the present campaign has there been the least lack of supplies in any portion of his command. Considering the vast extent of the field of operations, and the unfavorable topographical character of the field, this matter is worthy of special mention.

The Nashville correspondent of the Chicago *Evening Journal*, supplies some additional details of Gen. SHERMAN's advance south of Kingston. On Tuesday, the army resumed its march, and succeeded in flanking JOHNSTON's position in the mountain fastnesses at Altoona, south of the Etowah River. The next place according to the correspondent, that is capable of defence is a mountain region near Marietta, which is about fifteen miles further south, and less than twenty miles north of Atlanta, and the writer seems to think that JOHNSTON does not intend to make a determined stand against Gen. SHERMAN's advance, but that he will fall back as fast as our forces advance, and send the bulk of his troops to reinforce LEE.

GENERAL NEWS.

The schooner *Flash*, from St. Martin's, arrived at this port on Saturday morning. She reports that on the 26th of April, while on the passage from St. Martin to Baracoa, a vessel, which afterward proved to be a Spanish man-of-war, hove in sight and fired two guns, blank, when the *Flash* hove to. She was then boarded by an officer and six marines, who examined her papers, and then sent them on board the man-of-war to be examined by her commander. They were afterward returned and the vessel allowed to proceed. While nearing the *Flash* four musket shots were fired from the schooner, one of which passed close to the Captain's head and went through the mainsail, near the deck.

At an early hour yesterday morning a fire occurred in a frame building, No. 75 Division-street, owned and occupied by BERNARD HELLER, as a dwelling and furniture-store. HELLER's loss on building, stock, and fixtures is about $4,000. Mr. HELLER and his wife, a daughter named JOSEPHINE, aged five years, and SAMUEL HELLER, aged ten months, were all very seriously burned. A little daughter named BETTY, aged three years, was burned to death in the building. One policeman, and three or four firemen were seriously injured by the falling walls, during their efforts to rescue Mr. HELLER's family.

The meeting for Wednesday evening at Cooper Institute, called by Messrs. W. C. BRYANT, CYRUS W. FIELD, HENRY WARD BEECHER, and other citizens of influence, to hear the Rev. SELLA MARTIN on English opinion and feeling toward us, will be presided over by Rev. Dr. MCCLINTOCK, recently from Paris. The Doctor has been settled for four years over the American Protestant Church there, and Mr. MARTIN was a pastor of a church during his two years' residence in England. Both these gentlemen have done good service to the national cause abroad, and are prepared to report from an intimate knowledge, the true views of the people of France and England.

On Saturday a delegation, consisting of Rev. Dr. BRIDE, Senator DOOLITTLE and Hon. A. HUBBLE, waited upon President LINCOLN and presented him with a series of resolutions adopted by the American Baptist Home Missionary Society at the session recently held by them in Philadelphia, indorsing his course and expressing their strongest wishes for his success and the country's welfare. The President, in response, thanked the delegation for their sympathy and support, but said that as he had merely heard the resolutions read, he would ask a little time, and would respond to them in writing.

The funeral of the late Col. GEORGE B. HALL, took place yesterday afternoon, at the residence of his father, Ex-Mayor HALL, No. 37 Livingston-street, Brooklyn. The Rev. Dr. ROBINSON preached the funeral sermon. There was a large attendance of civilians and officers of the different military organizations of New-York and Brooklyn. At the conclusion of the funeral services, the remains of Col. HALL were taken to Greenwood Cemetery, where they were interred with military honors.

At a meeting held last Friday evening, a large number of the retail boot and shoe dealers of this City adopted a resolution to close their respective stores, on and after to-day, at 7 o'clock P. M., Saturdays and days next preceding holidays excepted. The resolution passed, with only four dissenting votes.

We publish in another column some additional particulars of the death of Mr. GIDDINGS, late United States Consul at Montreal.

The Stock Exchange was very dull on Saturday, and although a speculative rise was made in Gold, on various damaging rumors from GRANT's Army, (since set at rest,) the Railway speculation was not moved by it. The export demand for Gold was light.

The New School of Secessionists—Mr. Sumner's Resolution.

In reference to the question of admitting Mr. FISHBACK, the Arkansas claimant, to a seat in the Senate, Mr. SUMNER has submitted the following resolution:

> *Resolved*, That a State pretending to secede from the Union, and battling against the National Government to maintain their position, must be regarded as a rebel State, subject to military occupation, and without representation on this floor, *until it has been readmitted by a vote of both Houses of Congress*; and the Senate will decline to entertain any application from any such rebel State until after such a vote of both Houses.

The principle enunciated here is of supreme consequence. Upon its acceptance or rejection depends the whole mode of reëstablishing the national civil authority over the South.

The old doctrine was, as the doctrine of President LINCOLN is, that rebellion under our system of government can only be a *personal* crime—that the National Government can take cognizance of it only as committed by individuals. It is precisely this which makes the difference between the Union and the Confederation which preceded it. Said HAMILTON, in the fifteenth number of the *Federalist*: "The great and radical vice in the construction of the existing Confederation is the principle of legislation for *States or Governments*, in their corporate or collective capacities, and *as contradistinguished from the individuals* of which they consist." The Constitution was a *popular* Constitution. "We, the people," as its preamble states, ordained and established it. It is the people which it binds, the people which owe allegiance to it, and the people alone which can commit treason against it. If a State passes a nullification ordinance, or a secession ordinance, its act is simply a *nullity*. It is upon that ground, and that only, that the pretensions of the Calhoun school were proved by Mr. WEBSTER, and all other champions of the Constitution, to be fictions.

Mr. SUMNER embraces the Calhoun doctrine, though the peculiar phraseology of his resolution denotes that he is ashamed to face it. He speaks of a State "*pretending* to secede," and yet demands that it shall be "*re-admitted*" only by a vote of both Houses of Congress. This is a solecism. If secession be an actual thing it cannot be a pretense; and yet there can be no such thing as *readmission* unless secession has been an actual thing. It is like talking of readmitting a man into a house who had pretended to go out of it. The strait which produces this confusion and contradiction is obvious enough. If secession is a nullity, as was always maintained by the old school Union statesmen, of course nothing can come from it. *Ex nihilo nihil.* Mr. SUMNER feels the necessity of paying some respect to the old principle, and so uses the word *pretend.* Yet, in the very next line, his language signifies that the secession is not a pretence but an accomplished fact—that it is not a nullity, but has had an actual legal effect. On the one hand he could not afford to outrage too palpably a principle which has always been regarded as the very corner-stone of the Constitution, and its main distinction from the old Confederation; on the other he felt himself obliged to repel that principle or fail in his darling purpose to reduce the rebel States to the condition of territories, mere provincial dependencies. He tries to shape his diction to avoid this dilemma, but only involves himself in absurdity.

Either the "rebel States" are in the Union, or out of the Union. If they are in the Union, they require no "readmission." If they are out of the Union, it must have been through their own act, for the Constitution gives the National Government no power to expel a State. If through their own act, then the extremest Southern theory in regard to the power of secession is established. Its exercise is not the nullity it has always been declared to be, but an act of positive legal force having positive legal effect.

But in what does secession, or pretended secession, consist? The "Confederacy," so-called, is made up of thirteen States—that being the number represented in the rebel Congress. These States effected their secession, as they call it, in various ways—some like Louisiana, by an ordinance passed by a Constitutional Convention, and ratified by the people—some like Georgia, by an ordinance so passed, without ratification by the people—Tennessee, by action of the Legislature, ratified by a vote of the people—Kentucky, by action of what called itself the Legislature, without ratification by the people—Missouri, by a proclamation of the Governor, to whom the Legislature pretended to give discretionary authority. JEFF. DAVIS recognizes the validity of all these methods. Does CHARLES SUMNER? If he does not, where and how does he discriminate? What is the specific criterion by which he would determine whether a State has or has not put itself out of the Union? Can a constitutional convention do it by itself, or must a popular ratification follow? Can a legislature do it by itself, or must a popular ratification follow? It will be a matter of lively public interest to know the precise marks of this new secession school. We take it they differ somewhat from the Jeff. Davis stripe. Otherwise we should not have seen CHARLES SUMNER sitting, without protest, in the Senate by the side of ANDREW JOHNSON, of the State (not Ex-State) of Tennessee, as well as with Senators from Kentucky and Missouri, which JEFF. DAVIS counts as Confederate States.

Mr. SUMNER in his resolution makes it an incident of a "rebel State," that it is "subject to military occupation." But so is a loyal State. Maryland has been virtually so occupied to a greater or less extent ever since the outbreak of the rebellion; but nobody has ever dreamed of precluding her from representation at Washington on that ground. So of Kentucky. So of Missouri. New-York was so occupied at the period of the riots. To prevent local disorders, any loyal State may, if necessary, be militarily occupied. Liability to military occupation is no mark of a "rebel State," nor does the fact of such occupation have anything to do with the right of representation.

Possibly Mr. SUMNER don't make the secession inhere in any civil act at all, but in what he styles "battling against the National Government." But this don't make the thing at all clearer. How is it to be determined whether a State is battling against the National Government or not? There is hardly a slave-holding State that has not men battling on both sides. In the first year of the war, both Missouri and Kentucky had more men fighting against the Union than for it. Did that make them "rebel States?" If it did not, how can it be insistee on any such ground that Arkansas is a "rebel State?" Probably to-day Arkansas has more men fighting for the Union than against it—certainly far more if its black soldiers (as Mr. SUMNER would of course claim) are included in the enumeration. If Mr. SUMNER says the question whether a State is "battling against the National Government" is to be determined by the position of the executive officers and of the Legislature of the State, the fact at once presents itself that many of the States, like Arkansas, Louisiana, Virginia, have two sets of executive officers and two representative bodies, one loyal, and the other rebel—each sustained by a portion of the people of the State. This, therefore, is no test.

The simple truth is that Mr. SUMNER's resolution is a mere jumble of phrases. It has neither sequence nor consistency. It is precisely such a production as might be expected from one who works with his eyes willfully shut to the old and palpable truth that the National Government can exercise authority over individuals only—the "people" who established it—that from them only it can claim allegiance, and on them only it can inflict punishment. Mr. SUMNER is impelled, doubtless, by an idea that Slavery cannot be permanently crushed except by crushing the State organizations of the South; or, what amounts to the same thing, treating them as already crushed through rebellion and secession. The idea is an illusion. Slavery perishes as the national armies advance. The war of itself, as conducted under the military policy of the Emancipation Proclamation, is killing the institution beyond resurrection. The subversive tenets and fatal implications of Senator SUMNER have not even the poor excuse of a plausible necessity.

THE UNION CAUSE ABROAD.—The letter of our Paris correspondent in Saturday's issue revealed a curious state of feeling in the French capital on our prospects. The affairs of this continent, of the United States and of Mexico, are again attracting the greatest attention in Europe. The Secession press of France and England (says "Malakoff") have arrived at a sort of frenzy in their struggle to bolster up the rebellion and to demolish the Union. No lie is too gross, no absurdity too apparent to find place with them; the and official organ of the French Government lies concerning us with just about as much concern as it would about the natives of the South Sea Islands.

He further writes that "the Union cause is regarded as so completely lost that an important Union victory would shake Europe like an earthquake. No such event is deemed possible. All the late events on the circumference of the line of battle are metamorphosed into first-class defeats, and offered to the public as absolute evidence of the invulnerability of the Confederate 'line of iron.'" This was written at Paris on the 13th of the present month, and before the news of GRANT's battle-march had reached Europe. If it be correct that "an important Union victory would shake Europe like an earthquake," they must by this time have heard at least the first rumblings of one. All the lying and abuse of foreign Secessionists cannot cover up the fact that an immense battle was fought on the 5th and 6th of May, and that at its close the great rebel army was compelled to retreat—that other pitched battles were followed by other rebel retreats—that GRANT has forced LEE from the position he tried so hard to hold at Spottsylvania Court-house—that an immense preponderance of captures of prisoners and guns is on our side; and that the Army of the Potomac is unflinchingly pushing its great work to completion. These are facts which they may ignore or falsify if they please; but they are, nevertheless, facts; and even the pimps of power will by and by be compelled to acknowledge them.

We have said a score of times that nothing would count on our side abroad but victories. The justice of our cause, the force of our arguments, the buoyancy of our hopes, and our prophecies of ultimate triumph, are as nothing. But if, in the great campaign now in progress, Gen. GRANT should crush out the army of LEE, and capture Richmond, we shall stand all right abroad as well as at home.

Grant's Flanking Operations.

The official dispatches from the War Office, as well as our own dispatches from army headquarters, furnish accounts of the new flanking operation which the Lieutenant-General has under way. Ten days ago, GRANT having previously tried hard to force the lines of Spottsylvania, began his march on their right flank, and instantly LEE was compelled to retreat. He fell back, however, but a few miles, and again assumed battle-front on the north side of the South Anna, a line which they had long been preparing, and meant to defend to the last. To compel a retreat from this position it is, that the new flanking movement was begun on Thursday night last. The army recrossed the North Anna, whose lines it had forced a few days before, struck a short distance east, and then south for the Pamunky, at the Hanovertown crossing of which it arrived on Friday. The full effect of this march on the army of LEE yet remains to be developed. But that development cannot be long delayed. From GRANT's position on the Pamunky, it is only about fifteen miles to the immediate defences of Richmond, which is a shorter distance than LEE has to travel from the South Anna to reach them.

People who do not study the movements intelligently are making anxious inquiries about GRANT's *base*. GRANT's base is all right. After he had left his lines on the Rapidan, at the opening of the month, he very soon found a new base at Fredericksburgh; subsequently, as he progressed, he abandoned the latter in turn, and made a base at Port Royal. This also, we fancy, he will now abandon; but there is another excellent base all ready for him, not far from his present lines on the Pamunky. When GRANT does not carry his base along with him, as he has done on several occasions, he always finds one very handy. He thus not only outwits LEE, but also MOSBY.

The remarkable series of flanking operations which GRANT began on the Rapidan, and has carried on upon the Po, the Anna, and down as far as the Pamunky—the marvelous skill with which he has manœuvred the army, and the great success which he has achieved, are deserving of profound admiration. Mainly by force of arms it was that he drove LEE's army from the Rapidan, but chiefly by force of intellect he has driven LEE from the all but impregnable positions that he had prepared on the road to Richmond.

There has been a popular impression, springing, perhaps, from the character of the first great battle of our present Lieutenant-General at Fort Donelson, that GRANT, as a soldier, was merely a hard fighter—that his style was simply that of concentrating great masses of men, hurling them upon the enemy or his works, and achieving success, by what is called "pounding," or "Stanton's strategy." The operations in the rear of Vicksburgh, one year ago, showed that this conception was erroneous; for although there never was harder fighting than at the battle of Champion Hills, yet even the grandeur of the fighting seemed obscured by the splendor of the strategy. At the November victory at Chattanooga, again, we heard much of the heroic achievements of the different divisions of the army, and all that ever was said on this point, and much more, was well deserved; but no one who has read the greatest of all military documents, GRANT's Chattanooga report, and observed the maze of strategical and tactical combinations from which victory was brought forth, can have failed to perceive that the intellectual part of the battle—the mode in which GRANT wielded the forces of his brain—lent lustre even to the sublime valor of the simple men of the sword. The impression of his military character, however, to which we at first referred had not died out when the Lieutenant-General, three months since, transferred his headquarters to Virginia, and very many were greatly afraid that the wily and practised LEE would prove more than a match for the muscular Western Hercules. The idea that he was merely a fighter was greatly confirmed in the public mind by the reports of the first two days' battle in the Wilderness; for we heard only of ceaseless, desperate and deadly struggles between huge masses of men, and could discern little or nothing of the soldierly skill that presided over the movements of these masses. Since, however, the course of events and our correspondents have revealed somewhat of the strategy that GRANT has pursued during this memorable month of May—since we have been able to gain glimpses, not only of the movements, but of their mode and their aim, we have been enabled very clearly to discover, not only the blaze of musketry and the march of columns, but the flashing of genius and the triumphs of intellect.

What would it not have cost GRANT to "move directly upon the enemy's works" at Spottsylvania with his whole army? Our intelligent correspondent at headquarters confesses that the position could not thus have been taken, or, in other words, that GRANT might have dashed his whole army against the works in vain. What might we not have paid for the line of the North Anna had GRANT done nothing there but pounding? What streams of bloody currency we might have given for the line of the Little River, of the South Anna, and others, had it not been for the skill of this Commander? The present moment is a critical and a perilous one for him, for the army, and for the country; but we devoutly hope that these intellectual gifts, on which, along with the courage of our soldiers, our hopes are now based, may enable him to continue in his course of victory until the land is free from rebellion.

Secretary Stanton—Military Organization.

Secretary STANTON has been the best abused man of the war. Many of the disasters have been fathered upon him, and very few of the victories have been put to his credit by the public estimation. Without discussing the exact value of his services to the country, it is worth while to consider occasionally one grand fact which is almost forgotten by the public, and yet which must redound in history especially to the credit of his administration. We mean the wonderful organization by which our immense armies are kept constantly supplied with food, clothing, ammunition and weapons.

We had in the Secretary's dispatch, received on Tuesday, a brief record of a single week's administration under the War Department. Within eight days after the great battle of Spottsylvania Court-house several thousand—probably some twenty-five thousand—veteran troops were forwarded to Gen. GRANT, and during the same time rations sufficient for his whole immense army were supplied him. Twenty thousand sick and wounded were transported from the field of battle to the Washington Hospitals and placed under surgical care. Over eight thousand prisoners were conveyed from the field to prison depots, and a vast amount of artillery and weapons won from the enemy were brought away. Several thousand fresh cavalry horses were forwarded to the Army of the Potomac, and many thousands of reinforcements, with arms and ample supplies, were sent to the other armies in the field. During the same week, a fresh army of thirty thousand volunteers was mustered into service, clothed, armed, equipped and transported to their respective positions.

We submit that no military department, not even NAPOLEON's, when he commanded the resources of most of Europe, ever showed a better week's work.

For it must be remembered that supplying, arming and transporting large bodies of men is no easy matter, even for the most experienced departments in the European Kingdoms, where organization has every opportunity to make itself complete. We need go no further back than the Crimean War to see what were the difficulties of the richest Power in Europe, in feeding, arming and caring for an army which was probably little larger than is Gen. BUTLER's now on the James. Who will ever forget the sad scenes of official imbecility and human suffering presented in that campaign? An army, left in Winter with scanty clothing and shoes, poor or meagre rations, without organization of supplies, and the worst provision for the sick and wounded, so that more died of neglect than in battle. The whole difficulty lay simply in *want of organization*—and that applied by a naval Power as wealthy as Great Britain to a small army near the sea.

Let us remember, on the other hand, that for three years the War Department at Washington has been equipping, feeding, arming and transporting an army of at least 700,000 men, to different points as widely distant as the Potomac and the Rio Grande. Voyages have been made of thousands of miles; troops have been forwarded, sometimes within two weeks, to a point 1,500 miles away; marches of a thousand miles over a wasted country have repeatedly been made. Hundreds of thousands of horses have been supplied; artillery by the hundred pieces; small arms by hundreds and hundreds of thousands; coats, shoes, hats, haversacks, and all kinds of equipments by the millions.

Soldiers stationed far in the Northwest, among the Indians; soldiers in the west of Texas; armies in Louisiana and Arkansas; armies in Florida and the Carolinas, and Tennessee and Virginia, over a line of thousands of miles, must all continually be fed and doctored, and supplied with the necessaries of war. And yet, through all this immense administration, we do not remember ever of hearing of a single failure to convey rations, or supply arms or clothing, or equipment or ammunition. The only complaint has been of too liberal a supply. And on the whole, we are assured by military authorities that the care of the sick and wounded has been all that could be expected from a military administration—not being, of course, perfect, but as good as the circumstances of great battles would allow.

Now, wherever individually the credit of this masterly organization may lie, historically it will be ascribed to the War Department. History will show that during a great war, millions of men were armed, equipped, fed and transported, with a silent regularity and promptness to which only the longest experience in military organization can usually attain; and for this the nation has reason to be devoutly thankful.

COLLECTORS' SUITS—A LEAK TO BE STOPPED.—We see by our law reports that the United States Circuit Court disposed of one hundred and seventy-five cases yesterday, which, at first thought, would seem to be a good day's work. The cases, however, were all suits against various Collectors, and the points involved in them had all been previously settled by decisions of the Supreme Court, so that it was, after all, only a matter of form. The question occurs to us why these suits are allowed to be disposed of in this way. They are suits brought by importers, nominally against the Collector of the Port, but really against the Government, to recover back duties, &c., which have been illegally exacted by the Collector. There are always large numbers of cases which involve the same point, and the decision of one of them by the court of last resort, necessarily disposes of the whole batch.

Now any man who in his private business had fifty or a hundred suits commenced against him which involved the same point, would hardly fail, when one had been decided against him, to settle the others at once, and save the costs of further litigation. Why is not the same course pursued by the Government? In these cases disposed of yesterday, for instance, the docket fees of the plaintiffs' attorneys amount to $3,500, beside the clerk's fees. Why was not this amount saved to the Government? Does any one believe that if it was to be paid by the Collectors themselves, instead of by the Government, it would not have been saved?

It seems to us that, unless there is some explanation of the matter, which does not occur to us, here is an opportunity for the Secretary of the Treasury to stop one of those many small leaks which draw, when all put together, such an enormous amount from the Treasury in a series of years.

Liberalism in England.

The open avowal made by Mr. GLADSTONE—in the recent debate in the House of Commons, on the bill conferring the franchise in boroughs on six-pound householders, instead of ten-pound as at present—of broadly democratic opinions, disposing him even to favor "manhood suffrage," promises to rouse the English liberals into fresh activity. The course of events, both on the continent and in this country since 1848, has had the effect of almost completely silencing the agitation for parliamentary reform. Ten years ago it was still so powerful that both Whigs and Tories were compelled to bow to it, by making an extension of the franchise part of their programme. DISRAELI acknowledged its necessity as well as Lord RUSSELL; the only difference between them was about details. But ever since then the movement has been gradually declining, and the apparent break up of our Republic gave it its death-blow. The liberal leaders were all frightened out of their wits by it, and the alacrity with which most of them abandoned both their party and their principles and joined the high Tories in denouncing popular government, will always remain one of the most discreditable incidents in English political history. During the years 1861–62 it would have been hard to find an intelligent man of the middle or upper classes in England who, however warmly he sympathized with the North on general grounds, did not admit that democracy was a failure. There was a complete panic about it amongst all the classes who own any property.

They are now getting rapidly over it, partly because they are better informed as to the nature and origin of our struggle, partly because of our course on the Slavery question, but more than all else, because of our pertinacity in carrying on the war. The strongest argument against democracy in the eyes of most Englishmen—and it was that on which the Tories mainly relied in 1862—is that based on its alleged fickleness and weakness. This has been completely refuted by events, and those who were opposed to an extension of the suffrage from the belief that it would, no doubt, diminish the national strength and lower its standing abroad, have been convinced by what has passed here, that, on the contrary, a broadly popular Government may be the one most capable of great and sustained effort.

To this must be added the fact, that the working of the existing electoral law is anything but satisfactory—so unsatisfactory to all parties that Lord RUSSELL's senile advice to the working classes, a few months ago, "to rest and be thankful," was received by the whole public with a shout of derision. The county voters are falling every year, as the competition for land increases, into more abject dependence on the great landholders, who can now return members to the House of Commons with almost as great certainty as before the passage of the Reform Bill. And, in the boroughs, corruption is rising like a tide. All pretence to purity seems, in the town elections, to be thrown aside by both candidates and electors. The ten-pound householders, mostly small shopkeepers and manufacturers, who, according to the conservative theory of the constitution, are the political trustees of the non-electors, sell their votes nowadays as unblushingly as their sugar or calico. The rapid decline of this class in political virtue is accounted for in various ways; but the explanation given by Mr. JOHN STUART MILL, at a recent meeting of the Social Science Association, is probably the correct one. He ascribes it to the rush into political life of large numbers of men who have made fortunes in trade, and desire a seat in Parliament as a means of acquiring social position; in other words, obtaining an entrance for themselves and their wives to the drawing-rooms of the aristocracy. Heretofore the candidates for seats were generally drawn from the ranks of the old gentry, to whom the privilege of putting "M. P." after their names brought little or no social elevation. They were, therefore, less eager for it, and even if they had the money, were rarely willing to purchase it. But the new men, the great spinners and weavers, and contractors, ironmongers and shipbuilders, are desperately eager, and not very scrupulous, and send their agents into the market to buy up votes, just as they send them to buy up cotton or lumber, or pig iron. The result is that it is now felt in the House of Commons that the trial of election petitions, based on charges of bribery, is a farce. All that is ever elicited by them is that one party spends more freely than the other.

Everybody, Tory as well as Liberal, confesses this is a horrible state of things, and the Tories are compelled to acknowledge that it destroys one of the strongest objections to an extension of the suffrage. If the working classes were all admitted to the exercise of the franchise, they could not make a worse use of their votes than sell them, and it cannot be denied that the larger the number of electors the greater the difficulty of bribing them. Moreover the working classes are gaining every year in intelligence, in wealth, and, though last not least, in numbers. The non-electors are now an enormous body. All concede that when next they knock in real earnest they must be let in. The Liberals ask, and Mr. GLADSTONE at their head, is it not better to let them in voluntarily, as an act of justice, than wait till they begin to threaten?

What intelligent Englishmen most fear from the extension of the suffrage is, that it would result, as it has to a certain extent resulted here, in the exclusion from all share in the administration of the Government of men of culture and learning and refinement, and the substitution of glib and superficial and unscrupulous demagogues and adventurers. And there is no question that any change which shoves men like GLADSTONE, and RUSSELL, and STANLEY, and DERBY, out of public life, would be an immense misfortune. How to guard against it, while diffusing the franchise, will be for the next few years the great problem that will occupy English politicians, and it will be very interesting and may be very instructive to us to witness their manner of solving it.

Amusements.

Mr. WALLACK is determined to end the season gallantly. Although it is far advanced, and the public begins to show an indifference to indoor amusements, Mr. WALLACK keeps up the interest of his programmes, and to-night produces a new play of unusual promise. It is from the pen of Mr. G. H. LEWES—an English writer, of universal culture, whose labors have graced almost every branch of letters—and is called "Capt. Bland." A singular feature about this piece is that it has not yet been played in England. Mr. LEWES will receive his first verdict from New-York. The *caste* at Mr. WALLACK's is excellent, and sufficient to insure the best of introduction for "Capt. Bland." The "Wife's Secret" was given last week, and Miss COOMBS appealed to her friends from the vantage ground of a thoroughly melo-dramatic *rôle*. We cannot compliment the lady on her success. The manner of the Provinces clings to her yet, and will take long to eradicate. Nothing but the beauty of Miss JANE COOMBS, and her easy, graceful and well-bred presence excuse the common-place outbreaks and positive storminess of her last scene in this play. The male characters were well played, and Miss IONE BURKE did excellently in the most important part she has yet essayed.

There will be no change of programme at Niblo's Garden. At the Olympic the amusing piece called the "Pet of the Petticoats" will be revived, with Mrs. JOHN WOOD as *Paul*. We will venture to predict that this Paul will prove more attractive than the last one.

We have spoken already of the comic version of "Fra Diavolo," now playing at the Winter Garden. It will surprise no one to hear that it has proved an unmistakable success. The house is crowded every night to its greatest capacity, and such roars of laughter are seldom heard anywhere. The dialogue is excellent. It bristles with puns and jokes, which, however far-fetched, still retain a fine flavor of fun—a flavor which Mr. BYRON has forgotten to impart to some of his later writings. The situations too—reflecting grotesquely those of the opera—are often irresistible. Still it must be confessed that the success of the extravaganza is due mainly to the admirable way in which it is put upon the stage, and acted. Mrs. FLORENCE, as *Fra Diavolo*, has perhaps the least interesting *rôle* of her extensive reportoire. She dresses it, however, very nicely, and sings a great many songs—not quite so nicely. *The* character is *Beppo*, a brigand, of a large Italian pattern—played with enormous breadth of humor by Mr. J. W. FLORENCE, whose specialty seems to be burlesque acting, instead of Irish buffoonery. His "make up" alone is convulsive, and all his entrances and exits overwhelm the audience by their sheer fun. There is no other actor in the country whose drollery is so peculiar and original. Fortunately, Mr. FLORENCE finds an excellent companion in Mr. DAVENPORT, who, in this and everything else, does his best, and does it well. The general distribution of the parts could hardly be better. Mrs. CHANFRAU is a charming *Zerlina*, and Mr. VINING BOWERS sings and acts well as the military policeman. The burlesque has suited the public, and will doubtless run for several weeks.

A judicious change in the kind of entertainments at the Broadway Theatre has brought with it a desirable difference in the prosperity of that establishment. Mr. CHANFRAU has been playing *Lord Dundreary* and *Brother Sam* in GAYLER's version of the "American Cousin" to very good houses. The first is a good imitation of SOTHERN; the second has original merits of its own: both are amusing and laughable. The piece is played well by Mr. CHANFRAU, Miss FANNY BROWN, and Miss BONIFACE—the last named a young lady of great promise. Some additions are still needed to the male department of the theatre, which is weak. These will, we presume, be made in good time. There is a creditable determination on the part of the management to restore the fortunes of the Broadway Theatre.

"Janet Pride" has been revived with great success by Mr. BARNUM. It is one of the best of BOUCICAULT's many powerful sensation dramas.

HELLER's "Salle Diabolique" continues to be crowded.

In consequence of the bad weather little CLARA FISHER did not give her first concert on Thursday last.

There will be an entire change of programme to-night, at the Stereopticon, Irving Hall.

BROOKLYN MUSEOLA ASSOCIATION.—The Grand Promenade Concert of this association will take place at the Academy of Music (Brooklyn) to-morrow evening. Miss KELLOGG is announced for the occasion, and it will undoubtedly be a choice affair.

MRS. HOLMAN'S BROADWAY ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—This neat, cosy, fireside establishment is now in the full tide of success, and has become quite a fashionable resort. The opera of "Cinderella" has been very effectively put on the stage, and the little performers sustain their parts in a most creditable manner. Miss SALLIE HOLMAN sings ROSSINI's gems very beautifully, and Master ALFRED performs his drum solo in a manner yet to be excelled. The Academy has been well filled every night since its opening, by the lovers of that which is chaste and beautiful. "Cinderella" will be performed every evening this week, and a matinée will be given on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

LITTLE CLARA FISHER'S CONCERT.—This concert, which was postponed on Thursday last, on account of the rain, will be given this evening at Niblo's Saloon. The popularity of this little artiste will doubtless secure for her an excellent house. She is to be assisted by Messrs. J. R. THOMAS, J. E. MAEDER and GEORGE SIMPSON.

THE NEW-YORK MONTHLY.—The May number of this spicy little sheet has just been issued, and is full of interesting matter, criticisms, fashions, gossip, &c. The paper is deservedly popular in family circles. It is edited and published by Miss KATE J. BOYD, a lady whose talents are well known in the literary world.

Robbery at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Sunday, May 29, 1864.

DUHM & Co., jewelers, were robbed yesterday of $7,000 worth of diamonds.

Markets.

OSWEGO, Saturday, May 28.

FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT firm, with better demand; sales 15,000 bushels Canada Club at $1 46; 12,000 bushels Milwaukee Club at $1 48@$1 50; 1,000 bushels Winter Red Indiana, on private terms. CORN scarce, and firm; sales last night 11,000 bushels Old Illinois Yellow, at $1 34½. OATS steady; sales 11,000 bushels Canada, at 80c. PEAS dull; sales 1,800 bushels Canadian, at $1 10. CANAL FREIGHTS firmer, but unchanged; on Flour, 42c.@43c.; Wheat and Peas, 10c. to New-York. *Lake Imports*—51,000 bushels Wheat, 47,000 bushels Corn, 11,000 bushels Oats, 9,000 bushels Peas. *Canal Exports*—2,450 bbls. Flour, 6,400 bushels Wheat, 22,000 bushels Corn, 6,700 bushels Barley.

CHICAGO, Saturday, May 28.

FLOUR active and advanced 5c.@10c. WHEAT steady at $1 28 for No. 1, $1 25¾ for No. 2. CORN quiet at $1 14@$1 14½ for No. 1, $1 09¾@$1 11 for No. 2. OATS quiet and declined ¼c.@½c., at 68¼c.@68⅜c. HIGHWINES $1 21½@$1 22. FREIGHTS steady. *Receipts*—4,000 bbls. Flour; 60,000 bushels Wheat; 113,000 bushels Corn; 31,000 bushels Oats. *Shipments*—8,500 bbls. Flour; 42,000 bushels Wheat; 62,000 bushels Corn; 29,000 bushels Oats.

ALBANY, Saturday, May 28.

FLOUR and WHEAT steady. CORN active; sales 45,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago and new Northern, afloat and to arrive at $1 45. OATS active; sales 3,600 bushels, at 86c. for Canadian; 87½c.@88c. for State; *Shipped by tows*—16,000 bushels. CORN; 60,000 bushels [illegible] 68,000 bushels WHEAT; 16,000 bushels OATS.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, May 28.

FLOUR dull and heavy. WHEAT dull; Southern Red $1 95@$2 00. CORN advanced; sales 5,000 bush. White $1 36@$1 37. WHISKY firm; Ohio $1 31

G—1863—B.]

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"Very beneficial when suffering from colds."
REV. S. J. P. ANDERSON, St. Louis.

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REV. A. C. EGGLESTON, New-York.

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T. DUCHARME,
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As there are imitations, be sure to OBTAIN the *genuine*.

Morton's Gold Pens are now sold at the same prices as before the commencement of the war; this is entirely owing to the Manufacturer's improvements in machinery, his present large Retail Business and Cash-in-Advance System; for, until he commenced advertising, his business was done on Credit and *strictly with the Trade*.

The Morton Gold Pens are the only ones sold at old prices, as the makers of all other gold pens charge the Premium on the Gold, Government Tax, &c.; but Morton has in no case changed his prices, wholesale or retail.

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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"
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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus,"

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name.
Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
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GENTLEMEN'S HATS,
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FORTY DISTINCT STYLES,
All entirely new, and forming the very
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The defect heretofore existing in the construction of trusses has at last been overcome. This dangerous disease can now be cured POSITIVELY by using the new and celebrated WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS, made entirely different in principle and action from all others in use. It is LIGHT, CLEAN and EASY; no pressure on the BACK or CORD, power made STRONGER or WEAKER at PLEASURE, sure to hold and cure, is comfortable, and will not get out of place.

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Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricopherous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.,) chaps, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

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The Arm and Leg (Palmer's Patent,) supplied soldiers by the inventor, Broadway, corner Astor-place, New-York, and No. 1,609 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia. By order of the SURGEON-GENERAL.
B. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon-Artist.

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GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
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Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stich Sewing Machines.
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MARRIED.

MCMANN—KNAPP.—On Thursday, May 26, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Mr. Lord, JAMES D. MCMANN, Jr., to AMANDA, eldest daughter of David H. Knapp, Esq., all of this City.

PAXTON—PLATT.—On Tuesday evening, May 24, by Rev. Thomas Lodge, JAMES B. PAXTON to LOTTIE F. PLATT, all of this City.

DIED.

DUVALL.—On Friday, May 27, RICHARD M., only son of Mary and the late Edward Duvall, in the 31st year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, No. 507 Greenwich-st., this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

FITCH.—In Williamsburgh, N. Y., on Sabbath morning, May 29, of disease of the heart, LUCY S., wife of Edward Fitch, in the 46th year of her age.

The funeral services will be held in Christ's Church, Bedford-av., Tuesday, the 31st, at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Mahoning and Geauga County (Ohio) papers please copy.

GAMBLE.—On Sunday, May 29, HENRY H. GAMBLE, in the 54th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further invitation, from St. Luke's Church, in Hudson-st., on Tuesday, the 31st inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

HARRISON.—On Thursday, May 12, in the battle of the Wilderness, Virginia, CHARLES H. HARRISON, son of Edward C. and Maria Harrison, in the 21st year of his age.

HOMAN.—At South Haven, L. I., on Wednesday morning, May 25, of neuralgia in the stomach, ANGELINE, wife of Charles Homan, aged 63 years.

JUBEL.—In Paris, France, on Friday, May 6, in the 84th year of her age, CORNELIA, daughter of the late Walter Livingston, of Livingston's Manor, and widow of the late John Jubel.

JARVIS.—On Saturday evening, May 28, Mrs. MARIA JARVIS, of the Highlands, Navesink, N. J., aged 67 years.

Her friends, and those of her sons-in-law, Capt. Molyneux Bell and Anthony Allaire, also of her daughter, Mrs. M. H. Tuffs, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, without further notice, from No. 52 Amity-st., at 3 o'clock on Wednesday, June 1.

☞ Monmouth County (N. J.) and Albany (N. Y.) papers please copy.

LYNDALL.—At Washington, on Monday, 23d inst., JOSEPH LYNDALL, recently a member of the London Young Men's Christian Association.

The funeral services will be held on Monday afternoon, 30th inst., at 5½ o'clock, at the Rooms of the New-York Young Men's Christian Association (Bible House), 3d-av., corner 9th-st. The members of the Association, and young men generally, are invited.

LEEDS.—On Friday, May 27, TIMOTHY C. LEEDS, formerly of Boston, aged 57 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at the house of his brother-in-law, No. 10 Harrison-st., South Brooklyn, on Monday, the 30th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

MARVIN.—At Morrisania, on Saturday, May 28, ANNA GERTRUDE, only daughter of James R. and Henrietta M. T. Marvin, aged 2 years, 1 month and 3 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, at Morrisania, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

MONK.—At the Armory square Hospital, Washington, on Saturday, May 28, of wounds received in battle on the 10th inst., First Lieut. WILLIAM H. MONK, of Co. E, 10th Regiment N. Y. S. Vols., aged 29 years.

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

MECKLEM.—On Sunday, May 29, of diphtheria, ROYAL, only son of George G. and Mary D. Mecklem, aged 3 years and 2 months.

The funeral services will be held at the residence of his uncle, Oliver S. Leland, No. 127 Lexington-av., on Tuesday, May 31, at 2 o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend without further invitation.

PARK.—In Waterville, Oneida County, N. Y., on Friday, May 13, STANTON PARK, in the 73d year of his age.

TOMPSON.—On Sunday morning, May 29, JAMES TOMPSON, of New-York, and late of San Francisco.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his brother, Thomas Tompson, No. 94 2d-av., on Tuesday, the 31st inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further invitation.

☞ San Francisco papers please copy.

WEEKS.—At Weeksville, L. I., on Saturday, May 28, JAMES WEEKS, in the 74th year of his age.

His funeral will take place from the Colored Baptist Church, Ninth Ward, Brooklyn, at 1 o'clock this (Monday) afternoon.

WINANS.—On Saturday, May 28, THEODORE L. WINANS, of Jersey City, N. J., aged 30 years.

Funeral will be attended from the house of his father-in-law, H. G. Mason, No. 230 South 4th-st., Jersey City, this day, (Monday,) May 30, at 1 o'clock P. M. Friends of the families are invited to attend.

WILMURT.—On Sunday, May 29, WALTER GEORGE WILMURT, son of Thomas A. and Anne K. Wilmurt, aged 6 years and 22 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 88 Grove-st., this (Monday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 351.—May 28, 1864.
59, 58, 9, 24, 45, 35, 49, 26, 66, 13, 38, 32, 73, 14.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 352.—May 28, 1864.
2, 62, 12, 1, 15, 60, 34, 66, 41, 17, 35, 26, 68.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE
SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.

EXTRA CLASS 255—May 28, 1864.
6, 45, 35, 41, 28, 15, 27, 67, 71, 34, 75, 68, 63, 29.
CLASS 256—May 28, 1864.
NOT RECEIVED.
Z. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers.
Covington, Ky.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—HIGHEST premium paid for prizes—information given. Doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver wanted.
ALECK & CO., Brokers,
Nos. 24 and 26 Pine-st., New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—FORTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver.
TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

NINTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 363 Broadway, corner Franklin-st.

MAY 23, 1864.

This bank has a cash capital of
ONE MILLION DOLLARS,
and will commence business in its new banking-rooms, corner of Broadway and Franklin-st., on THIS DAY, May 25, 1864.

We invite accounts and will discount business paper and receive all National Bank bills at par, and make collections throughout the United States and Canada at the lowest rates. Uncurrent money will be received, on deposit, deducting for Eastern one-tenth per cent. and for State one-fourth per cent.

This bank will have a large deposit from country banks, and is Fiscal Agent for the United States and depositary of public moneys, and will receive subscriptions for the
10-40 LOAN.
and allow one-eighth per cent. discount.

We are sure you will find our Institution one of the most agreeable and advantageous places to do business in this City.

JOSEPH U. ORVIS, President.
H. M. HUMPHREY, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
WM. A. KOBBE, of Kobbe & Corlies, Auctioneers, Nos. 87 and 89 Leonard-st.
THOS. A. VYSE, JR., of Vyse & Sons, Importers, Nos. 374 and 380 Broadway.
GEO. A. WICKS, of Wicks, Smith & Co., Importers Dry Goods, No. 81 Franklin-st.
B. L. SOLOMON, of B. L. Solomon & Son, Upholstery, No. 369 Broadway.
GEO. A. FELLOWS, of Gordon, Fellows & McMillan, Wholesale Grocers, Nos. 14 and 16 Beaver-st.
SOLOMON L. HULL, of Hull, Constable & Arnold, Attorneys, No. 18 Wall-st.
CHAS. MINZESHEIMER, of Minzesheimer Bros., Manufacturers Shirts, No. 377 Broadway.
J. O. WHITEHOUSE, Shoe Manufacturer, Nos. 5 and 7 Dey-st.
JOSEPH U. ORVIS, Newell & Smith, Silks, &c., No. 333 Broadway.

AND IT CAME TO PASS IN THE REIGN of Abraham, whose surname was Lincoln, in the eighty and sixth year of the Independence of the States of America, that a mighty rebellion arose in that land. And Abraham said unto Simon from the Keystone State, "Be thou my armor-bearer." And Simon did as he was commanded, and marshaled immense hosts of young and valiant warriors from the East, even from the Kennebec; from across the great River Mississippi, and from beyond the Rocky Mountains—from every State called he some. And being of the kind whose hair curled not a little, they said, "Those who have risen against us are cowards, and when they behold our banners they will surely run"—but they didn't. And it came to pass these two mighty armies went forth to fight on the plains of Manassas. And Simon's men, though valiant and brave, were smote hip and thigh, even so much that they hurried brilliantly back to lean in Abraham's bosom. And many were slain, but more were wounded. Then there was great commotion throughout the land. And Abraham called aloud upon the wise men and men of skill to save the sick and give new strength unto the wounded. And, lo! there arose in the North one Drake, cunning in medicine, but of exceeding modesty. And when Abraham and the people beheld the wonderful cures which were wrought by Drake, Abraham said: "My children must not suffer; give me thy drink to drink, and I will give it a name." And so Abraham drank, and said there was nothing like it, not even in Sangamon County; that it was bitter to the lips yet good for the stomach; and because these were bitter times in fighting the masters of the plantations, it shall for evermore be called "Plantation Bitters." And so it has been. And the wonderful work which it has performed is witnessed at this day in every town, parish, village and hamlet, where the habits of civilization produce dyspepsia, where war creates accidents, and where climate or exposure destroys strength and appetite. And he said: "Let it be proclaimed throughout the length and breadth of the land, from the valleys and mountain-tops, that all who suffer from fevers, dyspepsia, weakness, loss of appetite, nervous headache and mental despondency will find relief through the Plantation Bitters. They add tone to the stomach and brilliancy to the mind, of which I, O people, am a living example." And Drake did as he was commanded, and got him a place in the great City of New-York. And as many as came in unto him were healed and went on their way rejoicing.

HUGE SALE OF GENTS' LINEN COLLARS
AT RETAIL.
P. F. SMITH & BLAKE, NO. 379 BROADWAY,
are now receiving from the celebrated TROY COLLAR WORKS, OVER SEVEN THOUSAND DOZEN Gent's 3 and 4-ply LINEN COLLARS, of superior quality and finish, to be closed out at the extraordinary low price of
TWO DOLLARS PER DOZEN.
Six collars for one dollar; three collars for 50 cents.
A SINGLE COLLAR TO TRY, 20 CENTS.
These goods are all of the latest styles in "turn-down" and "garrote," and are the *quality* usually retailed at $3 per dozen. *Every collar warranted.*
THE LARGE STORE CORNER OF WHITE-STREET.

THE GOVERNMENT LOAN
OF
$200,000,000.

This loan is authorized by Act of Congress of March 8, 1864, which provides for its REDEMPTION IN COIN, at any period not less than ten or more than forty years from its date, at the pleasure of the Government.

Until its redemption, five per cent. interest is to be paid semi-annually, IN COIN.

Subscriptions to the Loan are received by the National Banks in United States notes, or in such currency or other funds as are taken by them on deposit at par.

Its exemption from State or local taxation adds from two to three per cent. per annum to its value.

The rate of interest on this loan, although but five per cent. in coin, is as much greater in currency as the difference between the market value of currency and gold.

As a rule, the five per cent. specie securities of all solvent Governments are always at par or above, and currency now funded in the National Loan will be worth its face in gold, besides paying a regular and liberal percentage to the holder.

The authorized amount of this loan is two hundred million dollars. The amount of subscriptions reported to the Treasury at Washington, during April and May, has been over

$60,000,000.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States at Washington, and the Assistant Treasurers at New-York, Boston and Philadelphia, and by the
First National Bank of New-York, No. 4 Wall-st.
Second National Bank of New-York, 23d-st. and Broadway.
Fourth National Bank of New-York, Pine-st.
Fifth National Bank of New-York, No. 338 3d-av.
Sixth National Bank of New-York, 6th-av. and Broadway.
Ninth National Bank of New-York, No. 363 Broadway.
Tenth National Bank of New-York, No. 240 Broadway.
Central National Bank of New-York, No. 71 Duane-st.
National Exchange Bank of New-York, No. 184 Greenwich-st.
AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS
which are depositaries of public money, and all
RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS
throughout the country, (acting as agents of the National Depositary Banks,) will furnish further information on application and
AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

THE DRAFT POSTPONED.

TWELVE HUNDRED VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

A CHANCE FOR PATRIOTS!

It having been determined that the City of New-York is deficient only TWELVE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEEN men, in its quota under the President's call for 200,000 men, the Draft has been postponed for a few days, in order to enable the filling of the quota, if possible, by volunteering.

The County Volunteer Committee now appeal to the patriotism of the citizens of this County to aid them in raising the Twelve Hundred and Seventeen Men needed, and thus save the County from the misfortune of a Draft.

The County Volunteer Committee will pay the following bounties until further notice:

FOR ARMY RECRUITS	$300
FOR MARINES	300
FOR NAVAL RECRUITS FOR THREE YEARS	300
FOR NAVAL RECRUITS FOR TWO YEARS	200
FOR NAVAL RECRUITS EOR ONE YEAR	100

A County premium of $10 will also be paid for bringing an army recruit to this office, in addition to the Government premium of $10, and a County premium of $20 will be paid for bringing a naval recruit.

Let the citizens of New-York make one grand and final rally to save us from the impending draft.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor,
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor,
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, May 11, 1864.

THE REMEDY OF THE AGE.
THE CELEBRATED
TROPICAL BALSAM,
PREPARED BY CARRENO BROTHERS & CO.
Known as INFALLIBLE for the speedy cure of
PHTHISIS, CROUP,
and all other affections of the
CHEST AND THROAT.
Affections resulting from
FALLS, BLOWS OR BRUISES,
HEMORRHAGES,
WOUNDS,
CONTUSIONS,
ULCERS,
PILES,
FELONS,
BURNS,
CHAPPED LIPS, HANDS, &c.,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
EARACHE,
AND ALL OTHER
NEURALGIC, RHEUMATIC, and
SPASMODIC PAINS

Valuable letters, certifying to the wonderful cures effected by this precious medicine, are published in the TRIBUNE, the INDEPENDENT, and the COURRIER DES ETATS-UNIS.

Full directions for use are around each bottle, and circulars containing said directions and a large number of testimonial letters, can be had at the General Depot, and will be sent to private residences on request.

Heads of families are advised to keep always this Balsam by them, in order to use it in time in cases of WOUNDS, HEMORRHAGES, BURNS, BRUISES, &c., thus obtaining an immediate cure, and saving time, sufferings, and money; also, those who are devoted to such occupations as expose them to danger, or require the use of instruments wherewith they may be injured in any way.

Price of bottles, 37 cents, and $1.

General Depot at WM. E. SIBELL'S, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York. Retailed in the drug-stores in New-York, Brooklyn and Baltimore.

GARDEN AND CEMETERY ADORNMENTS.

VASES, STATUARY,
FOUNTAINS,
JETS AND BASINS,
SUMMER HOUSES,
ARBORS,
CHAIRS,
SETTEES, &c.
WIRE TRELLISES AND ARCHES,
FOR VINES, FLOWERS, &c.
STABLE FIXTURES,
HAY-RACKS, MANGERS,
STALL-DIVISIONS, &c.
IRON FURNITURE,
BEDSTEADS,
CRIBS,
CRADLES, &c.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO EXPORT TRADE.
IRON-RAILING,
FOR ENCLOSING CEMETERY LOTS.
EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS
OF
THE PATENT WIRE-RAILING, WINDOW-GUARDS, &c.
CHASE & CO.,
No. 524 Broadway, New-York,
Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES,
Pearl Mottled, Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.

BEEBE'S KITCHEN RANGES,
THE BEST COOKING APPARATUS IN USE.
They are
SUBSTANTIAL, ECONOMICAL
in the consumption of coal, and
SURE BAKERS.
Put up and warranted by
JANES, FOWLER, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Late Janes, Beebe & Co.,
Corner of Reade, Centre and Elm sts.,
One block from Broadway.

HOT-HOUSE GRAPES,
STRAWBERRIES AND OTHER CHOICE FRUITS
constantly on hand at
J. S. BARNES', No. 702 Broadway.

DEAFNESS.
IMPAIRED SIGHT,
NOISES IN THE HEAD.
CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS
IN THE
THROAT,
CHRONIC CATARRH,
CATARRH OF THE TYMPANIC MUCOUS MEMBRANE, OBSTRUCTION OF THE EUSTACHIAN TUBE,
CURED.
CROSS-EYE STRAIGHTENED IN ONE MINUTE.

And every disease of the Eye and Ear requiring either medical or surgical aid, attended to
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,

Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with the New Mode of Treatment," at his office,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.

No. 816
BROADWAY.

OPINIONS OF THE NEW-YORK PRESS:
From the Journal of Commerce.

CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.
CATARRH CURED.

THE CASE OF HUTCHINGS, THE "LIGHTNING CALCULATOR."

There was published in these columns a few days since the remarkable cure of Hutchings, the "Lightning Calculator," so well known to the public during the many years he exhibited his wonderful arithmetical powers at Barnum's Museum, by the celebrated Oculist and Aurist, Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Hutchings is represented to have been at the point of death, and but for the timely interference of the Doctor, would now be resting in his grave. This is a remarkable case, and worthy of the attention of persons similarly afflicted.

We think it is but just to Doctor Von Eisenberg to call public attention to this case. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, who, like the "Lightning Calculator," if not actually praying for death, are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is within his power to make them whole or not.

DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.
DEAFNESS CURED.
From the Tribune.

EARS TO THE DEAF.

Every man, and especially every woman, believes in his or her physician. There are philosophical minds which hold to an abstract faith in Allopathy, or Homeopathy, or Hydropathy, or some other form of scientific cure; but with the world at large the belief is not in the system, but in the doctor. Especially is this true as regards aurists and oculists. The patient who has recovered his sight or his hearing is sure that the blessing could have been restored to him by no other practitioner than that particular one by whom his eyes or ears were opened. Dr. Von Eisenberg is among our best-known aurists. He has not lent us ears as a brother practitioner has eyes, and in whose skill, therefore, we believe above all others. But we hear of him from those who esteem him not merely as a surgeon, but as a benefactor. A recent case has been related to us, for the truthfulness of which we can vouch, though we can name no names. The patient was a lady who had been deaf from infancy, as a consequence of some of the ailments to which children are liable. Latterly the disease had taken an acute form, and the patient was subject to intense suffering. The deafness was rapidly becoming complete, and the general health breaking down under the physical exhaustion attendant upon constant pain. Ordinary remedies and ordinary advice were useless, and Dr. Von Eisenberg was called in. We need not repeat his diagnosis, for that would be only a list of hard names to the general reader. But he detected at sight the seat of disease, first in one portion of the organism, then in another, and with manipulation as skillful as his insight was accurate, he removed the causes, and she who, from infancy, had heard with difficulty, and latterly hardly at all, was restored first to perfect hearing and then to perfect health. Dr. Von Eisenberg's advertisement reminds us of this case, which we thus briefly relate, though not at his solicitation. Let him that hath not ears, hear.

From the Christian Times.

SIGHT RESTORED.

CONCERNING EYES AND OCULISTS.

Of the five senses, that which we call seeing is the most important and most valued. In proportion as this sense fails us, we are reduced to helplessness. If entirely destitute of sight, how slow would be our progress in knowledge, and how limited our sphere of action and usefulness. Endowed with it, the universe becomes a new creation, clothed with beauty and diversified by that infinite variety which never fails to attract the mind and heart.

For several months past this has been a practical subject to us. An inflamed condition of the eyelids communicating itself to the pupil, rendered the discharge of daily duties not only painful, but dangerous. Attributing it to the effect of a cold, we endured it through the Spring, with the hope that with the return of warm weather it would entirely disappear. But in this we were doomed to disappointment. Summer returned, but not our wonted sight. What might have been the result, either of further neglect or of incompetent treatment, we cannot say.

Stating our case to a friend, he assured us that a similar one in his own family had recently been treated with entire success by Dr. Von Eisenberg, of this City. Satisfying ourselves by more particular inquiries that the doctor is no empiric, but a scientific oculist and aurist, we concluded to seek the benefits of his treatment, which we have now reason to acknowledge is very great. Though but a few weeks under his care, the appearance of our eyes has totally changed. The pupil is now full and clear, and the lids are entirely free from inflammation. The doctor says that the optic nerve has been weakened and the retina assumed a chronic, inflammatory state, affecting more or less all the other tissues, and threatening, if neglected, to end in Amaurosis. Opthalmitis, is the term we believe, which oculists apply to eyes affected as were ours. Having obtained the much desired relief, we take great pleasure in acknowledging our indebtedness to the talent of Dr. Von Eisenberg, and of calling to it the attention of others who may be suffering from a similar or even worse condition of their eyes. It is said that Providence provides an antidote for every bane. It is certain that the eye is, in these times, subject to severer trials than formerly. Let us be thankful, then, that as we increase the tendencies which destroy the organ of vision, the progress of science keeps pace with these tendencies, if not in advance of them.

OFFICE NO. 816 BROADWAY.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

CHRONICLES OF THE SCHONBERG-COTTA FAMILY.
One volume, large 12mo. $1 50.

A new edition of this remarkable book is now ready for delivery.

No publication has for a long time appeared exciting so much interest and enthusiasm as this.

Many thousands of it have been sold during the short time it has been before the public.

A FINE EDITION, IN CROWN 8VO SIZE, is now in preparation, to be printed on tinted paper, with illustrations from original designs. It will in every respect be an elegant volume.

M. W. DODD,
No. 506 Broadway.

IMPORTANT TO RAILWAY TRAVELERS.
The June Number of
APPLETON'S OFFICIAL RAILWAY GUIDE,
WILL BE
READY THIS DAY, AT 10 A. M.
It is estimated that
OVER 300,000 RAILWAY TRAVELERS
will visit the
GREAT CENTRAL SANITARY FAIR
to be held in
THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA,
THIS MONTH.
IN ORDER TO PREVENT DISAPPOINTMENT,
in arriving at the
VARIOUS DEPOTS ON TIME,
it will be advisable to
BUY APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE.
In addition to
THE NEW RAILWAY TIME TABLES,
it contains
ONE HUNDRED RAILWAY MAPS,
representing the
PRINCIPAL RAILWAYS OF THE COUNTRY,
their
STATIONS, DISTANCES AND CONNECTIONS,
together with other
Valuable and Interesting Information.
There are
THOUSANDS OF RAILWAY TRAVELERS
who would as soon think of
TRAVELING WITHOUT THEIR CARPET BAGS
as without a copy of
APPLETON'S ILLUSTRATED RAILWAY GUIDE.
Contents of the June Number:

I—Important Instructions to Railway Travelers in reference to Time Tables; Time and Distance Indicators; Railway Maps, together with Important Rules for Railway Travelers in reference to Purchasing their Tickets, Checking their Baggage, &c., &c.

II—NEARLY ONE HUNDRED RAILWAY MAPS, representing the principal railways of the country, the different towns, villages and cities through which they pass, together with the through routes to and from Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Harrisburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Memphis, Nashville, New-Orleans, Cairo, St. Louis, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Detroit, Toledo, Cleveland, Buffalo, Albany, Montreal, La Crosse, Cincinnati, Portland, St. John, Halifax, Goderich, &c., together with all information in reference to the readiest, easiest and most pleasant way of traveling throughout the United States and Canadas.

III—NEARLY THREE HUNDRED TIME TABLES, giving the time of the departure and arrival of the trains, stations, distances and connections, together with information of much value to every railway traveler, each important railway being represented by map.

IV—RAILWAY TIME AND DISTANCE INDICATORS, representing the difference in Time and the Distance between the different cities throughout the United States. To the railway traveler a study of the indicator will prove both instructive and interesting. A moment's glance will not only show him the difference of time between the different cities, but also if his watch has lost or gained time.

V.—RAILWAYS AND THEIR PROGRESS.—Foreign Immigration; The U. S. Two Hundred Million Five per cent. Loan; Magnificent Sleeping Car; Pennsylvania Central Railway Co.; Chicago & Northwestern Railway; New-York Central Railway Line of Screw Steamers for 1864; Railway Consolidation; Important Rules for Railway Travelers; Southern Minnesota & Root River Railway; What Railways have Done; Camden & Amboy, and Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railway Connections; Atlantic & Great Western Railway; Northern Central Railway; Saratoga, & Hudson River Railway Co.; Albany & Susquehanna Railway; Illinois Central Railway; Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway; Louisville & Lexington Railway; Jeffersonville Railway.

VI.—ANECDOTES AND INCIDENTS OF TRAVEL:—Mind your own Concerns; Sleeping Cars—A Railway Romance; How Albert Edward Courted the Princess Alexandra; General Jackson and his Clerk; An Impatient Juryman; The Reward of Selfishness; Solomon and Queen Sheba.

VII.—TOURIST GUIDE TO THE PRINCIPAL WATERING PLACES.—Saratoga Springs; Niagara Falls; White Mountains; The Adirondack Mountains; Lebanon Springs; The Catskill Mountains; Newport; Lake George; Atlantic City; Cape May; Schooley's Mountains; Long Branch; Avon Springs; Rockaway Beach; Nahant; Bedford Springs; West Point, &c., &c., &c.

VIII.—INDEX TO UPWARD OF 3,000 OF THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE CANADAS, in connection with Railways.

IX.—A NEW OUTLINE MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, showing the Principal Railways and Connections.

X.—APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE AND COUNTING-HOUSE CALENDAR.

XI.—A LARGE MAP OF THE RAILWAYS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADAS.

APPLETON'S ILLUSTRATED RAILWAY GUIDE is for sale at all of the principal bookstores, book, periodical and news agencies and upon all the principal railways throughout the United States and the Canadas.
PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

BOSTON, May, 1864.
No. 135 Washington-st.

The firm of TICKNOR & FIELDS was dissolved on the 10th of April, 1864, by the death of Mr. WILLIAM D. TICKNOR.

The undersigned have formed a new copartnership, retaining the entire interest of the late senior partner, and will conduct the business from May 1, 1864, under the style of TICKNOR & FIELDS.

JAMES T. FIELDS.
HOWARD M. TICKNOR.
JAMES R. OSGOOD.

TICKNOR & FIELDS
Publish this day:
TWO NEW BOOKS
BY POPULAR AUTHORS.
I.
STUMBLING BLOCKS. By GAIL HAMILTON, author of "Country Living," etc. 1 vol. 16mo. cloth, beveled boards, red edges. $1 50.
CONTENTS: The Outs and the Ins; The Fitness of Things; Ordinances; Church Sittings; A View from the Pews; Prayer Meetings; The Proof of your Love; Controversies; Amusements; God's Way; The Law of Christ; Praying; Forgiveness; Error; Words without Knowledge.
II.
THE MAINE WOODS. By HENRY D. THOREAU, author of "Walden," etc. 1 vol. 16mo. cloth. $1 25.
CONTENTS: Ktaadn; Chesuncook; The Allegash and East Branch.

Also, now ready, new editions of
GAIL HAMILTON'S WRITINGS, VIZ.:
COUNTRY LIVING. 1 vol. $1 50.
GALA DAYS. 1 vol. $1 50.
THOREAU'S WRITINGS, VIZ.:
WALDEN. 1 vol. $1 25.
EXCURSIONS. 1 vol. $1 25.
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BOOK TRADESALES ROOMS, NO. 498 BROADWAY.
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS,
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Private library of a New-York clergyman, containing a large assortment of works in theology, religion, history, botany, travels, &c.; also a few law books.

LETTER OF ADVICE FOR LADIES.
FIVE ANATOMICAL ENGRAVINGS.
Has information never before published.
Sent free, in a sealed envelope, for 10 cents.
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IMMENSE PRICES PAID FOR OLD BOOKS.—5,000 Standard Books, half calf, at half retail price; 10,000 Theological Books almost given away; 100,000 Scientific, Historical and Biographical Books, cheap. LEGGAT & BROTHERS, No. 119 Nassau-st., near Beekman.

THE AMERICAN YOKE SHIRT,
with a fine assortment of
ROBES DE CHAMBRE,
SMOKING JACKETS,
and gentlemen's furnish'ng goods.
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, New-York.

OAK ORCHARD SPRING WATER.—THE GREAT REMEDY of Nature for DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA and Affection of the Kidneys and Bladder, also for General Debility. Reports from United States Hospitals and other testimonials of the highest medical authority attest the rare medicinal virtue of this water. Ample accommodations for invalids in the vicinity of the Springs. Pamphlets and information furnished.

Sold by the bottle or case. GEO. W. GLAZE, General Agent, No. 574 Broadway, Metropolitan Hotel Building.

NOTE.—MENDUM'S NEW AND POPULAR Branch, No. 15 Chambers-st., next door to Delmonico's. The finest
WINES, NECTAR BOURBON, &c.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
of all descriptions
FOR SALE BY
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

DIAMOND RINGS,
Of all descriptions, from twenty dollars up to five, six and seven hundred dollars each. For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL.

ROBINSON & OGDEN,
(Late with Fisk & Hatch,)
COMMISSION BROKERS,
No. 4 Broad-street,
Two doors from Wall.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.

Quartermasters Checks and Government Vouchers bought, sold, and negotiated.

Subscriptions received for the New National 10-40 Loan.

Particular attention given to the collection of U. S. one year six per cent. Certificates of Indebtedness, and to the conversion of 7 3-10 Treasury Notes into U. S. 6 per cent. Bonds of 1881.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canadas, with prompt returns.

ARTHUR ROBINSON, I. G. OGDEN, Jr.

REFERENCES:

New York:
Fisk & Hatch, Bankers.
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Philadelphia:
Jay Cooke, & Co., Bankers.
E. S. Whelen & Co., Bankers.

Boston:
Hon. S. H. Walley, President of the Revere Bank
Brewster, Sweet, & Co., Bankers.

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Hon. L. E. Chittenden, Register of the Treasury.
J. B. Hutchinson & Co., Bankers.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
Subscriptions received to the
NATIONAL 10-40 LOAN.

All the various denominations on hand ready for immediate delivery. One-eighth commission allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.

U. S. SECURITIES of all descriptions purchased and for sale.

COLLECTIONS made on Washington and on all other points of the United States and Canada, at low rates and quick returns.

7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
Converted into 1881 Bonds.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS
made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, April 28, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BOARD and stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 2d day of June, 1864, at 3 o'clock P. M. WILLIAM B. OGDEN, President.

Office of Quartz Hill Gold Mining Company, No. 29 Wall-st., New-York, May 24, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Quartz Hill Gold Mining Company, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on TUESDAY, June 7, at 12 o'clock.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 7th of June, inclusive.

J. H. TYLER, Secretary.

Evergreen Bluff Mining Co., No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York, May 17, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Evergreen Bluff Mining Company, for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the Company's office, No. 44 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, June 7, 1864, at 3 o'clock. Per order. F. W. CAPEN, Secretary.

U. S. 10-40 BONDS
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
BY
H. J. MESSENGER, Banker,
No. 139 BROADWAY, New-York.
⅛ Commission allowed to Banks and Bankers.
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,

U. S. 6s of 1881, and all other U. S. SECURITIES bought and sold, and furnished to order.

STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.

Accounts received from Banks, Bankers, and individuals.

Four per cent interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given to the subscribers to the Capital Stock of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, that a call for a further payment of Ten Per Cent. upon the amount of their subscriptions has been made this day, payable at the office of the Company, No. 13 William-st., New-York, on or before the 20th of June next.

New-York, May 10, 1864.
By order of the Executive Committee.
JOHN A. DIX, President.
John J. Cisco, Treasurer.

U. S. 10-40 FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.
CHARNLEY & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 24 Wall-st.,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS

for the above popular Loan, are prepared to receive subscriptions on the most favorable terms, and to furnish the Bonds and Certificates in the shortest possible time.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES of the various descriptions, BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD, BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

U. S. 10-40
FIVE PER CENT. LOAN.

E. MORRISON & CO., Bankers, No. 17 Nassau-st., Subscription Agents for the above loan, are now prepared to receive subscriptions and furnish the Bonds. One-eighth per cent. commission allowed to banks, bankers and brokers. Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS
FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY
AND ABROAD.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 50 Wall-st.,

issue circular Letters of Credit for travelers on all parts of Europe, &c.

East River Insurance Company. No. 69 Wall-st., New-York, May 18, 1864.

AT THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company, held on the 11th inst., the following-named gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year:

JOSEPH KERNOCHAN,	AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK,
J. TAYLOR JOHNSTON,	JAMES COLLES, Jr.,
FRED'K SCHUCHARDT,	ALEX'DER I. COTHEAL,
RUSSELL STEBBINS,	CHARLES H. BIRNEY,
DANIEL S. SCHANCK,	WILLIAM WATT,
SAMUEL SLOAN,	ISAAC WALTON,
ISAAC E. COTHEAL,	HENDERSON MOORE,
DAVID WAGSTAFF,	R. W. MONTGOMERY,
HENRY A. HOWE,	FRANCIS B. O'CONNOR,
JAMES A. HAMILTON,	THEO. POLHEMUS, Jr.,

THOMAS PALMER, Jr.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, on the 17th inst., SAMUEL SLOAN, Esq., was elected President, and CHARLES H. BIRNEY, Esq., Vice-President.

W. F. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Co., St. Louis, April, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BONDHOLDERS and Stockholders of this Company, for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at Pana, Christian County, Illinois, on MONDAY, the 6th day of June, 1864, at 1 o'clock P. M. All the transfer books of the Company, both of bonds and stocks, will be closed on the 6th May until the 6th June, inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.
J. B. RALSTON, Secretary.

Office Greenwich Insurance Co., New-York, May 20, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR TWENTY Directors of this Company, and three Inspectors for the next succeeding election, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 400 Hudson-st., on MONDAY, June 6, next. The poll will open at 12 M., and close at 1 P. M. The transfer books are closed until June 6.

By order of the Board.
JAMES HARRISON, Secretary.

10-40 LOAN.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK having been designated a Government depository, will now receive subscriptions to the 10-40 Loan, offering the best terms and facilities. HENRY A. SMYTHE, President.

W. H. Foster, Cashier.

The Leather Manufacturers' Bank, New-York, May 24, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank and for Inspectors of the next election thereafter, will be held at the Banking Rooms, No. 29 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 6th day of June next, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from the 27th of May to the 7th of June.

NICHOLAS F. PALMER, Cashier.

Office of the New-York Equitable Insurance Company, New-York, May 25, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at their Office, No. 58 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the 6th day of June next.

The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.

JOHN MILLER, Secretary.

Office of the North American Fire Insurance Co., No. 114 Broadway, New-York, May 16, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the company will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 30th day of May, 1864. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M. By order.

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company, May 26, 1864.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR twenty-one Directors and for three Inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at the office of this Company, No. 11 Court-st, Brooklyn, on MONDAY, the 6th day of June next. Poll open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

JOHN W. CHENEY, Secretary.

Office of the United States Fire Insurance Co., No. 60 Wall-st., New-York, May 26, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at this office on MONDAY, June 6, 1864. The poll will open at 12 M., and close at 1 P. M. By order.

WASHINGTON RITTER, Secretary.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL—DIVIDEND.—The Board of Trustees of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, have, by a resolution, ordered a Dividend of five per cent. to be paid on account of the principal of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Registered Bonds. The payment of the Dividend will be made by the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, at his office, No. 1 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, on and after the 1st day of July, 1864. The bonds must be presented to the Treasurer, the day before the time of payment, in order that said payment may be stamped thereon.

WM. H. SWIFT, } Trustees
HENRY GRINNELL, } I. & M. Canal.

May 25, 1864.

Merchants' Bank, New-York, May 24, 1864.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., payable June 1 proximo, free of Government tax.

The transfer books will be closed from Friday, the 27th inst., to June 1.

J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.

Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including

U. S. 5.20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 12 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased.

U. S. FIVE PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.

We keep on hand, for immediate delivery, an assortment of Bonds of this new Loan.

VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Mercantile collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

THE
FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL, $5,000,000. PAID IN.
NOS. 27 AND 29 PINE-ST.,
TWO DOORS BELOW THE SUB-TREASURY.

Designated as a Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

DIRECTORS:
MORRIS KETCHUM,
EDWIN HOYT,
JOSEPH STUART,
JOHN M. FURMAN,
CHARLES L. ANTHONY,
TIMOTHY G. CHURCHILL,
BENJ. H. HUTTON,
FREEMAN CLARKE,
WM. H. WEBB.
MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,

Designated as a depository and financial agent of the United States,
Nos. 27 and 29 PINE-ST.,
two doors below the Sub-Treasury.

Have on hand and receive subscriptions for the 10-40 bonds, convert the 7.30s into 1881 bonds, and attend to all business connected with the Government Loans. Parties can avoid the inconvenience of addressing Government by applying to this Bank.

MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. Vaughan, Cashier.

CINCINNATI AND ZANESVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Trustees of the first mortgage of the Cincinnati and Zanesville Railroad Company are now ready to issue the bonds to the parties in interest on the return of their receipts to the subscriber. The coupons due May 1 will be paid on the issue of the bonds.

CHARLES MORAN, No. 10 Wall-st.

New-York, May 28, 1864.

TEN-FORTY GOVERNMENT BONDS.
Subscriptions received by
SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
and
Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
HENRY A. HURLBUT, President.
A. G. Allen, Cashier.

UNITED STATES 10-40 BONDS,
FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
BY
G. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William-st.

Treasury Department, May 14, 1864.

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF THE THREE YEARS' SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES FALLING DUE AFTER AUG. 19, AND OCT. 1, 1864.—The three years' seven-thirty notes issued under the act of July 17, 1861, are exchangeable at any time before or at maturity, for six per cent. bonds of the act of July 17, and Aug. 5, 1861, when presented in sums not less than five hundred dollars.

The three years' notes were issued bearing date Aug. 19, and Oct. 1, 1861, and become due after Aug. 19, and Oct. 1, 1864.

Holders of the notes, of either date, are hereby notified that they may be presented *for immediate exchange* for six per cent. bonds, with full coupons, drawing interest from July 1, 1864, *up to which date interest will be paid, without delay, on the three years' notes at the rate of seven 30-100 per centum per annum.*

The interest found to be due on the three years' notes up to July 1, 1864, will be transmitted by the United States Treasurer's draft, payable in coin.

The six per cent. bonds which are exchanged for the principal of the three years' notes will be issued drawing interest from July 1, 1864, the date up to which the three years' notes are settled, and will be transmitted as fast as they can conveniently be prepared.

Parties wishing to exchange the three years' notes in the above manner, must send them to this Department, in sums of five hundred dollars or its multiple, indorsed "Pay to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption," which indorsement must be signed by the party on whose account they are to be exchanged.

They must be accompanied by a letter stating the numbers, denominations and dates of the notes, and the kind (registered or coupon) and denominations of the six per cent. bonds wanted in exchange.

The six per cent. coupon bonds are of the denominations of five hundred and one thousand dollars; and the registered bonds are of the denominations of five hundred, one thousand, five thousand and ten thousand dollars.

When registered bonds are ordered, parties must state at which of the following places they wish the interest paid, viz.: New-York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore or New-Orleans.

S. P. CHASE, Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington, April 16, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Eighth National Bank, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking.

Now, therefore I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Eighth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

Seal of the Comptroller of the Currency.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this sixteenth day of April, 1864.
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

CALL FOR A MEETING OF SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF THE NORTHERN (OGDENSBURG) RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.—Pursuant to the act of the Legislature of the State of New-York to authorise the formation of a Corporation in place of the Northern Railroad Company, dissolved, passed March 31, 1857, and amended April 8, 1864, and pursuant to a written request signed by the holders of a majority in amount of the second issue of bonds of the Northern Railroad Company, we, the trustees of the Mortgagees to secure the payment of the second issue of bonds of the said Northern Railroad Company, do hereby give notice that a meeting of all such second mortgage bondholders as choose to attend in person or by proxy will be held at the Northern Railroad office, in the village of Malone, New-York., on the 10th day of JUNE next, at 12 o'clock, at noon, for the purpose of forming a new Railroad Corporation.

Dated Malone, New-York, April 28, 1864.

W. A. WHEELER, } Trustees.
WM. C. BROWN. }

Office of the Arctic Insurance Company, No. 18 Wall-st., New-York, May 21, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company and for Inspectors of the next ensuing election will be held at this office, on TUESDAY, the 7th day of June next. The polls will remain open from 12 M. till 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed on the 27th instant.

By order. V. TILYOU, Secretary.

Office of the International Coal Co., No. 35 Pine-st., New-York, May 27, 1864.

THE HOLDERS OF THE PROVISIONAL receipts, signed on behalf of the company by Charles J. Anthony, are hereby notified to return the same to the office and receive the regular stock of the company on or before the 15th proximo.

By order, WM. K. STRONG, President.
Samuel O. Howe, Secretary.

Saratoga and Whitehall Railroad, Saratoga Springs, May 27, 1864.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Company and Inspectors for the election next ensuing will be held at the office of the Company, in Saratoga Springs, on the 14th day of June next. The polls will be open at 10 o'clock A. M., and continue open one hour.

WM. H. WARREN, Secretary.

Office of the New-York and Havre Steamship Company, No. 7 Broadway, New-York, May 19, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HAVRE STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—Annual election of Directors will be held at the office of the company, No. 7 Broadway, on June 2 next, between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M.

No. 53 Exchange-place, April 28, 1864.

WE ARE PREPARED TO ISSUE, FOR MESSRS. GEORGE PEABODY & CO., TRAVELING CREDITS available in all the PRINCIPAL CITIES OF GREAT BRITAIN, the CONTINENT and the EAST.

BILLS ON LONDON at three days' sight, sixty days' sight, or seventy-five days' date, for sale in sums to suit purchasers.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN & CO.

$100,000.—AN EXTENSIVE PROPRIETOR of real estate property with very valuable buildings thereon, which cost over $200,000, situated in one of the principal towns of Upper Canada, desires to effect a loan of $100,000 in American currency on liberal terms; none but principals need apply. Address J. K., Drawer No. 32, Brantford, C. W.

THE INTEREST DUE ON THE BONDS of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company, June 1, 1864, will be paid on presentation and surrender of the coupons at the office of the Company, corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st., or at the Bank of the Republic.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor, over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY
SEVEN PER CENT.
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

The Subscribers now offer for sale the remainder of the issue of Seven per cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, appropriated to the construction of their road from Chicago to La Crosse, Indiana.

The rails have all been purchased for the completion of the entire line, much below the present market value, and are now going forward to Chicago. The work is rapidly progressing, and the Company expect to open the road for traffic early the ensuing Fall, forming a new and very short trunk line from Chicago to the Eastern markets.

The interest payable during construction has been provided, and is now on deposit with the Bankers of the Company. Apply to

SCHUCHARDT & GEBHARD,
No. 21 Nassau-st.,
M. MORGAN'S SONS,
No. 37 William-st.

New-York, May 21, 1864.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS
and
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
and
U. S. LOAN AGENTS.
NO. 38 WALL-STREET,

receive subscriptions to the NEW U. S. 10-40 LOAN, allowing the usual commission to BANKERS and DEALERS.

Also,
BUY and SELL all classes of U. S. SECURITIES at market rates.

U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881, on favorable terms.

THE
EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 650 BROADWAY.

Will open for business on WEDNESDAY, June 1, at their new Banking House, No. 650 Broadway, three doors above Bleecker-st.

Bills of all National Banks received on deposit at par. Uncurrent money at the usual rates.

Subscriptions received for the United States 10-40 Loan. E. C. ROBINSON, President.

Chas. Budson, Cashier.

MINING STOCKS,

as well as all other kinds of securities, bought and sold at all the Stock Boards in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia, &c., or otherwise, on commission, by ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 52 William-st.

Office Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railway Co., New-York, May 30, 1864.

HOLDERS OF TRUSTEES' CERTIFICATES for second mortgage bonds and coupons of the Peoria and Oquawka Railroad Company are hereby notified that the first preferred stock of this company is now ready for delivery at the office of Messrs. WESTON, DE BILLIN & CO., No. 24 Exchange-place, upon the surrender of said certificates, and upon compliance with the conditions contained in article seventh in the plan of reorganization, Dec. 23, 1862.

CHARLES L. FROST, President.
D. W. McWilliams, Secretary.

Bank Department, Albany, May 21, 1864.

THE BANK OF CANTON, (CANTON, ST. Lawrence County,) has this day filed, in this office, a notice of the appointment of H. J. MESSENGER, No. 139 Broadway, in the City of New-York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of Ocean Bank as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to Incorporated Banks, Banking Associations and Individual Bankers," passed April 17, 1851.

H. H. VAN DYCK, Superintendent.

Quartermaster's Office, No. 6 State-st., New-York, March 7, 1864.

PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office daily the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE ON BROOKLYN PROPERTY.—Apply to HAGUER & SMITH, Attorneys at Law, No. 9 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS.

An interest in a Foundry and Machine-shop in Saint Louis, Mo., for sale. A party with not less than $25,000, (a larger amount could be used to advantage,) desiring to invest in an old and well established foundry and machine-shop, in Saint Louis, Mo., now doing a large and profitable business, can purchase an interest therein, by addressing the undersigned, who will give all necessary information. By action of the State Convention, Missouri is now a free State, and her immense mineral wealth, developed by free labor, will make her one of the richest States in the West. The abundance of iron and coal in the immediate vicinity of the city, makes this a very desirable investment.

WM. H. MARKHAM,
Saint Louis, Mo.

A RARE CHANCE IN CANADA.—TO HOTEL keepers—One of the finest hotels in Western Canada, favorably known and well located on the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway, within three hours' run of Buffalo and six of Detroit, and having all the conveniences of modern hotels, also concert hall attached, will be leased advantageously to a first-class tenant who will purchase the furniture, which can be had on liberal terms; or, if preferred, would give a party with capital an interest in the business. Address J. K., Drawer No. 32, Brantford, Canada West.

$30,000 WANTED TO MAKE UP A STOCK commission and banking house. A first-class house is being started by parties having abundant facilities for a profitable concern, and fully conversant and experienced in the business. Any interview desired will be promptly attended to by addressing BANKER, Box 112 *Times* Office.

$500 TO $2,000.—BUSINESS FOR SALE IN every city in the Union, which is now paying from $30 to $100 per day in New-York. Full particulars given by addressing M. & CO., Box No. 2,286 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—HALF OR THE WHOLE OF A VALUABLE undeveloped patent right; one that will not require many thousands to work it up preferred. Address CAPITAL, Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

DIVIDENDS.

Office of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, May 10, 1864.

A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN AND ONE-HALF per cent. (7½) on the capital stock of the Pennsylvania Coal Company will be paid at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on and after the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 19th inst., both inclusive.

GEORGE A. HOYT, Treasurer.

MACHINERY.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
TALCOTT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y

FOR SALE—ONE HORIZONTAL HIGH-PRESSURE steam engine, 12x36 inch cylinder, of modern construction, and finished in the best manner. Two horizontal engines, cylinder 4x10 inches. One carwheel boring machine, second-hand. One sugar-cane mill, rolls 16x26½ inches, with bevel gears for driving the same. One No. 2 Leonard & Clark screw-cutting lathe, 24-inch swing, bed 18½ feet long. Four blowing engines, 8x12 inch cylinder, with fan blowers, 42 inch diameter, 18 inch face. One second-hand 42 inch Alden blower, in good order. Two second-hand Mason's blowers, 22 in. diameter of face, 12 in. discharge. One second hand Mason's blower, 26 in. diameter of face, 14 in. discharge. Three second-hand Matteawan screw-cutting lathes, 15 in. swing, beds 10 feet long. Two second-hand Matteawan screw-cutting lathes, 18 in. swing, beds 6 feet long. Apply at the office of the Washington Iron Works, No. 55 Liberty-st., Room No. 8, L. C. WARD, Agent, or at the Works, Newburgh, N. Y.

FOR SALE—TWO OF CARY'S NO. 2 ROTARY pumps in good order. Apply to HOWARD & FULLER, Brewers, cor. Jay and Plymouth sts., Brooklyn, near Catharine ferry.

FOR SALE—A GOOD SECOND-HAND STEAMboat boiler; dimensions, 33 feet in length; diameter, 8 feet skin. Can be seen at the head of South-st., East River. Apply to WM. T. FROST, No. 68 South-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

GREAT SALE, WITHOUT RESERVE, AT PUBLIC AUCTION OF FINE HORSES.—There will be a sale on the 1st of June, at 11 A. M., at the New-York Tattersall's Stables, corner of 40th-st. and 6th-av., of a number of very superior horses, being a selection from the stock of H. Lloyd, Lloyd's Manor, Queens County, Long Island, bred and raised by him. An opportunity seldom equaled is thus given to obtain roadsters and saddle-horses of the first class. For particulars and pedigrees see *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times* of last week.

Quartermaster's Office, New-York, April 16, 1864.

ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—1,000 artillery horses wanted, for which one hundred and sixty-five dollars will be paid for all that pass inspection. These horses must be sound in every particular, broken to harness, not less than 15½ hands high, and will be presented for inspection at the Government stables, 35th-st., between 10th and 11th-avs.

STEWART VAN VLIET, Quartermaster.

Quartermaster's Office, New-York, April 27, 1864.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.—HORSES suitable for cavalry purposes, between the ages of 5 and 10 may be presented for inspection at the Government Stables, on 28th-st; $150 will be paid for each horse accepted; no mares received.

STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

HORSES FOR SALE.—ONE PAIR MATCHED horses, jet black, long tails, 8 and 9 years old, sound and kind, of surpassing beauty and speed, 15½ hands high; price, $3,000. May be seen at 151st-st., between Broadway and 10th-av.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF VERY STYLISH young horses just from the country. Apply to JAMES McCULLOH, No. 100 Pearl-st.

FIREWORKS.

HADFIELD'S FIRST PREMIUM FIREWORKS, and Waugh's celebrated Nonpariel Torpedoes, sold wholesale at the up-town depot, Nos. 200 and 202 9th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., New-York.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—T. G. ARNOLD, GAS BURNER manufacturer, has removed his office and manufactory from Broome-st., to Nos. 224 and 226 West 21st-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

Office of Commissary of Subsistence, No. 4, State-street, New-York, May 26, 1864.

Sealed Proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of June, for supplying for the use of the United States army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

1,000 barrels NEW MESS or EXTRA MESS BEEF, in full-hooped oak barrels, with two iron hoops; bidders will state the brands, and will exhibit samples when practicable.

The Beef to be received at such Inspection-yards as shall be agreed to by the undersigned.

200,000 pounds first quality THOROUGHLY SMOKED NEW BACON SIDES.

The bacon to be delivered in bulk for inspection and packing at such points in the City of New-York as may be designated.

1,000,000 pounds of first quality PILOT BREAD, to be made of good sound Extra Ohio or other equally good *side-branded* flour; crackers to be thoroughly baked and perfectly dried before being packed, and in size, thickness, openness, &c., to conform to standard heretofore established; to be packed in boxes of 50 pounds bread to each box; boxes to be made of fully seasoned wood, of such kinds as will impart no taste or odor to the bread; bottom and top of single pieces, or if of two pieces tongued and grooved together. Boxes to be strapped with light straps of suitable wood. The Flour and Bread will also be examined by the Inspector, who will reject all that in the quality of the flour, or in any other respect, is inferior to the standard samples. Bidders to state the location of their bakeries, when they can begin their deliveries, and how much bread they can deliver daily.

100,000 pounds of RICE, in clean, good, stout oak barrels, *like samples to be seen at this office.*

100,000 pounds first quality white flint-corn HOMINY, size Nos. 3 and 4, in well-coopered head-lined flour barrels.

35,000 pounds carefully selected TEA, in original packages, ⅔ Green, ⅓ Souchong; packages to be matted, well strapped and in perfect order, Cargo and chop marks to be stated on the proposals. Each sample must be marked in full with the name of the party offering, the cargo and chop mark, price and quantity offered.

Bidders are requested to offer not more than two samples of each kind of Tea.

600,000 pounds of clean, dry, BROWN SUGAR; barrels to be new and of the best in use for the purposes and to be full head-lined.

40,000 pounds CRUSHED SUGAR; barrels as above.

20,000 GALLONS of the best quality of PURE VINEGAR, made only from Cider or Whisky, free from all foreign acids and injurious substances, and of a uniform strength, the Whisky Vinegar taking thirty-five grains bi-carbonate of potash to neutralize one ounce troy, the Cider Vinegar as near the same strength as may be; to be put up in half barrels of twenty-two gallons capacity, like samples at this office. Each proposal must state distinctly the kind and quality of Vinegar offered, and the kind of package.

200,000 pounds good hard SOAP, to be made by boiling and only from good materials, free from clay, soluble glass, or other adulteration, to have no unpleasant odor, to contain not more than twenty-five per cent. of water, and to be well dried before being packed.

20,000 pounds PEPPER (Black.) Bidders will please state the variety of pepper, as Sumatra, Singapore, Penang, &c., furnishing samples, and also state the price per pound at which they will have it ground, put up in four-ounce papers, and packed in boxes containing twenty-five pounds.

112,402 gallons of RECTIFIED WHISKY, to be full first-proof, according to the United States Custom-house standard. Barrels to be of good seasoned white oak staves and heads; to have twelve wood and four strong iron hoops, heads and iron hoops painted. Returns required from a Gauger and Inspector to be named by the undersigned.

The goods to be furnished as soon as practicable; bidders are requested to state the time when they can deliver.

Separate proposals, *in duplicate*, must be made for each article enumerated, and bidders may propose for the whole or any part of each.

Samples of the articles, except the meats, must be delivered with the proposals, and referred to therein. Samples of Rice, Hominy, Tea, Pepper and Sugar must be in neat boxes of card board or tin, fully labeled, *and not in paper parcels.*

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed, if required."

The seller's name, place of business, and the date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with gross, tare and net weights, and shipping marks to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated. All boxes to be strapped with green hickory straps.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions*, will be required for all the meats, certifying on the part of the seller their present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection. The meats will also be examined and passed upon by Robert P. Getty, inspector on the part of the United States.

All the stores will be carefully inspected before their delivery, and compared with the retained samples. Returns of weights, signed by the professional Public Weigher, must be furnished.

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

Blanks for Proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."

H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and C. S.

[No. 123.]
Army Clothing and Equipage Office, Cincinnati, Ohio, May 16, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned, until MONDAY, May 30, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with:

Bootees—army standard.
Boots, cavalry—army standard.

Samples of which may be seen at the Office of Clothing and Equipage in this City.

To be delivered free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal, and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect, equal to army standard, otherwise the proposals will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Monday, May 30, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Tuesday, May 31.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. THOS. SWORDS, A. Q. M. G.
G. W. MOULTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

Office of the Street Commissioner, No. 237 Broadway.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSED in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until Thursday, June 2, 1864, at eleven o'clock, A. M.

For regulating and grading Sixty-fifth-street, between Third and Fifth avenues.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Forty-eighth street, between Lexington and Sixth avenues.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Forty-fifth-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Forty-eighth-street, between Third-avenue and East River.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Second-avenue, between Sixty-first-street and Eighty-sixth-street.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Fifty-fourth-street, between Second-avenue and East River.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Eighty-ninth-street, between Third-avenue and Fifth-avenue.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Sixteenth-street, between Avenue B and East River.

For curbing, guttering and flagging Sixtieth-street, between Broadway and Ninth-avenue.

For flagging Second-avenue, between Forty-eighth and Sixty-first streets.

For flagging and reflagging Eighth-avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-ninth streets.

For filling sunken lots in Fifty-seventh and Sixty-fifth streets, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

For repairing Steam Fire Engine number Eight.

For rebuilding Pier No. 46, North River.

Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, can be obtained at this office.—Dated Street Department, New-York, May 23, 1864.

CHARLES G. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

United States Ordnance Agency, No. 45 Worth-st., New-York, May 24, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received until SATURDAY, June 4, 1864, at 4 o'clock P. M., by this office, for the supply of 30,000 PAIRS BRASS SPURS.

They are to be made in all respects as to *material, workmanship* and *dimensions*, in strict conformity with the standard sample, which can be seen at this office.

They are to be delivered, free of expense to the United States, at this office, and here inspected, and none are to be accepted or paid for but such as are approved upon inspection.

Bidders will state in their bids the time in which they propose to make deliveries, and each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties for its faithful execution. Failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers and such as are known to be fully competent to execute in their own workshops the work proposed for.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if deemed unsatisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed, properly indorsed, to Capt. S. CRISPIN, Ordnance, U. S. Ordnance Agency, No. 45 Worth-st., New-York.

S. CRISPIN, Captain of Ordnance.

U. S. A. Medical Purveyor's Office, No. 256 North Broad-st., Philadelphia, May 21, 1864.

PROPOSALS FOR IRON BEDSTEADS.

Proposals are invited for 5,000 iron bedsteads undulating wooden bottoms, each bedstead to be 6 ft. 6 in. long, 2 ft. 6 in. wide, and 18 inches high; names of the securities to be furnished with the bids; proposals will be opened on June 1; the Medical Purveyor reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. MURRAY,
Superintendent Medical Purveys.

Union Ferry Office, Brooklyn, May 22, 1864.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Proposals will be received at this office until June 4 next, for excavating the slip on the upper side of Fulton Ferry, as per surveys at this office. The materials to be removed are mud, gravel, stone and rock.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.

Chief Quartermaster's Office, Washington Depot, Dec. 8, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, M. D., Alexandria and Fort Monoroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.

Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.

Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when said deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.

The price must be written out in words on the bids.

Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.

The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered, must be stated in the proposals.

All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.

Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.

The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement; and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, they to make good the difference between the offer of said bidder and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of a United States District-Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.

All bidders will be duly notified of the acceptance or rejection of their proposals.

The full name and Post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.

Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."

Bonds, in the sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.

Blank forms of bids, guarantees and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

(Town, County, and State,)
(Date)

I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ———, agreeably to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington Depot, Dec. 8, 1863, the following articles, viz.:

——— bushels of Corn, in sacks, at ——— per bushel of 32 pounds.
——— bushels of Oats, in sacks, at ——— per bushel of 32 pounds.
——— tons of baled Hay, at ——— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
——— tons of baled Straw, at ——— per ton of 2,000 pounds.

Delivery to commence on or before the ——— day of ———, 186—, and to be completed on or before the ——— day of ———, 186—, and pledge myself to enter into a written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.

Your obedient servant ———

Brig.-Gen. D. H. Rucker,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ———, in the County of ———, and State of ———, hereby jointly and severally covenant with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 8, 1863, under which the bid was made, and, in case the said ——— shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said ——— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.

Witness, { Given under our hands and seals this ——— day of ———, 186
[Seal.]
[Seal.]

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors are good and sufficient as sureties for the amount for which they offer to be security.

To be certified by the United States District Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other officer under the United States Government, or responsible person known at this office.

All proposals received under this advertisement will be opened and examined at this office on Wednesday and Saturday of each week, at 12 M. Bidders are respectfully invited to be present at the opening of bids, if they desire.

D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

Ordnance Office, War Department, Washington, May 25, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived at this office until TUESDAY, the 14th day of June, 1864, for 8-inch Columbiad Shot and 8-inch Mortar Shell, to be delivered in the following quantities, at the undernamed arsenals, viz.:

8-INCH COLUMBIAD SHOT.
At the Watertown Arsenal, Massachusetts, 4,000.
At the Watervliet Arsenal, New-York, 4,000.
At the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island, New-York, 6,000.
At the Allegheny Arsenal, Pittsburgh, 4,000.
At the St. Louis Arsenals, Missouri, 2,000.
8-INCH MORTAR SHELL.
At the New-York Arsenal, Governor's Island, New-York, 20,000.
At the Watervliet Arsenal, New-York, 5,000.

These projectiles are to be made of the kind of metal, and inspected after the rules laid down in the Ordnance Manual, the tensile strength of the iron for columbiad shot to be not less than 25,000 lbs. per square inch, and for mortar shells not less than 14,000 lbs. per square inch. Drawings can be seen at any of the United States Arsenals. The projectiles are to be inspected at the foundry when cast, and are to be delivered at the Arsenals free of charge for transportation or handling.

Deliveries must be made at the rate of not less than one-tenth (1-10th) of the whole amount contracted for per week; the first delivery to be made on the 29th day of June, 1864.

Failure to make deliveries at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

Separate proposals must be made for shot and shell.

Bidders will state explicitly the arsenal or arsenals where they propose to deliver, and the number of projectiles they propose to deliver at each place, if for more than one.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular founders, or proprietors of works who are known to this department to be capable of executing the work proposed for. Should any party obtaining a contract offer shot or shell other than those cast in his own foundry, they will be rejected, and the contract rendered null and void.

Bidders will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties over their own signatures.

Each party obtaining a contract will be obliged to enter into bond with approved sureties for its faithful execution.

Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified and furnished with forms of contract and bonds.

The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to "Brig.-Gen. George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and indorsed "Proposals for 8-inch columbiad shot," and "Proposals for 8-inch mortar shell."

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brig.-Gen., Chief of Ordnance.

[No. 124.]
Army Clothing and Equipage Office, Cincinnati, O., May 26, 1864.

PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until FRIDAY, June 10, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with—

50,000 SHELTER TENTS, more or less, to be delivered within (60) sixty days from date, like sample made at U. S. Tent Manufactory in this city.
KNAPSACKS—Army Standard.
CANTEENS—Army Standard;
AX HELVES—Like U. S. samples Nos. 1 and 2, (the former preferred.)

Samples of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.

To be delivered, free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.

Parties offering goods must distinctly state in their bids the quantity they propose to furnish, the price, and the time of delivery.

Samples, when submitted, must be marked and numbered to correspond with the proposal; and the parties thereto must guarantee that the goods shall be, in every respect equal to Army Standard, otherwise the proposal will not be considered.

A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.

Bids will be opened on Friday, June 10, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.

Awards will be made on Saturday, June 11, 1864.

Bonds will be required that the contract will be faithfully fulfilled.

Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.

Blank forms of proposals, contracts and bonds, may be obtained at this office.

The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.

By order of Col. Thomas Swords, A. Q. M. G.
C. W. MOULTON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SEASIDE SUMMER RESORT—FAIRFIELD HOUSE, FAIRFIELD, CONN.—This favorite and splendid Summer resort (only two hours from New-York via New-Haven Railroad) is now open for visitors, either transient or permanent. The house is new and handsomely furnished; has all modern improvements; is lighted with gas throughout. The beach for bathing is the finest on the Sound. There is good fishing and elegant drives.

P. D. CARRIQUE.

BRIGHTON HOUSE—PERTH AMBOY, N. J.—(accessible by Staten Island Railroad and steamer *D. R. Martin* from foot of Barclay-st., daily at 3½ P. M.,) is now open for the reception of guests. Parties desiring first-class accommodations for the Summer can secure a few choice suites of rooms on early application to

JOHN C. TULLY, Proprietor.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW-ROCHELLE.—The undersigned will open this hotel on the first day of June. Parties in the City desirous of engaging rooms will find Mr. F. at the store of Hegeman & Co., No. 511 Broadway, from 2 to 4 o'clock, on SATURDAY and MONDAY afternoons.

WM. J. FISH.

"MANSION HOUSE," LONG BRANCH, N. J., will be open on the 1st of June next. Persons wishing rooms will please apply to

S. LAIRD, Proprietor.

PROPOSALS

ARMY SUPPLIES.

Office of Army Clothing and Equipage, No. 502 Broadway, New-York, May 27, 1864.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on TUESDAY, the 7th June next, for furnishing by contract at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, New-York City:

INFANTRY TROUSERS,
UNLINED BLOUSES,
PEGGED BOOTEES,
SEWED BOOTEES,
PEGGED BOOTS,
SEWED BOOTS,
STOCKINGS,
FELLING AXES.

Samples of which can be seen at this office. Bidders will state the quantity they wish to furnish, and how soon they can complete the delivery of the quantity they bid for.

They will submit with their proposals a sample of the article they propose to furnish.

A proper guaranty must accompany all bids for the faithful performance of a contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject any part or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interest of the service.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing (here insert the name of the article bid for,") and addressed to Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General, U. S. A.

MATTRESSES AND COVERS.

Navy Department, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, May 24, 1864.

Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Mattresses," will be received at this office until 2 o'clock on the 4th day of June next, for furnishing and delivering 7,000 mattresses, with two covers for each, to be delivered at the rate of 1,000 per week, the first delivery to be made within ten days after receiving notice of acceptance of proposal. The mattresses and covers to conform to the navy standard, 5,000 to be delivered at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., and 2,000 at the Navy-yard, Charlestown, Mass., and there undergo the usual inspection on the yard. Satisfactory evidence must be furnished that the bidder is a manufacturer of, or regular dealer in, the article proposed for, and that he has the license required by law.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

Office Croton Aqueduct Board, May 23, 1864.

Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Cast-Iron Water Pipes and Branches," will be received at this office until 11 o'clock, A. M., of FRIDAY, June 3, 1864, at which hour the bids will be publicly opened, for the supply of

2,100 feet of cast-iron water pipes, 16 inches diameter.
6,000 feet of cast-iron water pipes, 12 inches diameter.
18,000 feet of cast-iron water pipes, 6 inches diameter.
2,250 feet of cast-iron water pipes, 4 inches diameter.
and 14 branch pipes.

The amount of security required will be ten thousand dollars.

Plans and specifications for the same, and form of agreement to be entered into, can be obtained on application at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN.
Croton Aqueduct Board.

Ordnance Office—War Department, Washington, D. C., May 8, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE REceived by this department until MONDAY, May 30, at 4 P. M., for the delivery at the New-York Arsenal of 25,000 Light Cavalry Sabres, United States regulation pattern. These Sabres are to be made in strict accordance with the standard patterns, to be seen at the New-York Arsenal. They are to be subject to the usual inspection and proof at the manufactory where made. Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than one-fifteenth (1 15th) per week of the whole number contracted for. The first delivery to be made on the 22d day of June, 1864.

Failure to make deliveries at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.

No bids will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers of sabres, and such as are known to this department to be such, competent to execute in their own workshops the work proposed for.

Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties, for its faithful execution.

Bidders will inclose with their bids the written acknowledgments of their sureties over their own signatures.

Upon the award being made, successful bidders will be notified and furnished with forms of contract and bond.

The department reserves the right to reject any or all bids if not deemed satisfactory.

Proposals will be addressed to BRIG.-GEN. GEORGE D. RAMSAY, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C., and will be indorsed "Proposals for Light Cavalry Sabres."

GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
Brigadier-General, Chief of Ordnance.

Forage Department, No. 66 Cedar-st., New-York City.

WANTED—HAY, STRAW, CORN AND OATS, for which cash will be paid on delivery.

S. L. BROWN, Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. A.

Assistant Quartermaster's Office, Forage Department, No. 66 Cedar-st., New-York, March 11, 1864.

PROPOSITIONS WILL BE RECEIVED daily, for the
FREIGHTING OF FORAGE
for the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, from New-York City, Philadelphia, Boston, Portland, and other ports on Coast of Maine,
TO
Washington, Alexandria, Va.; Newbern, N. C.; Port Royal, S. C., and New-Orleans, La.
PROPOSITIONS
must state name, standing and capacity of vessel, quantity of hay and grain, respectively, they will require, and when ready for cargo, and addressed to

S. L. BROWN,
Captain and Asst. Quartermaster.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO EXEMPT FIREMEN.—THE attention of Firemen holding Exempt Badges is called to the following section of the law, relative to the same:

Section 7. Every Exempt Fireman receiving a Badge shall have the permission to wear the same renewed some time during the month of May in each year, otherwise such permission shall be deemed revoked, and the said commissioners may, at any time, revoke any permission so granted by them; but in case such permission is not renewed, or is revoked, it shall be the duty of such Exempt Firemen to restore the badge previously worn by him, to the said commissioners.

In accordance with the above section, the Clerks of the Board of Fire Commissioners will be in attendance at Firemen's Hall, on every TUESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, from seven to nine P. M. during the month of May, for the purpose of renewing Exempt Badges.

JNO. J. GORMAN, President.

Charles P. Knapp, } Clerks.
R. P. H. Abell. }

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS OF THE COMMON COUNCIL will meet every day, during the present week, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of making arrangements to receive the regiments returning on furlough, for the purpose of recruiting. Also, to make suitable arrangements to give those already arrived, and about to depart for the seat of war, an entertainment. Commandants of regiments now home on furlough, whose term is about to expire, are requested to communicate with the committee, by letter addressed to the Chairman or Secretary of the committee, No. 8 City Hall. JOHN HARDY Chairman.

E. W. Taylor, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—NOTICE IS hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims or demands against the estate of JOHN TAYLOR, late of Albany, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, the administrators of the goods, chattels and credits of said deceased, at the office of JOHN TAYLOR'S SONS, No. 133 Broadway, Albany, or No. 334 Greenwich-st., New-York, on or before the 1st day of November next.—Dated Albany, this 29th day of April, A. D., 1864.

E. E. TAYLOR, }
J. B. TAYLOR, } Administrators.
May 2-law6m. Mo. WM. H. TAYLOR. }

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee, are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES RILEY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the committee are invited to attend.

PATRICK RUSSELL, } Committee
MICHAEL BROPHY, } on
WM. JOYCE, } Roads.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock, M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.

All parties hrving business before the Committee are requested to attend.

SAMUEL T. WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committe on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall. All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.

Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M. All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.

CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

REYNOLDS TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.

Competent men are employed to measure streams, make plans, and put in flumes, wheels and gearing.
TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 170 Broadway, N. Y.

MEETINGS.

WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION FOR DIMINISHING THE USE OF IMPORTED LUXURIES.—The above association, so successfully inaugurated last Monday, May 16, by a mass meeting at the Cooper Union of over 2,500 women, held an adjourned meeting on the following day at No. 2 Great Jones-st. Various committees were appointed upon manufactures, correspondence throughout the State, &c. The pledge, as finally adopted, reads as follows:

"We the undersigned, during the continuance of this war of rebellion, pledge ourselves to refrain from the purchase of imported articles of luxury, for which those of home manufacture or production can be substituted."

To this the following names, taken at random from among several hundred, have been attached, and we publish them to show the interest with which the movement is regarded in this City.

Mrs. Laura W. Gibbs,
Mrs. David Lane,
Mrs. John Jay,
Mrs. Morris Ketchum,
Mrs. R. M. Hunt,
Mrs. T. F. Meagher,
Mrs. A. V. Stout,
Mrs. Gurdon Buck,
Mrs. Lewis Rutherford,
Mrs. Marshal O. Roberts,
Mrs. F. Billings,
Mrs. Van den Heuvel,
Mrs. Geo. J. Cornell,
Miss Mary Maria Hamilton,
Miss Agnes Noyes,
Miss Gardener,
Mrs. Gen. de Trobriand,
Mrs. Moses H. Grinnell,
Mrs. George H. Bowdoin,
Mrs. R. M. Blatchford,
Mrs. Frederick G. Foster,
Mrs. Drake Mills,
Mrs. S. B. Scheffelin,
Mrs. J. G. Courtney,
Mrs. Francis Lieber,
Mrs. Alex. Hamilton, Jr.,
Mrs. Daniel Le Roy,
Mrs. Jas. B. Colgate,
Mrs. Benj. Nathan,
Mrs. Henry A. Coit,
Mrs William E. Dodge,
Miss K. Hone,
Miss Nash,
Miss A. P. Carey,
Mrs. W. P. Griffin,
Mrs. T. d'Oremieulx,
Miss Ellen Collins,
Miss Louisa Lee Schuyler,
Mrs. S. Weir Roosevelt,
Miss Henrietta D. Haines,
Miss Harriet R. Woolsey,
Mrs. J. A. Dickinson,
Mrs. James A. Ruthven,
Mrs. Nathaniel Robinson,
Mrs. Joseph Inslee,
Mrs. Com. Eagle, U. S N.
Mrs. Wm. A. Bloodgood,
Mrs. Wm. B. Allen,
Mrs. John W. Chauncey,
Mrs. Wm. B. Moffat.

We would gladly publish all the names attached to this pledge, if our means would allow. For this for distributing information, and for other purposes, all persons interested are requested to send money to Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMAN, Treasurer of the Association, No. 2 Great Jones-st., where the register of names is open for signatures from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. Signatures will be received by letter.

Retail dealers in American fabrics are also requested to send to the office their names and addresses, with a description of the goods sold by them.

By order. ANNE S. EDWARDS, Secretary.

SHOE DEALERS EARLY CLOSING ASSOCIATION.—At an adjourned meeting of the Boot and Shoe Dealers, held Friday evening, the 27th instant, the committee appointed to canvass the City reported 105 names signed in favor of 7 o'clock, 74 in favor of 8 o'clock, and 22 scattering.

The reports were accepted and after a general interchange of opinions and views with regard to the movement in question, resolutions were moved and adopted, that on and after MONDAY, May 30, the retail Boot and Shoe Dealers close their respective stores at 7 o'clock precisely, Saturdays and days next preceding holidays excepted. The resolution passing with only four dissenting votes.

The undersigned committee, in behalf of the Association desire to call the attention of the public to the above resolution, which they deem to be demanded by the excessive hours of labor usual in their trade, believing the public can be equally as well accommodated, and a large class of employers and employed be relieved by an abridgement of the hours of confinement and labor, and we most respectfully solicit a coöperation of the public patronage, as, also, those of the dealers who, as yet, have attended any of these meetings, trusting that all dealers, especially, will consider themselves as committee to secure the coöperation of their neighbors in this laudable object. We remain, very respectfully,

JOEL SAMIS,
NELSON SAMIS,
WM. NEILY,
ROBT. IRWIN,
JNO. C. GRAHAM,
S. M. BIXBY,
J. HENDERSON,
Committee.

MEDICAL.

DR. HUMPHREY'S SPECIFIC HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES

have been ten years before the public, and are used by thousands of families, and are everywhere commended for their simplicity, economy, and great curative value. A full case, with 35 large vials and book of directions is sold for $8, or sent to any address, free of charge, by express, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS, office and depot, No. 562 Broadway, N. Y.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 50 Lispenard-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. WARD, No. 61 Franklin-st. Call, send, or write.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 61 Franklin-st., between Broadway and Elm-st., New-York.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st. to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 22 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, whose valuable book entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family, with full instructions for restoring the monthly sickness. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by E. WARNER, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) No. 18 Ann-st. and No. 13 Court-st., Boston.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES, who require a safe and certain remedy for removing obstructions, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1, price $1 a box, to restore the monthly sickness in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5 a box. Sold at No. 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box No. 2,350 N. Y. Post-office.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP CURES CERTAIN diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting or sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours. It roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is one dollar a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. A book that treats of the dreadful effects of early abuse. Two hundred pages. Sent by mail for ten three-cent stamps. Male and Female Preventive, five dollars.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, 61 Franklin-st. N. Y.

DR. P. P. WELLS ANNOUNCES TO HIS friends and strangers who may visit Newport R. I., during the coming season, and to its resident citizens, that he has taken rooms at Miss Hazzards, corner of William and Touro sts., where he will attend to the practice of his profession after June 15, 1864.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A GENTLEMAN having sold his house is desirous of disposing of parlor, bedroom and dining-room furniture, including chandeliers, &c. Parties desirous of purchasing can obtain particulars by calling on Mr. BLACKWELL, Room No. 12, No. 8 Pine-st.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles; walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail; also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture; also solid chestnut and walnut chamber sets, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 363 Canal-st., opposite Wooster-st. Established 1843.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD

BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, $1 per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000, and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.

AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,612	....
ERIN—building	3,215	....
ONTARIO—building	3,212	....
HELVETIA—building	3,209	....
LOUISIANA	2,166	Smellie.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Grace.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 48, East River, as follows:

WESTMINSTER	Saturday, June 4.
VIRGINIA	Saturday, June 18.
PENNSYLVANIA	Saturday, July 2.
LOUISIANA	Saturday, July 16.

AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed and the rates lower than by any other line.

SALOON PASSAGE to Liverpool—$100, or $85, in Currency, according to the accommodation in State-rooms, but passengers having equal privileges in the Saloon.

THIRD-CLASS PASSAGE to Liverpool—$35 in Currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well-known Steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON	Saturday	May 28
GLASGOW	Saturday	June 4
CITY OF BALTIMORE	Saturday	June 11

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	34
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105; Steerage, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

NOTICE.

The steamship CITY OF LIMERICK, of this line, will sail as an extra steamer on TUESDAY, May 31, at noon, carrying a limited number of steerage passengers, at reduced rates, payable in United States currency.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steam to Liverpool and Glasgow. The fine, fast-sailing, A 1, Clyde-built steamship CALEDONIA, Capt. CRAIG, is intended to sail on SATURDAY, June 4, from Pier 4, North River. This steamship is fitted in the most approved style, to insure the comfort and safety of passengers.

Rates of passage, including an abundant supply of well-cooked provisions:

First Cabin	$85	Second Cabin	$70
Intermediate	45	Steerage	35

Payable in Currency.

Apply to FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The U. S. mail side-wheel steamship COLUMBIA, D. B. BARTON, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on SATURDAY, June 4, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for New-Orleans direct. No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

All letters must pass through the post-office.

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on

SATURDAY, 21st of May.
SATURDAY, 18th of June.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.

The first-class United States Mail steamship LOCUST POINT, Capt. HOFFMAN, will leave Pier No. 9 North River, on SATURDAY, June 4, at 3 P. M. Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. For freight or passage, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States mail sidewheel steamship EAGLE, J. J. LAWRENCE, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River on WEDNESDAY, June 1st, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct. No freight received nor bills of lading signed on the day of sailing. All letters must pass through the Post-office. For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP PERSIA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The PERSIA, E. G. LOTT, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 1st June. A steamboat will ply between the company's wharf at Jersey City and the PERSIA from 11 to 12½ o'clock, to convey passengers and baggage on board. None but passengers can be taken on board.

The AUSTRALASIAN will sail 15th June.

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR RONDOUT—LANDING AT CORNWALL, Newburgh, Marlboro, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Elmores. The steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. J. H. TREMPER, and THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. W. H. CORNELL, will leave New-York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from foot of Jay-st., at 4½ P. M. Returning, will leave Rondout at 6 P. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—DAILY LINE.—The steamer BRIDGEPORT will leave Pier No. 26 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock, noon. Freight taken. Arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Housatonic, Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads; also, the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains.

EXCURSIONS.

TRANSFIGURATION CHURCH, MOTT-STREET.—Excursion to Jones' Wood, on TUESDAY, May 31, 1864, in behalf of the schools attached to this Church, containing over twelve hundred children instructed entirely free. Rev. T. TREANOR.

Tickets, 50 cents; children half price.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BARGE—THE HARVEST HOME and RHINEBECK for excursions, with steamboats and groves, such as desired. Excursion office, No. 382 West-st., corner Barrow.

H. B. CROSSETT.

TO LET FOR EXCURSIONS—STEAMboats, barges and groves. Apply to W. & E. MYERS & CO., foot of Morton-st. (office removed from Vestry-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SECOND EDITION NOW READY
OF
GOV. RAYMOND'S HISTORY
OF
PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S ADMINISTRATION,
WITH PRELIMINARY BIOGRAPHY
AND
AN ACCURATE STEEL PORTRAIT,
PRICE, $1 50.
DERBY & MILLER, Publishers, No. 5 Spruce-st.

And for sale by Booksellers generally.

GOODYEAR BEFORE CONGRESS.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED.

This seasonable new book of 170 pages is for sale by the AMERICAN NEWS COMPANY, No. 121 Nassau-st., New-York. It will be found intensely interesting to all persons interested in India rubber.

MILITARY.

TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS WOUNDED IN BATTLE.

The $100 bounty due to you is now being paid. Apply personally or by letter, inclosing discharge to this office, U. S. ARMY AGENCY, No. 64 Bleecker-st., New-York City. Opposite Pay Department.

☞ All just claims of every kind against the Government remaining unsettled, should now be presented for adjustment and payment. Letters making inquiries promptly answered.

NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. M.

An adjourned meeting of returned members of this Regiment will be held MONDAY EVENING, May 30, at No. 213 Spring-st., to take measures for a suitable reception of this Regiment on its approaching return to this City. All members and friends are earnestly invited to attend.

W. S TOLAND, Chairman.
WM. H. ROBERTS, Secretary.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A LADY AND GENTLEMAN, or two single gentlemen, can find pleasant accommodations for the Summer and Fall months, at HENRY FENNER'S, South Orange, N. J., within one hour's ride, by Morris and Essex Railroad. Address Box No. 2,490 Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—BOARD CAN BE HAD for the Summer in a farmer's family, near the Village of Huntington. Accommodations for two or three adults and one or two children. For particulars inquire of C. JERVIS, No. 150 Fulton Market.

COUNTRY BOARD AT NYACK.—PLEASANT rooms for families or single persons in a healthy location, can be obtained by addressing S. G. BROOKS, Nyack, or No. 3 Hanover-place, Brooklyn.

CASH PAID FOR RAGS AND OLD METALS.—White rags 10 cents per pound, cotton and woolen, 3 cents per pound; books and newspapers 7 cents per pound, old brass 22 cents per pound, copper and pewter 28 cents, lead 8 cents per pound, at No. 18 New-Bowery, corner of Roosevelt-st.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. NAVY. AND MARINE CORPS.

NEW-YORK COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE,
OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS,
CORNER CHAMBERS-ST. AND BROADWAY.

5,000 RECRUITS WANTED
FOR THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.

COUNTY BOUNTY OF $200 AND $100,
CASH DOWN FOR SAILORS,
AND
$300 FOR MARINES AND PRIZE MONEY.

THE UNITED STATES AUTHORITIES HAVING, in order to fill up the navy and Marine Corps authorized the raising of recruits for that branch of the service, and guaranteed that recruits for the navy and Marine Corps shall be counted on the quotas of the places where they elect to be credited, the same as if they were recruits for the army, the County Volunteer Committee have resolved to pay recruits for the navy and Marine Corps the following bounty, cash down, upon their being duly mustered into the service:

When enlisting for one year in the navy	$100
When enlisting for more than one year in the navy	$200
When enlisting for Marine Corps	$300

ANY PERSON BRINGING A RECRUIT FOR THE NAVY OR MARINE CORPS TO THIS OFFICE WILL RECEIVE A COUNTY PREMIUM OF $20.

PAY OF THE U. S. MARINE CO

Grade.	
First or Orderly Sergeant	$20 per month.
All other Sergeants, each	17 per month.
Corporals	13 per month.
Drummers and Fifers	12 per month.
Privates in Barracks at Navy-yard	13 per month.
Privates at Sea	14 50 per month.

Seamen and ordinary seamen, who will be shipped for two years, will receive, in addition to the above bounty of $200, three months' pay in advance, and three months' extra pay as Government bounty.

The rates of wages are as follows:

First-class Firemen	$30 per month.
Second-class Firemen	25 per month.
Coal-passers	18 per month.
Seamen	18 per month.
Ordinary Seamen	14 per month.
Landsmen	12 per month.
Boys	10 per month.

Boys will not be taken unless they are sixteen years of age, stout, in good health, and not below four feet eight inches in height. In all cases the consent of the parents or guardians must be first obtained.

The county bounty and the three months advance pay will be paid to all recruits, irrespective of class; and half-monthly pay can be left at home by application to the Paymasters of the vessels to which the recruits may be assigned.

All needful information can be obtained by applying at the Naval tent in the Park, and persons can be enlisted and sworn in at either of the following rendezvous, which are the only ones authorized by the Navy Department in this City.

All recruits thus enlisted, and receiving the bounties aforesaid, will be credited to the quota of the City and County of New-York.

CAPT. OSCAR BULLUS, U. S. N., No. Cherry-st.
CAPT. EDWARD THOMSON, U. S. N., No. 346 Water-st.
LIEUT.-COMDG. JNO. McLEOD MURPHY, U. S. N., No. 14 State-st.
ACT'G-MASTER JOHN W. GOIN, U. S. N., No. 156 South-st.
CAPT. A. N. BREVOORT, U. S. M. C., No. 18 Bowery.
EDWARD P. MEEKER, U. S. M. C., County Bounty Rooms, No. 18 Bowery.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Volunteer Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, April 8, 1864.

N. Y. COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE.

OFFICE NEW BUILDINGS,
Cor. Chambers-st. and Broadway.
Entrance on Broadway.

10,000 VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

The following are the pecuniary inducements offered:

COUNTY BOUNTY, cash down	$300 00
UNITED STATES BOUNTY additional	100 00
Total	$400 00

Applications to be made *personally* at the office of the Committee.

☞ Any person bringing a recruit for the army to this office, will receive a premium of twenty dollars.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WILLIAM R. STEWART, Supervisor.
WILLIAM M. TWEED, Supervisor.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Auxiliary Member.
County Committee.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

NEW-YORK, April 4, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE A. A. PROVOST-MARSHAL-GENERAL, AND SUPERINTENDENT VOLUNTEER RECRUITING SERVICE:

SOUTHERN DIVISION OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, May 23, 1864.

Notice is hereby given to all persons entitled to exemption under the amended Enrollment Act, on account of alienage, unsuitableness of age, (under twenty and over forty-five years,) or on account of two years service in the Army or Navy, during the present War, to present such claims in person without delay to the Board of Enrollment of the District in which they reside.

WILLIAM HAYS,
Brigadier General Volunteers,
and A. A. Provost-Marshal-General.

CIRCULAR.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS STATE OF NEW-YORK,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ALBANY, May 24, 1864.

Officers of Volunteer Regiments from the State of New-York who have left the service by resignation, expiration or term of service, or for other causes, are requested to send at once to these headquarters, their present Post-office address, designating their rank and the Regiment in which they served.

A large number of letters and packages for officers formerly belonging to Regiments from this State, are at this Office, which cannot be forwarded without this information.

The attention of Officers connected with the regiments mustered for two years, is especially called to this circular.

JOHN T. SPRAGUE, Adjutant-General.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE OF THE PAYMASTER-GENERAL,
ALBANY, May 9, 1864.

FOR WANT OF LIKE FACILITIES AS were afforded me in the Northern and Western Divisions, the men enlisted under the recent calls in the Southern Division of the State (comprising the first ten Congressional Districts) were obliged, most of them, to go to the field without the State bounty. In the recent battles many, whom the Paymaster had not as yet been able to reach in the field, may have been killed.

Widows and others, residing in New-York City and its vicinity, having claims on this office, will, if they call on Maj. ROBERT BENSON, JR., No. 7 State-street, New-York City, have their papers arranged and forwarded, FREE OF EXPENSE.

JOHN D. VAN BUREN,
Paymaster-General.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID—CERTIFICATE NO. 1,213, for one hundred shares of the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company Common Stock, in name of George Manley & Co. Also, Certificate No. 1,354, for two hundred shares Toledo and Wabash Railway Company Common Stock, in name of Lockwood & Co. Also, Certificate No. 871, for one hundred shares Toledo and Wabash Railway Company Preferred Stock, in name of Cammann & Co. Also, lost or mislaid, in same package, $3,000 of the Toledo and Wabash Railway Company Second Mortgage Bonds, viz.:

Nos. 948 and 949, $500 each, issued by Toledo and Wabash Railway Company.

No. 462, $1,000, issued by Toledo and Wabash Railway Company.

Nos. 1,376 and 1,251, $250 each, issued by Toledo and Wabash Railway Company.

No. 1,110, $500, issued by Wabash and Western Railway Company.

The transfer of said stock and payment of coupons to said bonds have been stopped, and all persons are notified not to negotiate said stock or bonds.

Application will be made for new certificates. The finder is requested to return the same to CAMMANN & CO., No. 56 Wall-st.

LOST OR MISLAID.—CERTIFICATE NO. 10,871 for one hundred shares Erie Railway common stock, in the name of Dwight Townsend. Also, Certificate No. 10,590, for one hundred shares Erie Railway common stock, in the name of Richard Schell, owned by the undersigned. The transfer has been stopped, and all parties are notified not to negotiate the certificates. Application will be made for new certificates. The finder is requested to return the same to PETERS & PROBST, No. 13 Broad-st.

LOST OR MISLAID—CERTIFICATE NO. 3,396, for one hundred shares ILLINOIS CENTRAL SCRIP STOCK, dated Aug. 12, 1863, in the name of Cammann & Co.

The transfer has been stopped, and all persons are notified not to negotiate the certificate.

Application will be made for a new certificate.

The finder is requested to return the same to WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORISON, No. 29 William-st.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 2,236, FOR SIXTY-FOUR shares of the Capital Stock of the Mechanics' Banking Association, issued to Mrs. Hetty Strong. The transfer has been stopped, and all persons are notified not to negotiate the certificate. Application will be made for a new certificate. O. S. STRONG, No. 516 Broadway.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON

DENTAL ASSOCIATION have extracted teeth daily for one year by the Nitrous Oxide Gas, without a single instance of failure or unpleasant effects. Office, No. 22 Bond-st.

ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE.

Teeth extracted during a quiet sleep, positively without pain or injurious results. To accommodate the large number of persons requiring his professional services, Dr. HOYT has removed to the four-story building No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

KENNEDY'S EXTRA FINE CAMBRIDGEPORT CRACKERS, in barrels, half barrels and boxes, for sale at No. 10 Cortlandt-st., and at all first-class grocers. Something new. Tin cans assorted.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.—THOMAS R. AGNEW, the great grocer, tea and flour dealer of this City, corner of Greenwich and Murray sts., is now selling teas, coffees, flour, wines, sugars, molasses, syrups, and every thing else used in every family, cheaper than any other dealer in the United States. One price cash house. Wholesale department, No. 262 Greenwich-st.; retail, corner of Greenwich and Murray sts.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH!
TWO HOURS OF LAUGHTER AND DELIGHT.
Brilliant success of
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
MR. AND MRS. W. J. FLORENCE,
who appear every night in Byron's celebrated burlesque of
FRA DIAVOLO,
which is now drawing crowds as great as that gathered to "The Ticket-of-Leave Man," and has been pronounced by the leading journals
THE PERFECTION OF BURLESQUE.
Fra Diavolo, alias the Marquis di Centre Markte, an amiable and captivating brigand, such as are seen nowhere, save on the stage,
Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE
Beppo, a particularly heavy ruffian, not troubled with the faintest outline of a conscience, or, indeed, anything but the hoarseness peculiar to melo dramatic brigands .... Mr. W. J. FLORENCE
Supported by Messrs. Vining Bowers, A. H. Davenport, T. E. Morris, Eberle, Riely, Dennison, Mrs. Chanfrau and Mrs. Floyd.

MUSIC INCIDENTAL:
Opening Chorus, "Faust" .... Lorenzo, Matteo and Carbineers.
Descriptive Song and Chorus, "There's a monster who lives" .... Lorenzo and Chorus
Duet, "Don't annoy me, Oh!" .... Lord and Lady Allcash
Aria, "I'm in a dreadful state of mind." .... Zerlina
Romanza, "Daylight, Love." .... Fra Diavolo
Drinking Song, from Puritan's Daughter .... Fra Diavolo
Duet, "On yonder rock reclining." .... Fra Diavolo and Zerlina
Duet, "Tis hard to put the Hand." .. Beppo and Giacomo
Concerted Piece, "Do not Jingle." .... All Hands.
Song, "Ah Key Lay." .... Giacomo
Song, "Pop goes his Weasen." .... Beppo
Song, "Gentle Zerlina." .... Zerlina
Concerted Piece, "Hoopen De dooden do," .... Zerlina, Diavolo, Beppo
Concerted Piece, "Nelly Bly," .... Zerlina, Lord and Lady Allcash
Duet, "Let us Leave Italy." .... Lord and Lady Allcash
Grand Chorus, "La Kermeuse," Faust
Clothers Chorus .... Beppo, Giacomo, Hurliani, Iberli
Song, "Dark girl dressed in blue." .... Fra Diavolo
Song, "Let me kiss him, Yankee Doodle." .... Lorenzo
Finale—U. S. G .... Everybody

The performances will commence with the protean comedietta, entitled:
THRICE MARRIED.
Mrs. FLORENCE as ... Carlotta, a Bal Masque Costumer
With songs—"Captain with his Whiskers"
and—"Young Recruit,"
and assuming the character of
VICTORINE, LE PAGE,
an Opera Singer, with
FRENCH SONG, "Les Yeux," and
GERMAN SONG, "Die Federn am hoot."
SENORA PEREA NENA,
A Spanish Dancer, with Spanish Dance,
LA SAQUADILLO.
And MASTER GUSTAVUS VOSA DE VERE,
a Cadet of the Polytechnic School of Zouave.
Mr. FLORENCE .... as .... VIVIAN RIPPLE
Doors open at 7¼; performance commences at 7¾.
Carriages may be ordered at 10¾ o'clock.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
AND
GRAFULLA'S
SEVENTH REGIMENT N. G. BAND
AT THE
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT
OF THE
MUSÆOLA ASSOCIATION,
IN THE
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
On TUESDAY EVENING, May 31, 1864,
at 8 o'clock.

PROGRAMME;
PART FIRST.
1. Overture—"Zampa," .... Herold
2. Song—"Yellow Haired Laddie," .... Scotch
3. Selections—"Faust," .... Gounod
4. Song—Pollacca—"Il Puritani," .... Bellini
Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.
5. Waltz—"La Romantique," .... Lanner
6. Quickstep—Medley .... Grafulla
PART SECOND.
7. March—"Tannhauser," .... Wagner
8. Galop—Medley.
9. Song—"Clara Louise Polka," .... E. Muzio
Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.
10. Aria—Dinorala .... Meyerbeer
11. Il Bacio ("The Kiss,") .... Arditi
12. Quickstep .... Grafulla

ORDER OF DANCING.
1. Quadrille—Musæola.
2. Polka.
3. Lancers.
4. Redowa.
5. Quadrille.
6. Polka Redowa.
7. Lancers.
8. Galop.
9. Quadrille.
Finale—Grand "Tattoo," .... Graffulla

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.
Edward Ball.
Chas. Carroll Sawyer,
William H. Walbridge,
J. M. Mozart,
William L. Gill,
John H. Ackerman,
Robert M. Fuller.
ASSOCIATE COMMITTEE.
George B. Lincoln,
J. H. Frothingham,
S. S. Guy,
J. B. Whittaker,
Chas. H. Williamson,
W. B. Parsons.

Messrs. Chickering & Sons will furnish the Grand Piano Forte to be used on this occasion.

Tickets, $1 each.

For sale at the principal music stores, and at the box office of the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

WALLACK'S.

ON MONDAY, MAY 30,
will be produced for the
FIRST TIME ON ANY STAGE,
an entirely original drama, of novel construction and peculiar effects, in three acts, entitled
CAPTAIN BLAND,
with new scenery, costumes and appointments, incidental music, dance, &c.
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,
CAPTAIN BLAND
will be repeated.
THURSDAY—THE WIFE'S SECRET.
FRIDAY—121st night of ROSEDALE.
SATURDAY—CAPTAIN BLAND.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY, NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7½.

Leave Flushing at 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7½ P. M.

N. B.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M. Sunday trains leave Flushing at 8 and 10 A. M., and 1, 4 and 6 P. M. Leave Hunter's Point at 9 and 11 A. M., and 2, 5 and 7 P. M.

JOHN S. BATTORFF, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, for Greenport, Sag Harbor and Hamptons, at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Riverhead, Yaphank and Lakeland at 8 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. For Islip, Babylon and Farmingdale at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 5:30 P. M. For Syosset at 10:30 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Hempstead, Jamaica and Winfield at 8, 10:30 A. M. and 3:30, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.

Sunday excursion train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 8:30 A. M., for Riverhead, stopping at all stations, except Hempstead and Syosset.

Excursion tickets for this train at reduced rates.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY. — PASSENGER TRAINS leave as follows, viz.:

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
7 A. M.—Express for Cleveland direct, via A. & G. W. Ry.
8:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way for Otisville, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express—Saturdays and Sundays excepted—for Dunkirk, Buffalo, &c.
6 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Rochester, Canandaigua, &c. On Saturdays this train will run to Buffalo only.
8 P. M.—Emigrant, for Dunkirk.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. BEERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 4 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:40 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. W. F. GRIFFITH, General Superintendent.

BROOKLYN CENTRAL AND JAMAICA RAILROAD.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.—For Jamaica, 8 and 10:15 A. M. 1, 3:15, 4:15, 5:45 and 6:45 P. M. For Hempstead, 8 and 10:15 A. M., and 3:15 and 4:15 P. M. For Syosset, 10:15 A. M., and 4:15 P. M. For North Islip and Greenport, 8 A. M. and 3:15 P. M. Leave Jamaica, 6, 8, 9:30 and 10:30 A. M., and 1, 3:30, 4:30, 6 and 7 P. M. Sunday trains leave hourly from East New-York.

L. O. RICHARDSON, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M. and 4:27 and 6:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10:40 P. M.	11:02 P. M.

On SUNDAYS, at 6:22 P. M. from 30th-st.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE WEST.—Ladies traveling alone or families will find this the shortest and easiest route. There is but one change of cars between New-York and Chicago or Cincinnati, and only two to St. Louis. Office, No. 271 Broadway, corner Chambers-st.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M.; 2:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., 6:25 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M. run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. Sunday train, 5 P. M.

FAIRS.

A FAIR IS NOW BEING HOLDEN FOR the benefit of the Colored Orphan Asylum at Mozart Hall, Broadway, opposite Bond-st., which will continue till Thursday night, June 2. In consequence of the riots of last July, the Asylum is greatly in need of funds; it is hoped, therefore, that the wealthy and benevolent will cordially respond to this public appeal in aid of the poor and the fatherless.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

ERNESTINE, ERNESTINE, ERNESTINE.
GREAT SUCCESS, GREAT SUCCESS,
GREAT SUCCESS, OF
BOUCICAULT'S
GREAT DOMESTIC DRAMA,
JANET PRIDE,
JANET PRIDE,
with new and elegant scenery, costumes and properties. Characters by Messrs. Nagle, Hadaway and Jamison, Mrs. Prior, Miss Allford and the entire company.
AFTERNOON and EVENING, at 3 and 7¾ o'clock.
ENTHUSIASTIC AND CONTINUED APPLAUSE
GREETS
THE BRILLIANT, BEAUTIFUL, FASCINATING
MLLE. ERNESTINE,
MLLE. ERNESTINE,
MLLE. ERNESTINE,
who appears every afternoon and evening
IN NEW AND CHARMING DANCES.
ILLUMINATED FOUNTAIN OF REAL WATER,
BETWEEN THE ACTS.
To be seen at all hours of the day and evening.
COLOSSAL GIANTS, AND DIMINUTIVE DWARFS,
MONSIEUR JOSEPH, ex-officer of the French Army, and ANNA SWAN, the NOVA SCOTIA GIANTESS, each over eight feet high.
THE LILLIPUTIAN KING, and GENERAL GRANT, Jr., the smallest men living.
THREE ALBINO CHILDREN, aged 7, and 5 years and 4 months—NEVER BEFORE EXHIBITED.
Daily additions of rare and wonderful fish to the
THE BEAUTIFUL AQUARIA.
Phrenological Examinations and Charts by
PROFESSOR LIVINGSTON.
A JAPANESE MASKIN HOG.
MINIATURE SKATING POND.
Three TABLEAUX OF MOVING WAX FIGURES.
Bridal Group of GEN. TOM THUMB AND WIFE, COM. NUTT and MINNIE WARREN, in the costumes worn at the General's wedding, and others.
TWO LIVING PRAIRIE DOGS, from Colorado Territory, the only ones ever seen in this region.
THREE SPECKLED BROOK TROUT, each weighing OVER FOUR POUNDS.
A MONSTER SERPENT, 21 feet long.
ROBERT HOUDIN'S AUTOMATON-WRITER.
THE MUSICALLY-EDUCATED SEAL,
And innumerable other curiosities.
Admission 25 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

BROADWAY THEATRE,

LATE WALLACK'S,
Corner of Broadway and Broome-st.
second week
of Mr. F. S. CHANFRAU,
who has achieved the most
PRONOUNCED SUCCESS,
in his original impersonation of
BROTHER SAM,
in CHARLES GAYLER'S highly successful comedy, entitled:
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN AT HOME.
Which is nightly received with
UNCONTROLLABLE MIRTH
and the most
LAVISH APPLAUSE.
It will be repeated
MONDAY AND EVERY EVENING
until further notice.
Lord Dundreary and Brother Sam .... Mr. Chanfrau

IRVING HALL.

THE GREAT EXHIBITION.
FALLON'S STEREOPTICON,
THE MOST WONDERFUL OF THE AGE,
WILL BE CONTINUED ALL THIS WEEK,
EVERY NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK.
AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK.
ANOTHER NEW AND BRILLIANT PROGRAMME.
VIEWS IN THE NEW-YORK SANITARY FAIR.
THE WORTH MONUMENT.
VIEWS OF THE CITY AND HARBOR OF NEW-YORK.
BY REQUEST, THE BEAUTIFUL STATUE OF EVE LISTENING.
WASHINGTON, HIS HOME AND TOMB,
together with sixty other exquisite Views.
Tickets 25 cents. Family tickets, admitting six, One Dollar.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

The thirty-ninth annual exhibition of original pictures by living artists, is now open, at the Galleries, No. 625 Broadway, daily, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Corresponding Secretary, N. A.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

BRADBURY'S GOLD MEDAL NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTES,

after thorough and repeated tests by GOTTSCHALK, MASON, MILLS, SANDERSON, FRADEL, MORGAN, HELLER, TIMM, PATTERSON, and many others of the most competent judges, are pronounced "superior in power, purity, richness and quality of tone and thoroughness of workmanship." See their letter in my last circular. Seven First Premiums, including two Gold Medals, were received by Mr. Bradbury within four weeks, at the State fairs; and at the American Institute of 1863, "for the BEST PIANO-FORTE, A GOLD MEDAL." Warerooms No. 427 Broome-st., one block east of Broadway.

WM. B. BRADBURY.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S MELODEONS AND SCHOOL ORGANS.

The depot for the sale of the above celebrated instruments has been removed from No. 87 Fulton-st., to No. 523 Broadway, (Wm. Hall & Son's music store,) where a large stock of samples and packed instruments may at all times be found.

Dealers will be supplied on receipt of orders, with draft, for the amount of bill required.

Direct all communications to the undersigned, who is sole agent for this City.

CHARLES E. BACON.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that the firm is composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

HAINES BROTHERS,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.
Warerooms No. 758 Broadway.
PIANOS TO LET AND FOR SALE
ON INSTALLMENTS.

RAVEN & BACON,

Piano-Forte Manufacturers, Wareroom, No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway. A full assortment of our well known PIANOS constantly on hand, warranted in every respect. Purchasers will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS, FOR FAMILIES, CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS—Recognized by the musical profession as greatly superior to Harmoniums, Melodeons and all other small organs. [See our illustrated catalogue for explicit testimony to their superiority, from a majority of the most eminent organists in America.] Prices, $85 to $500 each.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.—The great reputation which our Cabinet Organs have obtained, and the extensive demand for them, have induced dealers to advertise, in some cases, quite different instruments as Cabinet Organs, and in others to represent to purchasers that Harmoniums and other reed organs are the same thing. This is not true. The excellences of our Cabinet Organs, which have given them their high reputation, are the result not merely of the superiority of their workmanship, but also, in large measure, of essential differences in construction, which, being patented, cannot be imitated by other makers. From these arise their better quality and volume of tone and unrivaled capacity for expression. Warerooms in New-York, No. 7 Mercer-st.

MASON BROTHERS.

100 NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS, melodeons, Alexandre and cabinet organs to let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at great bargains for cash; price from $60 to $250. New seven-octave pianos, at $225, $250, $275, $300, and up to $700. One seven-octave second-hand grand piano, price $700 new, will be sold for $300, or rented for $10 per month. 10,000 sheets of music, a little soiled, at 1½ cents per page. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

NEW MUSIC.—"THE PURE, THE BRIGHT, the Beautiful." "Golden Dreams and Fairy Castles," "When Dear Friends were Here," "Give This to Mother," by FOSTER; "New Emancipation Song," "I'm Willing to Wait," PARKHURST; "My Little Angel," "How goes the Money," HUTCHINSON; "The Dying Soldier Boy," and "My Jamie is a Soldier Brave," WALLACE; 30 cents each, mailed free. Publisher, HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

WANTED.—AN ENGLISH LADY, DISTINguished as a pianist and composer, whose musical education was acquired under eminent masters in France, who is thoroughly acquainted with the language and literature of that country, and is besides an accomplished artiste in water-colors, &c., would like to give lessons during the Summer months in exchange for her board. The highest City references given. Address V. C. A., Box No. 123 *Times* Office.

PIANOS, HARMONIUMS, MELODEONS, both new and second-hand. Agents for Hallett & Cumston's celebrated Boston pianos, S. D. & H. W. Smith's Boston harmoniums, Taylor & Farley's boudoir organs. Pianos to rent. Payment received in installments if desired. H. E. BAILEY & CO., No. 603 Broadway.

PIRSSON'S PIANO-FORTES.—JAS. PIRSSON respectfully informs the public that he has reëstablished himself in the piano-forte business and invites attention to a fine stock of pianos at his warerooms No. 478 Broadway, near Broome-st.

PIANO-FORTE LESSONS.—A YOUNG LADY thoroughly instructed, desires a few more pupils on the piano-forte. Address BRISTOW & HARDENBROOK, Piano-forte Warerooms, No. 147 10th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

J. F. REICHENBACH, PIANO FORTE TUNER and repairer, No. 15 West Houston-st., near Broadway, New-York. New and second-hand pianos for sale and to let.

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S PIANO-FORTE depot has been removed from No. 726 to No. 748 Broadway.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, N. Y. Peloubet's superior Harmoniums, $100 and $125; with pedals, $200 to $500. Instruments to let, or sold on installments.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

COMMENCES AT 7:45; CONCLUDES 10:45.
Lessee and Manager .... WM. WHEATLEY.
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 30, 1864,
THIRTEENTH NIGHT
of the celebrated lyric artiste
MLLE. VESTVALI,
who has won the highest encomiums for her most successful delineations of
ANGELO,
with the songs of "You are the Star" (words by S. K. Fiske, Esq.,) and "Brave Marco,"
IN JOHN BROUGHAM'S GRAND SPECTACULAR DRAMA IN FIVE TABLEAUX, ENTITLED
BEL DEMONIO,
Pronounced by
DENSELY-CROWDED AND DELIGHTED AUDIENCES, AND THE PRESS GENERALLY,
A SUPERB AND PERFECT PRODUCTION,
with its
SPLENDID NEW SCENERY,
GORGEOUS NEW COSTUMES,
NOVEL MECHANISM,
RICH FURNITURE AND APPOINTMENTS,
COMPLETE GRAND BALLET,
Original Music under the direction of
Harvey B. Dodworth,
GRAND TABLEAUX,
with auxiliary aid numbering over
TWO HUNDRED PERSONS,
and the following talented artists:
Messrs. J. Numan, J. W. Collier, J. F. Hagan, J. G. Burnett, J. W. Blaisdell, E. B. Holmes; Misses Rose Eytinge, Mary Wells, Skerrett, Moore; Mlle. Katarina, Ella, Kruger, Rosina, &c., &c.
THE ILLUMINATED GARDEN OPEN EVERY EVENING.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE,

Nos. 622 and 624 Broadway.
Lessee and Directress .... Mrs. John Wood
Stage Manager .... J. H. Selwyn
The entertainments on
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 30,
will commence with,
FOR THE FIRST TIME THIS SEASON,
the laughable and highly popular comic play, in three acts, entitled
THE PET OF THE PETTICOATS,
on which occasion
MRS. JOHN WOOD
will appear as
PAUL,
as played by her in New-York with
IMMENSE SUCCESS
and also,
(BY EXPRESS DESIRE,)
repeat her
TALENTED IMPERSONATION
OF
NINETTE,
THE PRETTY BARBER OF ISLINGTON,
IN
EASY SHAVING;
supported in both pieces by
THE ENTIRE STRENGTH OF THE COMPANY.
MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 6,
after months of careful preparation, will be produced the grand romantic and spectacular drama,
ALADDIN,
in which
MRS. JOHN WOOD
and the entire company appear.
Doors open at 7½; performances commence at 7¾.
Seats secured three days in advance.

COOPER INSTITUTE.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF MODERN TIMES.
MYSTERIOUS AND INCOMPREHENSIBLE
PHENOMENA!
Far surpassing the most brilliant productions of modern magicians, commencing WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 1, and continuing every evening until further notice. Heller, Simmons, and others claiming to produce like demonstrations will be totally eclipsed by
TWO YOUNG LADIES,
A SISTER OF THE DAVENPORT BROTHERS,
and
MRS. LAMB.
The entertainments given in their presence will
CONFOUND THE WISEST OF MEN,
and far surpass all previous wonders offered to the citizens of New-York.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8¼. Admission 50 cents. Children under 12 years, 25 cents. Reserved seats, without extra charge, at the office of the Institute, from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M. G. S. LACEY, Manager.

HELLER'S! HELLER'S! HELLER'S!

SALLE DIABOLIQUE, NO. 585 BROADWAY.

HELLER	Mystifies.	HELLER
HELLER	Jokes.	HELLER
HELLER	Plays the Piano.	HELLER
HELLER	Performs Illusions.	HELLER
HELLER	Executes Piano-forte Solos.	HELLER
HELLER	Perpetrates Puns.	HELLER
HELLER	Is Always at Home.	HELLER
HELLER	Cannot be Found Out.	HELLER
HELLER	Is Another Houdin.	HELLER
HELLER	Is Artemus Ward No. 2.	HELLER
HELLER	Is Thalberg on Broadway.	HELLER
HELLER	Is Great.	HELLER
HELLER	Is Good.	HELLER

Doors open every evening at 7¼; commence at 8.
Box-office open from 10 till 3. Seats should be secured beforehand.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.

SECOND WEEK OF THE GRAND FAIRY SPECTACLE OF
CINDERELLA,
CINDERELLA.
CINDERELLA.
CINDERELLA,
At Mrs. HOLMAN'S,
At Mrs. HOLMAN'S,
NO. 720 BROADWAY, ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
NO. 720 BROADWAY, ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Opposite the New-York Hotel,
Opposite the New-York Hotel.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8.
MATINEE (Cinderella) on WEDNESDAY, at 2 o'clock.

MR. AND MRS. VANDENHOFF

give THREE extra Readings at
DODWORTH'S HALL, No. 806 Broadway,
On MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY
EVENINGS.
Scenes and Impersonations from
SHAKESPEARE AND DICKENS,
with MRS. VANDENHOFF'S view of
SHAKESPEARE GALLICISED,
AND IMITATIONS OF FECHTER.

MR. & MRS. VANDENHOFF'S READINGS.

DODWORTH HALL, No. 806 BROADWAY.
THIS EVENING, 30th inst.,
First Reading of the new series,
SHAKESPEARE'S KING LEAR, (scenes,) Mr. & Mrs. Vandenhoff. Recitations by Mrs. Vandenhoff.
IMITATIONS of the French Hamlet by Mr. V., Dickens' Boots at the Holly Tree Inn.

CLARA FISHER'S CONCERT,

(Little Clara,) TO-NIGHT, (Monday,) May 30, At Niblo's Saloon, assisted by J. R. Thomas, George Simpson, and J. G. Maeder.

INSTRUCTION.

VAN NORMAN INSTITUTE,

A French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, Nos. 3 and 5 West 38th-st., will reopen after the Summer vacation, on
THURSDAY, Sept. 22.
For full information apply for circular to
Rev. D. C. VAN NORMAN,
Principal.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, (near New-York City.) The Summer Term will commence May 27. A situation unrivaled in healthfulness and beauty; a thorough course of study; superior teachers of music and the modern languages; facilities for horseback-riding and salt-water bathing, and Dr. Dio Lewis' gymnastics, constitute some of the attractions of this School.

Young ladies will be received to give attention only to music and other accomplishments, during this term.

Address L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Principals.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union, New-York.—Special individual instruction given in mathematics, naval, civil, military and mechanical engineering, drafting and the languages. Students received at any time. Call for circulars, or address the principal as above.

Major J. G. FOX, C. E.

A BUSINESS COURSE OF WRITING, Book-keeping, Commercial, Arithmetic, &c., $10, at No. 283 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Ladies, 24 Writing Lessons, $2. Persons whose education has been neglected can secure quiet rooms at PAINE'S, No. 62 Bowery, communicating directly from hall.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for boys. The Fifty-third Semi-annual Session will commence on Monday, May 2d. For circulars apply to the Principal,

D. S. ROWE, M. A.

BOYS PREPARED FOR BUSINESS AT Dolbear's Commercial Academy, No. 609 Broadway, can always obtain good places in stores, offices or banks; they become quick at figures, rapid business writers and practical book-keepers.

TEACHERS.

TEACHER WANTED.—AN EXPERIENCED, efficient assistant female teacher for the Male Grammar School, Astoria, L. I. Applicants must apply personally, bringing testimonials of character and ability. Salary, $400 per annum, payable monthly. The School Officers may be seen by calling on JOHN QUINN, Fulton-st., Astoria, on or before May 30, 1864, daily, after 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Education, District No. 3, Newtown.

ROBERT T. WILD,
Inspector of Common Schools.

WANTED—AN ENGLISH LADY OF EXPERIENCE, and fully qualified to give instruction in all the higher branches of an English education, with music and French, wishes an engagement. Address L. M., Post-office, Union-square.

THE TURF.

FASHION PLEASURE GROUNDS.

TROTTING
THURSDAY, JUNE 2, AT 3 P. M.,
Purse and Stake of $500, P. P.—Mile heats, best 3 in 5 to wagons.
.... Lady Shannon
R. Walker names g. m. .... Shark
Dan Mace names b. g. .... Dexter
Hiram Woodruff names b. g. .... Empress
D. Pfifer names br. m. .... Hambletonian
Horace F. Jones names b. g. .... Gen. Grant
Owner names br. g. ....
The boat leaves James' Slip at 2 P. M., connecting with the train at Hunter's Point at 2½ P. M., in time for the trot. Boats leave 34th-st. ferry every five minutes.

UNION COURSE, LONG ISLAND.—TROTTING on WEDNESDAY, June 1, at 3 o'clock P. M. Purse and stake of $1,300, mile heats, best three in five in harness. James S. Turner enters s. g. Dan Mace; John Turner, of Philadelphia, enters b. m. May Queen; Samuel McLaughlin enters blk. g. Lancet; Hiram Woodruff enters s. m. Lady Emma; Dan Mace enters b. g. Keystone (has died since entering). Cars leave South Ferry at 1 o'clock.

SHAW & WHITE, Proprietors.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Funeral of the late Col. George B. Hall.

The funeral of the late Col. GEORGE B. HALL, took place at his father's residence, (Ex-Mayor GEO. HALL,) No. 37 Livingston-street, Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There was a large attendance, both of civilians and officers of different military organizations, both of this City and New-York; in addition to which, Inspector F. I. A. BOOLE, and attaches, of the New-York Health Department, to the number of about sixty, were present, each bearing a badge and crape in honor of the memory of deceased, who up to the time of his death was connected with that department.

The remains were placed in the front parlor where the exposed features were viewed by a large number of sympathizing friends and relatives. The coffin was of mahogany, covered with black cloth and silver mounted, with a massive plate of silver bearing the following inscription:

"GEORGE B. HALL,
Died May 24, 1864,
Aged 38 years, 10 months and 9 days."

A wreath of laurel, and a wreath of immortelles were placed upon the coffin, together with his cap and sword, while the whole was enveloped in the American flag, under which he fought in Mexico, as well as in the present war. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Mr. S. W. BARNUM, undertaker, No. 132 Pierrepont-street.

The services took place at the house. The Rev. Dr. ROBINSON preached the funeral discourse, in which he sketched the patriotic services of deceased, taking for his text the 14th chapter of Job.

The Rev. Dr. EELLS offered up the prayer, after which the body was conveyed to the hearse—plumed and ornamented in the emblems of mourning—and conveyed to its last resting-place in Greenwood Cemetery, under escort of the Fifty-second Regiment, N. Y. S. M., Col. M. W. COLE.

The pall-bearers were Col. J. Q. Adams, Fifty-sixth Regiment; Col. Maidhoff, Eleventh Regiment; Col. J. B. Woodward, Thirteenth Regiment; Maj. Chambers, Ninety-third Regiment; Maj. R. C. Brainard, Eleventh Brigade; Surgeon McGowan, Ninety-third Regiment; Adjt. Unbekandt, Eleventh Regiment; Lieut. Kent, Eleventh Regiment.

Among those of the military present were Brig.-Gen. SMITH, Eleventh Brigade; Col. BAGLEY, of the Sixty-ninth Regiment; Capt. DEMPSEY, of the Sixty-ninth; Lieut. GRODIE, of the Sixty-ninth; Capt. OVERMAN, of the Eleventh Regiment, and the Lieutenant-Colonel of the Twenty-second Regiment, with several others.

The procession, preceded by the band of the Fifty-second Regiment, playing the Dead March, proceeded through Livingston-street to Clinton, thence to Hamilton-avenue, and Third-avenue to the Cemetery, where the remains were deposited with military honors.

The deceased was greatly instrumental in raising the Excelsior Brigade, (Gen. SICKLES') and received the Colonelcy of the Second regiment thereof—the Jackson Light Infantry, or Seventy-first Regiment, N. Y. S. V. He went out with his regiment to the field, and was in every battle, reconnoissance and skirmish in which it was engaged—from the Stafford Court-house raid, on the 6th of April, 1862, down to the battle of Fredericksburgh. During the majority of the engagements on the Peninsula, in which the Excelsior Brigade distinguished itself, Col. HALL commanded the brigade. He was most urgently recommended for the position of Brigadier-General, but before this well-deserved honor could be conferred upon him, he was forced to leave the army, in consequence of a disease contracted by his being almost constantly in the saddle in the discharge of his duty. This disease rapidly assumed a dangerous form, and shortly after the battle of Fredericksburgh he was compelled to return home. He failed gradually, and on Tuesday night last quietly sank to rest at his father's residence, deeply regretted by all who knew him.

Fire in Division-street.

ONE PERSON BURNED TO DEATH AND SEVERAL OTHERS BADLY INJURED.

Between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning flames were discovered issuing from the two-story frame building, No. 75 Division-street, owned by Mr. BERNARD HELLER, and occupied by him as a dwelling and second-hand furniture store. The damage to HELLER's stock and fixtures will amount to about $2,000. He is fully insured in the Rutgers Insurance Company. A portion of the store floor was occupied by MARY KELLY as a fruit-store. Her loss will amount to over $300. She was not insured. The loss on the building is about $1,500; supposed to be insured.

Owing to the combustible nature of the building and contents, and the consequent rapidity with which the fire spread, several persons were seriously burned before they could get out of the building, and a little daughter of Mr. HELLER, named BETTY, aged three years, is reported to have been burned in the premises. The following is a list of the casualties:

BERNARD HELLER and his wife, LENA HELLER, were very dangerously burned about the head, face, arms and hands. They were promptly conveyed to No. 13 Market-street, where their wounds were dressed and everything possible done to alleviate their sufferings. SAMUEL HELLER, aged ten months, and JOSEPHINE HELLER, aged five years, badly burned. They were conveyed to the New-York Hospital. BETTY, aged three years, above alluded to, was burned in the building. Her remains had not been recovered at a late hour yesterday. SARAH and CELIA HELLER, aged respectively eight and seven years, escaped unharmed.

FRANK MAHEDY, foreman of Engine Company No. 31, and THOMAS M'GRATH, of the same company, assisted by the members of Hook and Ladder Company No. 11, rendered valuable service in rescuing the inmates of the burning building. Foreman MAHEDY was seriously injured in both legs while in the discharge of his duty. He was conveyed to his engine-house and properly cared for.

When the front walls fell, several firemen were partially buried beneath the ruins. Among these were JOHN ARMSTRONG and Mr. EBERHARDT. They were extricated with much difficulty by their brother firemen. Their injuries are reported to be of a serious nature. Roundsman WHITCOMB had his head badly cut by the falling walls. JOHN DEITCHBURGER, who occupied a room in the attic story, was suddenly aroused from his slumbers by the cry of fire, and narrowly escaped death by jumping from the roof to the awning below. He was a manufacturer of cigars on the upper floor. His loss on stock is about $300; fully insured. The origin of the fire is at present unknown. Fire-Marshal BAKER will investigate the matter to-day.

The body of BETTY HELLER was recovered last evening in a very mutilated condition. The remains were conveyed to the Station-house of the Seventh Precinct, where the Coroner will hold an inquest to-day. Mrs. HELLER and the youngest child were just alive last evening, and were not expected to survive through the night.

Aid to White Refugees.

The National Freedmen's Relief Association, late in session, by special enactment, made the association a channel of conveying relief to the poor white people flying to our military lines for shelter from tyranny and destitution.

This is a most desirable and opportune arrangement, alike reflecting honor upon the association, and opening a convenient and economical medium of sending help to this needy people.

It is much to be desired that many will avail themselves of the arrangement, and with exemplary promptitude relieve their sufferings.

Donations of money, clothing, specially for women and children, and whatever can contribute to the comfort of persons *in absolute want of everything*, will be thankfully received at our rooms.

Please *designate* your donations designed for this particular charity, and send to C. C. LEIGH, No. 1 Mercer-street, New-York. They will be faithfully transmitted, and distributed with little if any additional expense, the association having agents and teachers on the field.

Donations of money may be sent to our worthy treasurer, JOSEPH B. COLLINS, No. 40 Wall-street, New-York.

Trotting on Long Island.

PROSPECTS OF THE WEEK.

The promise of exciting contests at both the Union and Fashion tracks during the current week is affluent to a degree. The keenest rivalry being kept up between the two courses, and the events down for decision at both being of the most interesting character.

THE UNION

leads off to-morrow with a match of $1,000, mile heats, best 3 in 5, in harness, between a bay stallion named by HIRAM WOODRUFF and CARL BURR's b. g. *Gen. Fremont*, both being Columbia County horses. Much interest and a considerable amount of speculation financially being connected with the result.

On the following day (Wednesday) a purse and stake of $1,300, mile heats, best 3 in 5, in harness, will be trotted for, the entry for which includes the sorrel gelding *Dan Mace*—who distinguished himself at Hartford, the other day—the Philadelphia bay mare *May Queen*, the renowned black gelding *Lancet*, and the sorrel mare *Lady Emma*.

Keystone, who died on Long Island the same day as *Patchen* was entered in this stable, but having paid the debt of nature, has of course to pay forfeit. By-the-way, the visitor to the Union Course will have his attention attracted by a small inclosed lot, standing out in the field at the back of the judge's stand, surrounded by a dwarf fence, and planted with a few flowering shrubs. That is the grave of the renowned trotting stallion *George M. Patchen*, but recently filled by one of the best and most honest horses that has graced the trotting-turf since the retirement of *Flora Temple*. Poor *Patchen*. It was a pity he had not a better fate, and a less thrifty owner.

THE FASHION COURSE.

The Play or Pay Sweepstakes of $500, which is to come off over this track on Thursday, is exciting the deepest interest on the Island and in the trotting circles of New-York, owing to the fact that it is likely to bring-in contest this year's hitherto invincible champion, *Dexter*, with *Shark*, *Lady Shannon*, *Empress* and *Hambletonian*, the probability being that at least three of the number will appear at the score, a determination being manifested to ascertain the true form of this year's champion, *Dexter*, who has so readily cut down all his previous opponents. In the event of the number we have indicated coming to score, the interest will be intensified, and a large amount of money will undoubtedly change hands.

Arrivals in the City.

Gov. C. G. Cleveland, and E. Ludd; Capt. W. R. Taylor, U. S. Navy; Surgeon A. B. Shipman, U. S. Army, and G. J. Davison, of New-York, are stopping at the Astor House.

Hon. J. R. Brant, Baltimore; Col. W. Nobles, New-York, and J. C. Davis, California, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Hon. H. S. Sanford, Minister to Brussels; Dr. Wm. W. Howard, Boston; and G. W. Riggs and family, Washington, are at the Brevoort House.

Nicholas Alfensalt, Havana; R. C. Zooley, U. S. Navy; C. A. Maver, Philadelphia; and J. B. Carman, Illinois, are at the St. Nichlas Hotel.

FATALLY SCALDED.—BYRON KELLY, aged 28 years, an employe of the New-York Quartz Company, doing business at No. 48 East Twenty-sixth-street, fell into a tank of boiling water about 3 o'clock yesterday morning at the above-named place, and was scalded in a terrible manner. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital in a dying condition by Officer MCKELVEY, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.—A boy named EDWARD THOMPSON, aged 10 years, residing with his parents at No. 345 Washington-street, fell from the pier at the foot of Desbrosses-street, yesterday afternoon, and before he could be rescued he was crushed to death between the pier and a ferry-boat which was at the time entering the slip.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

ACCIDENT BY FIRE.—A girl named MARY ANN ROTH was severely burned on Saturday by her clothes taking fire from the stove. She resided on the corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-first-street, Gowanus.

Williamsburgh.

ATTEMPTED MURDER BY A SOUTHERNER.—A man named PATRICK MCGINN, keeper of a porter-house at No. 120 First-street, Eastern District, was stabbed about 10 o'clock on Saturday night, by a man named MICHAEL COHEN, and was very seriously, if not fatally, injured. COHEN formerly resided at Tarborough, North Carolina, where he owned a distillery valued at $35,000. Some time in July or August last, the Third New-York Cavalry made a raid in this vicinity, destroyed the distillery and took COHEN a prisoner. He was sent to Newbern, and from thence to New-York, where he took the oath of allegiance. COHEN returned to Newbern, and was for a while in the Government employ as a plumber, but returned again to New-York some five months ago, and since that time has been noticed, by his family, to behave in a manner that led them to believe that he was not in his right mind. On Saturday night, COHEN entered MCGINNS' place, and while in ordinary conversation, and without any provocation, he suddenly stabbed MCGINNIS and then made his escape. The knife penetrated the right breast and glanced along the ribs, inflicting a wound some three inches in length. MCGINNS was at first thought to be fatally wounded, but yesterday hopes were entertained of his recovery. The police are making every effort to effect the arrest of the culprit, who, so far, has managed to elude their vigilance.

ALLEGED FALSE PRETENCES.—WILLIAM H. BAISLEY, was arrested on Saturday, by officer BRANAGAN, of the Fiftieth Precinct Police, on a complaint preferred by Comptroller FARON, who charges him with obtaining $300 under false pretences. As alleged, the accused got $300 from the Board of Supervisor's Committee, to exempt him from the draft, and with which money he procurred a substitute, paying $75 additional. He subsequently drew on the City, through the Comptroller, for a similar amount, ($300,) which he received, but the fact being discovered, he was arrested and held to await examination. The Supervisor's pay the exemptions of drafted men, as do also the City Board of Aldermen, and the position in which affairs are now managed, there does not appear to be much difficulty in drawing from both bodies, each acting independently of the other.

YOUTHFUL BURGLARS.—JAMES FARRELL, a boy, was detected in an unoccupied house in Hall-street, near Gates-avenue, on Saturday, by Mr. RICHARD EARLE, while in the act of removing the plumbing work. He was given into the custody of Sergeant WRIGHT, of the Forty-ninth Precinct. He effected an entrance by forcing open a shutter and window in the rear....Another boy, named JOHN BROWER, was arrested by Officer MCELMARTH, while in the act of rifling the desk in the coal office corner of Myrtle-avenue and Spencer-street. He gained entrance by breaking a pane of glass in the window and removing the fastenings. Both the accused were brought before Justice PERRY and held for a hearing.

NEW JERSEY.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE COL. ZABRISKIE.—The funeral of the late Col. ARAM ZABRISKIE, of the Ninth New-Jersey Regiment, who was mortally wounded in the late battles under Gen. BUTLER, took place from the First Reform Dutch Church, in Jersey City, on Saturday afternoon. It was attended by the city authorities, members of the bar of Hudson County, as well as from other parts of the State, a number of military officers, and a large concourse of citizens. The funeral discourse was delivered by Rev. Dr. CAMPBELL, President of Rutgers College. The remains were interred in Greenwood Cemetery.

ELLIOTT THE PRIZE FIGHTER.—JAMES ELLIOTT, who was recently arrested for participating in a prize fight at Weehawken, about a year since, was brought up for trial, in the Hudson County Court, on Saturday, when he pleaded guilty. He was remanded for sentence.

The Fight With the Albemarle.

Correspondence of the United States Army and Navy Journal.

HATTERAS INLET, N. C., May 18, 1864.

SIR: I venture to submit the following account of one of the most unusual and remarkable naval conflicts of this or any other war, in which the contending forces were so markedly disproportionate, and the result so contrary to preconceived ideas of "iron-clad" invincibility, that it may justly claim to take an historical position on the same page that records the brilliant exploits of DECATUR and JOHN PAUL JONES.

On the afternoon of May 5, the *Mattabesett*, *Sassacus* and *Wyalusing*, sidewheel gunboats, were lying at anchor in Albemarle Sound, twenty miles below the mouth of the Roanoke River, having been assigned the arduous duty of encountering and, if possible, destroying the rebel iron-clad ram *Albemarle*, whose recent raid, in conjunction with the attack and capture of Plymouth, when she succeeded in capturing two of our gunboats, and sustained unharmed the repeated broadsides of the *Miami*, directed by the brave and lamented FLUSSER, rendered our prolonged occupation of the sound at least a problem to be solved, and invested the expected contest with unusual importance.

An advanced guard of picket boats, comprising four or five of the smaller vessels of our force, with the *Miami*, had been sent forward to the mouth of the River, to decoy the "ram" from under the protective batteries of Plymouth, into the open waters of the Sound, and falling back before her into a favorable position for our attack. At 3:15 P. M. the *Mattabesett* signaled "to get under way," and forming in line ahead, the three vessels in the order which their names have been written, proceeded with ordinary speed up the Sound, when at 4 P. M. the *Mattabesett* communicated with the Army transport *Massasoit*, coming down, and immediately after made signal "Ram is out," and we now discovered our retreating pickets, as they slowly retired before the advancing foe. A moment later, and we discerned a glistening speck upon the water beyond our retiring vessels, with two other dark hulls hovering near, which we knew to be the ram accompanied by her consorts. Our ship was cleared for action, and every preparation made for a determined and desperate struggle with our formidable antagonist; and now we were driving along under full steam, and closing rapidly with the enemy. The weather was perfectly charming; not a ripple disturbed the glassy sheet of water from shore to shore, and the dazzling sunshine gleamed upon the inclined sides of the iron-clad like a mass of silver, as she lay defiantly bearing a magnificently large and gaudy ensign of the Confederacy. As we approached, the rebels were communicating hurriedly with boats, and soon the white stern-wheel steamer turned short round, and put back hastily toward Plymouth, being as we afterward learned, the *Cotton Plant* river steamer, *cotton-clad*, and manned by two hundred sharpshooters and boarders. As she left, the other steamer, which proved to be the *Bombshell*, captured from the army by the rebels at Plymouth, and now used against us, closed up on the ram's quarter, in position for the impending action.

The whole scene was impressive and beautiful. Our vessels under a powerful head of steam, came sweeping gracefully along, and as the *Mattabesett* approached nearer, she hauled up for the ram, followed by the others in line, when the *Miami*, some distance astern, fired over us, making a very good but useless shot, which was answered by the *Albemarle*, whose guns, it was easy to see, were of the heaviest calibre. When abreast, and about three hundred yards distant from the ram, the *Mattabesett* delivered her broadside, and passing around her stern, ran by the *Bombshell* close aboard, as the latter lay on the post quarter of the ram. Our attention was now absorbed in the movements of our own ship, and as we came up, the ram, having failed to get near the *Mattabesett*, as she swept by, turned her bow fairly for the *Sassacus*, but measuring the distance, we gave our vessel only a slight sheer with starboard helm, then jamming it hard a port, passed about one hundred and fifty yards from her, delivering with precision our whole broadside of solid shot, which bounded from her armor like rubber balls.

Sweeping around her stern, we now stood toward the *Bombshell*—which had annoyed us exceedingly with small rifled shot directed at our pilot-houses, and which came flying in quick succession over our hurricane deck—and training on her, poured into her hull a full broadside, which brought the rebel ensign down, and sent the *white flag* up, when; ceasing our fire, we ranged close aboard, and hailed to know if they had surrendered, which was answered by shouts of "Yes," "Yes," "Yes," from a dozen throats. Ordered her to drop out of fire and anchor, which was executed in good faith, and, pushing on to regain the time we had consumed in this capture, we noticed that the *Mattabesett* had again passed by the ram, delivering her fire, and the *Wyalusing* had come up astern of the *Sassacus*, attracting the attention of the *Albemarle* from us, to whom she now exposed her whole side.

She was about 800 yards distant, and we were in just the position we most desired. The ram appeared to be steaming slowly, as if waiting for events, but using her guns rapidly all the time, throwing 100-pounder Brooke's rifle shot and shell, with spirit and energy. Fortune seemed most favorable, and our intrepid Commander determined to close with our antagonist, seized the opportunity without hesitation, and ordering "four bells" again, and again repeated, as previously arranged with the chief engineer, who was acquainted with our design, the ship was headed straight for what was supposed to be the weakest part of the ram, where her casemate or house joined the hull. Our fires were clean, we had thirty pounds of steam, and with throttle wide open, the *Sassacus* dashed at her grim adversary. We *seemed* to move frightfully slow, but each moment increased our speed, as the intervening space grew less, till we attained the rate of nine to ten knots, when we struck our iron foe a fair, perfect, right-angled blow, without glance or slide. The shock to our ship was not nearly so heavy as we had expected. Something gave way. Was it our ship? Were we cut down? No! thank Heaven! it was the iron-clad, and as her black hull was forced under by our bow, till the water flowed over it from side to side, we thought our foe was going down, and could hardly repress a shout of exultation, in answer to the ringing cheer with which our comrades on the *Wyalusing* greeted our bold grapple with the monster.

As we struck her, the ram drove a 100-pounder Brooke's shot through and through her, from starboard bow to port side. Our stem was forced into her side, and keeping up our headway, we careened her down beneath our weight, and pushed her like an inert mass before us, while, in profound silence, our gunners were training their heavy ordnance to bear on our astonished enemy. Now a black muzzle protrudes from the ram's open port, and the loaders of our Parrott rifle, standing on the slide, serve the gun within fifteen feet of that yawning cannon mouth. It was a grand reproduction of the *old days* of "broadside to broadside" and "yard-arm locked to yard" but the immense guns, now grinning defiance across the few feet of space which separated them, each one carrying the weight of metal of a whole tier of the old time carronades, rendered this duel of ponderous ordnance a magnificent and imposing spectacle.

Still we pushed her broadside-to before us, our engine at full speed, pressing our bow deeper and deeper into her. Still she gave way, and now we threw a hasty, anxious glance toward our consorts. Were they coming to assist us? Would they seize the golden chance we so invitingly held out to them, and pushing on to the monster's unguarded side, help us to crush her down, out of sight forever? Not a sound; not a movement; not a gun. All was quiet as the night throughout our fleet. It was a grapple for life. A silent but fearful struggle for the mastery, relieved only by the sharp, scattering volleys of musketry, the whizzing of leaden bullets, and the deep, muffled explosion of hand grenades, which the brave fellow in our foretop was flinging in the enemy's hatch, driving back their sharpshooters, and creating consternation and dismay among the closely packed crew of the iron-clad; but not until our pilot house and smoke stack had been spattered all over with the indentation of rifle balls. No one had yet fallen. We had thrown shot and shell square into her ports from our rifle guns on the hurricane deck, and driven volley after volley of musketry through every aperture in her iron shield, and now our heavy 100-pounder was training for another crushing blow.

Presently a movement was felt in the two ships. We heard a crashing of timbers, as at the moment of collision. The ram was swinging under our starboard bow, and now suddenly the vessel trembled with the shock, as our 100-pounder, and that of the enemy, thundered at each other with a simultaneous roar. Another sound, more fearful than bursting shells or belching cannon, now reached our ears. The terrible sound of unloosed, unmanagable steam, rushing in tremendous volumes, seething and hissing as it spread, till both combatants were hidden in a dense, suffocating cloud of stifling vapor. Her shot had pierced our boiler, and all was lost! No! not lost yet! Our sharp false stem, which had cut deeply into the side of the ram, now gave way, as she forced herself ahead across our bow, crushing and bruising our more delicate craft in her progress, and this stem, thus wrenched off, allowed the two vessels to swing side by side.

Now came the fierce duel for life. Our gunners could only hope to injure our antagonist by firing with accuracy into her open ports, while every shot of the enemy would tell with fatal effect upon our wooden vessel. The guns were now served and fired, muzzle to muzzle, the powder from those of the *Albemarle* blackening the bows and sides of the *Sassacus*, as they passed within ten feet. A solid shot from our 100-pounder struck her port-sill, and crumbling into fragments, one piece rebounded on to our own deck, but the rest flew into that threatening port-hole, and silenced the enemy's gun. A 9-inch solid shot, and a 30-pounder shell followed through the same opening, in rapid succession as the tough-sided monster drifted clear of us, while our starboard wheel crushed and wrenched its iron braces, in grinding over her quarter, smashing the launches that she was towing, into a shapeless mass of driftwood, and grating over the sharp iron plates with a most dismal sound. Now she passed our wheel, and the crews of the after guns, watching the moment, drove their solid shot into her ports. The elevating screw of our Parrott rifle was broken; and the gun could not be depressed to bear on the enemy's port, but hurled its missile against her iron armor, leaving a rent to mark the point of its impact. A 9-inch solid shot, fired with an increased charge, struck her inclined roof, and flew *en ricochet*, like a pebble bounding from a pavement, into the air beyond, and this at a distance of not more than fifteen feet.

All this cool gunnery and precise artillery practice transpired while the ship, from fire room to hurricane deck, was shrouded in one dense cloud of fiery steam. The situation was appalling. The shrieks of the scalded and dying, as they frantically rushed up from below, with their shrivelled flesh hanging in shreds upon their tortured limbs, the engine beyond control, surging and revolving without guide or check, abandoned by all save one, who, scalded, blackened, sightless, still stood like a hero to his post. Alone, amidst that mass of unloosed steam, and uncontrollable machinery, the chief engineer of the *Sassacus* remained, calling to his men to return with him into the fire-room, to drag the fires from beneath the uninjured boiler, which was now in imminent danger of explosion. Let his name be long remembered by the two hundred beings whose lives were saved in that fearful moment by his more than heroic fortitude and exertion. There were no means of instantly cutting off communication between the two boilers, and all the steam contained in both rushed out like a flash, exposing the ship to a more fearful catastrophe, should our brave engineers be too late in drawing the heavy fires which threatened our destruction. All this time, our consorts looking toward us, could see only a thick white cloud, lighted up incessantly by the flashes of our rapidly served guns, as the gallant *Sassacus* rose gloriously above the storm of disaster that surrounded her, and challenged the admiration of her anxious comrades by the stubborn thundering of her battery. The ship still moved, working slowly ahead, on a vacuum alone. The cloud of steam at last lifted, and we could see the grim enemy of the *Sassacus* gladly escaping from that embrace of death in which we had held her for nearly a quarter of an hour, and retreating discomfited and demoralized toward the port from which she had sallied with so much bravado only a few hours before. The broad ensign, which had waved so proudly over her casemate, on our approach, now lay draggled and torn, with its shattered flagstaff, on her deck; and turning our vessel around, with hard a-port helm, which she answered slowly but steadily, we again passed down by our enemy. Our divisions still stood at their guns, and our brave Commander, firmly enunciating his instructions and orders, and guiding every movement of his gallant ship with a coolness, precision and relentless audacity that find no parallel since the days of DECATUR and BAINBRIDGE, those days of splendid gallantry and magnificent courage, calmly smoking his cigar through the whole eventful conflict, and displaying a perfect indifference to danger, worthy of one of FARRAGUT's salamanders, kept his guns at work on our retiring foe, so long as they could be brought to bear, till the *Sassacus* was carried by her disabled engine, slowly, gracefully and defiantly, out of range.

Thus ended the single-handed encounter between the *Sassacus*, a delicate river steamer, and one of the most formidable iron-clads that the enemy have as yet put afloat. The results of this novel and most unequal engagement are most gratifying. The gunboat *Bomshell*, with four rifled guns and a large supply of ammunition, was captured with all her officers and crew, and the *Albemarle*, which was on her way to Newbern to form a junction with the rebel force then moving upon that city, was beaten with her own weapons, and driven back with her guns disabled, her hull terribly shaken, and leaking so badly that she was with difficulty kept afloat. So confident were the rebels of the ability of this invulnerable iron-clad to reach her rendezvous, that Gen. PALMER, commanding at Newbern, was summoned to surrender, and informed that "the river and Sound were blockaded below," and his communications cut off. The *Albemarle* did not come to time, but attacked in a most impetuous and unexpected manner, was forced by an inferior antagonist, to beat a precipitate retreat, which she commenced the very moment that she escaped the grasp of the *Sassacus*. And, although she kept up a retreating fire, she hastened to regain the protecting harbor of Plymouth, leaving us the undisputed control of the Sound, and by her defeat saving Newbern, and doubtless the Department of North Carolina, from being lost to our Government.

"DOUBLE-ENDER."

[Advertisement.]

HEADS OF THE LEADERS.—Hon. John Brough, Governor of Ohio; Mr. Thomas Blanchard, the inventor; R. T. Trall, M. D., author and physician, with portraits, biographies and characters. Also, The Human Foot, its physiology, anatomy, and How to Walk. Personal Identities; The Science of Forces; Heads of Men and Women Compared; Self Government; The Human Will; Efficacy of Prayer; Dreams, their significance; Premonitions of Death; Talking in Sleep; Foretelling Events; with Ethnology, Physiology, Physiognomy, Psychology, and much other interesting matter in the June number *Illustrated Phrenological Journal*. Only 15 cents.
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[Advertisement.]

FOR 75 CENTS—The January, February, March, April, May, and June numbers of the *Illustrated Phrenological Journal* will be sent by return post. To secure the Pictorial Double Number, with Physiognomy, Ethnology, Physiology, and Psychology, send at once to FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

ANDERSON.—This is a far-famed name. We have all heard of ANDERSON, of Fort Sumter fame, and ANDERSON, the wizard; but, just now, the most-talked-about-ANDERSON is he of NINETY-NINE BOWERY. Those who have changed their residences and some who have not) may need something in the way of Carpets, Oil-cloths, &c. The merchant before mentioned is just the person to consult; for he has excellent taste in such matters, and sells his goods at moderate prices.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

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HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway New-York.

[Advertisement.]

GAS FIXTURES.
Great variety of new styles of chandeliers at low prices,
At the manufactory,
No. 141 Elm-st., near Grand-st.,
M. L. CURTIS.

Passengers Arrived.

MAY 28—*In steamship London, from Liverpool*—Alexander Peers, Miss S. Peers, L. Otto, Thos. Croft, lady and child, Henry Haerta, Mrs. Macauley, Miss O'Sullivan, 2 Misses Hynes, D. Hynes, P. Hynes, Mrs. Skiddy and 2 children, Miss Rowan, Wm. Stafford, and 662 in the steerage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 4 31 | Sun sets..... 7 24 | Moon rises. 1 19
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook. 2 21 | Gov. Island.. 4 10 | Hell Gate.. 5 30

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, May 29.

Arrived

Steamship London, (Br.,) Couche, Liverpool May 12, and Queenstown 13th, with mdse. and 677 passengers to Williams & Guion.

U. S. transport Jersey Blue, Hopkins, New-Orleans 9 ds., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. 27th, lat. 35, lon. 74 30, spoke brig A. E. Patterson, from Porto Rico for Baltimore.

U. S. steam transport Fairbanks, Mershon, Washington, D. C., 24 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steam transport Haze, Bolgar, Fortress Monroe 30 hours, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Steamer Falcon, Jones, Providence, with mdse. to F. Bynner.

Steamer Buffalo, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer Sea Gull, Kenny, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Warrior, Mott, Providence, with mdse. to Wm. P. Williams.

Ship Lucy Melville, Williams, Bath, Me., 5 ds., in ballast to master.

Ship May Dundas, (of Prince Edward's Island,) Martin, Cardiff 39 ds., with railroad iron to order.

Bark P. C. Alexander, (of Harpswell,) Merriman, Matanzas May 17, with molasses to E. D. Morgan & Co. Had light winds, smooth sea and no rain during the entire passage. 21st inst., lat. 30, lon. 79 40, exchanged signals with a Br. bark strg. N., showing master's numbers 1, 7, 7, 7. In lat. 33, lon. 76 40, saw several large schools or shoals of mackerel, going S. Passed Hatteras 24th.

Bark Orion, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Cook, Antwerp 43 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Had very light winds most of the passage. May 7, had a heavy gale from N. W.

Bark Japara, (Dutch,) Zweede, Antwerp 40 ds., with mdse. and 286 passengers to Ruger Bros. Had 3 deaths, infants. In lat. 46 18, lon. 38 02, saw two large icebergs.

Bark Princeton, (Br.,) Seeley, Demerara 22 ds., with old iron, etc., to H. Barnes.

Bark Neuhof, (Dan.,) Kross, Amoy 105 ds., with teas, etc., to Olyphant & Co. Sld. from St. Helena April 23; crossed the Equator May 4 in lon. 32.

Bark Hermes (Norw.,) Overgaard, Marseilles 56 ds., with mdse. to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Brig Los Amigos, (of Belize, Hond.,) Lind, Lelize 18 ds., with logwood, etc., to Josiah Jex. Left no vessels.

Schr. Mary E. Gage, ——, Jonesport, with spars to C. L. Snow.

Schr. Mary Ann, Johnson, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Elenor T. Facemire, New-London, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Henry Laurens, Robinson, Musquash, N. S., 10 ds., with spars to T. M. Mayhew.

Schr. Union, Dennison, Machias 10 ds., with lumber to master.

Schr. D. Grant, (of Halifax,) McEachron, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 11 ds., with oats to John Maxwell. 27th inst., off Nantucket, spoke a whaling bark of and for New-Bedford, from a cruise.

Schr. J. Van Zandt, Taylor, Virginia, with wood.
Schr. R. C. Russell, Huaran, Virginia, with wood.
Schr. H. Hickman, Christie, Virginia, with wood.
Schr. Mary Emily, ——, Gloucester, with fish.
Schr. Daniel Russell, Clark, Portland, with stone.
Schr. Gazette, Stanley, Philadelphia, for Hingham.
Schr. Eliza Jane, Cole, Gloucester, via New-Haven.
Schr. Fountain, Davis, Fall River.
Schr. A. M. Acken, Hill, Albany, for Providence.
Schr. Perine, Sheffield, Rondout, for Stonington.
Schr. Agenoria, Means, Newport.
Schr. Caroline C., Pomroy, Mystic.
Schr. A. Heaton, Lyon, New-Haven.
Schr. J. W. Hine, Sanderson, New-Haven.
Schr. Frances, Arnold, Bridgeport.
Schr. R. M. Clark, Smith, Hartford.
Schr. White Sea, Lee, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.
Schr. Tryphenia, Nickerson, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. Montezuma, Mayhew, New-Bedford.
Schr. Judge Young, Dean, New-London.
Schr. Milton, Raymond, New-Bedford.
Schr. Ann S. Sipple, Hutchings, Albany, for Boston.
Schr. Emeline, Jones, Providence, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Oliver Spelman, Brown, Providence, for Albany.
Schr. Slide, Lewis, Albany, for Boston.
Schr. Esquimaux, Briggs, Poughkeepsie, for Dighton.

WIND—Sunset, N. W.

Sailed.

May 28—Steamers Baltimore, Geo. C. Collins, Creole, Jas. S. Green.

Ships Aurora, Kate Carnie, John Bright, Julia, Albion.

Barks Sheffield, H. Mitchell, Sarah Payson, Baltazara, Xantho, Oraville, Pride of the Sea, Alexander Duff, Pelicano, Nord America.

Brigs Handy, Monticello, Frederick, Calypso, Cervo.

Schooners M. S. K. Thorne, Flying Scud, Rockaway, D. Davidson, Ann Lewis, Benj. English, Aletnea, Samuel Colt, Emma Hotchkiss, Caroline Eddy, J. G. Boyd, R. W. Brown, D. B. Baylis, E. Shedden, M. Maukin.

Below.

Ship Pa. Samhiri, from Antwerp 35 ds.
Bark Sea Ranger, Jayne, from Messina.
Bark Anne Charlotte.

Spoken, &c.

John Clark—ship, of Baltimore, from New-Orleans for Liverpool, May 11, lat. 43 36, lon. 50 28.

Lancashire—ship, of Newcastle, hence for Shanghai, May 17, lat. 40 17, lon. 56 38.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, May 29.—Arr. U. S. schr. John Griffin, New-York; schrs. White Foam, Baltimore; Virginia, New-York; D. James, Baltimore; J. Raymond, Philadelphia; J. N. Baker, do.; M. M. Weaver, do.

At Surinam, May 5, bark Surinam, for Boston 10 ds.; schr. Prince of Wales, from Boston, arr. April 13, 16 ds., to sail for Baltimore in 10 ds.; brig Fred. Wording sld. May 3 for leeward, to finish ldg. for Boston.

Arr. at Sidney, N. S. W., March 21, ship Bridford, Wilson, from Adelaide.

Foreign Ports.

At Demerara, May 7, brigs Chesapeake, for Baltimore next day; St. Lawrence, from do., just arr.

FURNITURE.

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Positively the largest assortment of first-class furniture in the City, comprising new and elegant designs in parlor, library, dining and bedroom furniture.
Every description of furniture manufactured to order.
Goods packed and shipped to all parts of the world.
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CEDAR CAMPHOR
is stifling to insect life,
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cannot live where it is. Cheaper than common camphor, and better than anything. Druggist sell it. HARRIS & CHAPMAN, Boston, alone, know process of making.

LEWIS E. WOOD, Auctioneer.
MONTAGUE VILLA, SOUTH BERGEN, N. J., AT AUCTION.—Also, three magnificent building plots adjoining, containing about 12 lots each. DAVID SCOTT will sell at auction, on the premises, the new and splendid mansion, Montague Villa, Bergen-av. South Bergen, containing every modern convenience for a first-class occupant, in the vicinity of churches and schools, and one minute's walk from the cars, which leave for Jersey City every ten minutes. The property commands a fine view of the bay and harbor of New-York. For maps and particulars apply at SCOTT'S Exchange, No. 19 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

DR. ROWE,
(Late of No. 49 Concord-st., Brooklyn,)
CAN BE CONSULTED AT HIS RESIDENCE,
NO. 16 WEST 14TH-ST.,
eight doors west of 5th-av.,
NEW-YORK.
ON
DEAFNESS
CATARRH
DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR AND THROAT.
CROSS EYES STRAIGHTENED WITH BUT LITTLE PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES.
HOURS, 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

From Mr. J. L. Goodell.
No. 8 BENNETT-ST., BOSTON, May 12, 1864.

D. ROWE—*Dear Sir:* Having been troubled with Catarrh for a number of years, the effects of which were the loss of smell, dizziness of the head, with a constant heaviness over the eyes, while the passage from the head to the throat was filled up by an accumulation of soft spongy substance, I placed myself under your care. Though but a little over two months since you have been treating me, quite a considerable change has taken place in my health. The dizziness in my head, together with the pressure over my eyes, has entirely gone, my sense of smell has very much improved, and I breathe quite freely through the nose. Although not entirely cured during the short time I have been under your treatment, yet I am quite confident that by following your directions the disease will very soon be effectually removed. Yours respectfully,
J. L. GOODELL.

P. S.—Any one desirous of obtaining any information regarding my case you can refer to my brother-in-law, Mr. S. Sweet, Jr., No. 30 Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.

Extract from Dr. Rowe's Treatise on Catarrh.

It produces a feeling of uneasiness, heat and stiffness of the nostrils, which are often closed on one or both sides, caused by the thickening of the membrane from inflammation; soon a thin, watery discharge commences, excoriating that part of the skin with which it comes in contact. If the disease be not checked then, the discharge soon becomes purulent, of a greenish yellow color, sometimes tinged with blood, with an odor more or less disagreeable, and sometimes very offensive. The breath of the patient becomes so revoltingly offensive as to isolate him from society, and render him an object of disgust to himself. The discharge frequently drops down the throat, and has to be hawked up to obtain relief—the senses of smell and taste become greatly impaired, and sometimes entirely lost—a distressing headache makes its appearance as the frontal bone sinuses become involved, and neuralgic pain in the face and head as soon as the other sinuses become affected. At night sleep is often interrupted, a sensation of dryness in the mouth and throat, thirst and feverishness generally being produced. In the morning a coated tongue and a disagreeable taste in the mouth are frequent, as also dizziness. Some persons become very drowsy, more especially during the day, after eating. After a time the memory becomes impaired, a restless, nervous feeling accompanying it—seriously affecting a close application to study; in short, a general restlessness of mind. Many are disposed to be costive. If the inflammation extends through the tear passage to the eye and inflames that organ, it causes the tears to overflow upon the slightest irritation or exposure, producing what is commonly called "Weeping Eye." If it extends through the Eustachian tubes to the middle ear, the hearing becomes more or less impaired; if it extends down the throat it gives rise to dyspepsia, bronchitis, and to CONSUMPTION. The experience and investigations of the greatest savans in medical science have established the fact that in fully two-thirds of the cases of consumption it commenced by inflammation and ulceration of the air passages. It must be remembered that the best and only cure of consumption is its prevention.

CATARRH CURED.
From Mr. Charles Lockitt.
BROOKLYN, April 8, 1864.

I wish to add my testimony in favor of Dr. Rowe's method of treatment of catarrh.
CHAS. LOCKITT, No. 251 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

We, the undersigned, feeling that we are being and have been greatly benefitted by Dr. Rowe, by his treatment for catarrh, and believing it to be the most practicable method of treatment, recommend those similarly afflicted to avail themselves of it.

Abrm. M. Kirby, Secretary Montauk Fire Insurance Company, No. 168 Broadway.
Daniel Van Voorhis, Ryerson-st., near Gates-av., Brooklyn.
John G. Voorhies, No. 282 Adelphi-st.
Charles F. Oxley, at Archer, Pancoast & Co's, No. 9 Mercer-st., New-York, or No. 39 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.
Benj. Moore, Clermont-av., eighth house north of Fulton-av., Brooklyn, or No. 69 South-st., New-York.
Henry Ranken, No. 231 South 4th-st., corner 10th-st., Williamsburgh, E. D.

Beside these, other references can be had on application to Dr. Rowe.

From Mr. Thomas S. Day, of Brooklyn,
No. 228 PEARL-ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.,
September 13, 1863.

For the benefit of those similarly afflicted, I make the following statement: For ten years my daughter was afflicted with catarrh, which gradually grew worse, until it had so impaired her health that we felt convinced she must die. The discharge from the head and throat was incessant, frequently accompanied by blood. After having tried every one and everything in vain, as a last resort I called on Dr. Rowe, under whose care she has been entirely cured and restored to the enjoyment of excellent health.
THOMAS S. DAY.

REMARKS ON THE CURE OF DEAFNESS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR.

It can safely be said that there is no case of discharges of the ear but what can be entirely and permanently cured; and in most cases where, as is usually the case, deafness accompanies it, the hearing can be either entirely cured or materially improved. Like all diseases, there are some cases of deafness that cannot even be benefited, but in the majority of cases the hearing can either be entirely cured or remarkably benefited. It can always be checked and prevented from growing worse.

It is an erroneous idea that where discharges of the ear are checked it will be thrown in the system, and will make its appearance somewhere else in a more aggravated form. A directly contrary effect I have always found in cases that I have treated, the health of the patient being much more robust after the discharge has been checked. I am yet to see a case where it has impaired the health of the patient by being stopped. Let any one disposed to think any injurious effects can arise from its being stopped ask themselves the question, "is it natural for the ear to discharge?" No, certainly not. Then can it be beneficial to have an offensive discharge rendering you disgusting to every one with whom you are brought in contact, constantly running from your ears, or can it be injurious to check it?

CAUTION TO PARENTS.

Parents are apt to think that their children will outgrow discharges from their ears or catarrhal affections. Never were they laboring under a greater mistake. How many instances are there where they have outgrown them? It must be acknowledged that there have been cases, but they are the exception to the rule, and very few and far between—not one in a hundred. In many cases where they have been allowed to continue unchecked, the membrana tympani or drumhead has become perforated and the drum injured, thus precluding all possibility of restoring the hearing. Is any parent willing to run such a risk?

In catarrh the disease grows with the child, and either terminates in consumption or deafness. These two diseases in children cannot be checked too soon.

CASES OF DEAFNESS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR CURED.

Beside the names given here, many others, residents of this City, can be had on application.
From Caleb Sager, Esq., of Trenton, N. J.
TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 25, 1862.

This is to certify that my daughter, having been afflicted for eighteen years with deafness and discharges from both ears, caused from scarlet fever when two years old, I placed her under the care of Dr. Rowe. Now her hearing is restored; she hears quite distinctly, and the discharges from both ears are entirely stopped. From my intercourse with Dr. Rowe, I feel justified in recommending him as a gentleman well versed in the diseases he makes a specialty of.
CALEB SAGER.
Steward State Lunatic Asylum.

Residence No. 16 West 14th-st., eight doors west of 5th-av., New-York.

CATARRH
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR & THROAT,
DEAFNESS CURED,
BY
Dr. Von Eisenberg.

DEAFNESS AND CATARRH.

No. 23 FORSYTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 1, 1863.
Dr. Von Eisenberg:

DEAR SIR: Without recapitulating the numerous benefits I have received through your wonderful cure of the deafness I have labored under many years, the blessings I enjoy will convince the most skeptical.

I have tried many aurists, in Europe and America, without success. I was still deaf as a post.

Three years ago I entered your office, underwent one operation, hoping, yet doubting. I should receive any relief, but was agreeably disappointed in finding the genius of your profession.

The innate skill you possess cured my deafness in one almost painless operation.

The joy I experienced was indescribable; 'twas a new life to me.

My hearing is perfect to this day.

I strongly advise all who are suffering under a difficulty of hearing, or total deafness, to consult you immediately, as I also personally recommend all who apply to me. The numerous calls trespass on my time and patience, yet, remembering my own long, weary affliction causes me to pity them.

This is not written to advertise your well-known, unrivaled reputation—that would be peurile; but as a measure of precaution, to induce all to call on you at once, without troubling me; yet I do not refuse to see any one who comes to me. This is the only way I can show my gratitude.

I also call the attention of those who are suffering from Catarrh, which disease I have labored under one year or more.

I experienced difficulty in breathing, langour, heaviness over the eyes, a sense of tightness on the brain, and copious expectorations of a hard and viscid nature. Accompanying this is a "polypus," quite filling the right nostril. On the 25th ult. you operated on both, killing the polypus, which is gradually passing away, and giving me great relief from the Catarrh. One more operation will effectually cure.

This testimonial brings with it my unalloyed and grateful thanks, with but a poor delineation of your wondrous skill as an Aurist.

I am, Sir, yours very gratefully,
EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

DR. VON EISENBERG'S OFFICE
NO. 816 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

CABINET ORGANS
CAUTION TO PURCHASERS OF CABINET ORGANS.

The wide demand for our CABINET ORGANS has induced dealers in some cases to advertise quite different instruments as CABINET ORGANS, and in others to represent to purchasers that harmoniums and other reed organs are the same thing. This is not true. The excellences of the CABINET ORGANS which have given them their high reputation, arise not merely from the superiority of their workmanship, but also in large measure from essential differences in construction, which being patented by us, cannot be imitated by other makers. From these arise their better quality and volume of tone, and capacity for expression. Every CABINET ORGAN has upon its name board in full, the words "MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGAN." When a dealer represents any other instrument as a Cabinet Organ, it is usually a mere attempt to sell an inferior instrument on which he can make a larger profit.

Prices of CABINET ORGANS $95 to $550. Warerooms, No. 274 Washington-st., Boston; MASON & HAMLIN, No. 7 Mercer-st., New-York, MASON BROTHERS.

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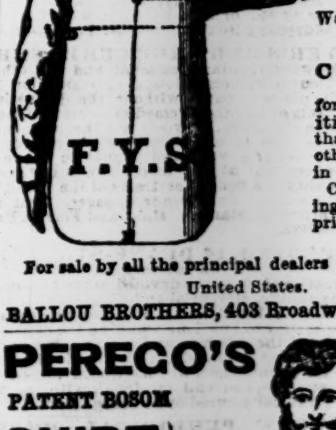

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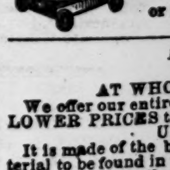

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